New-York Daily Times.

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LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

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FROM WASHINGTON.

The Difficulty between Col. Lane and Senator Douglas.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 21.

In reply to the uncalled-for insinuendoes of certain persons, and in justice to Col. LANE, it becomes my duty emphatically to deny that I based my late allusions to a personal difficulty between that gentleman and Senator DOUGLAS upon information derived from Col. LANE directly or indirectly. With Col. LANE I had no personal acquaintance, nor is any friend of his responsible for my publication. The responsibility rests alone with your correspondent. His reason for omitting it has been heretofore stated in your columns. S.

Anti-Nebraska Caucus—Appointment of an Executive Committee—Kansas Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 21.

At the Anti-Nebraska Caucus at the Capitol tonight, Mr. PENNINGTON was chosen Chairman, Messrs. HALE, PENNINGTON, and HARLAN, appointed heretofore to nominate an Executive Committee, reported the following names, which were confirmed: Messrs. COLLAMER and WILSON, of the Senate, and Messrs. MACE, MOTT, COVODE, DODD, and NORTON, of the House.

Mr. GALLOWAY gave a favorable account of the state of public feeling in Ohio, from when he recently returned.

Consultations then ensued relative to passing through the House the bill providing for the admission of Kansas with the Topeka Constitution.

The vote, it was supposed, would be close if the House was full, when the question was presented.

The Wheeling Bridge Case in the Supreme Court—The Injunction of the Circuit Court Dissolved.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 21.

Justice NELSON to-day delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of the State of Pennsylvania, complainant against the Wheeling and Belmont Bridge Company and others, dissolving the injunction granted by the Circuit Judge, overruling the motion of the complainants for writs of assistance and attachments, and granting the motions for taxations and the process therefor.

Justice NELSON said the defendants had taken the ground that the act of Congress declaring the bridge a legal structure and post-route, and requiring steamboat-chimneys not to interfere with it, superseded the decree of the Court in 1852 against the defendants, while the plaintiff assumed that the act of Congress subsequently passed was unconstitutional and void. The latter raised the principal objection in the case. As a consequence, this law decree could not be enforced, nor the act regarded as conflicting with the clause of the Constitution which says: "No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to ports in one State over those of another," as has been contended. So far as the bridge created an obstruction, it must be considered as modified; and, although no obstruction in fact, it was not such in the contemplation of the law.

Justice DANIEL could not sanction the course of Circuit Judge GRIER, in ordering the issuing of the attachment, the remainder of the Judges of this Court having had nothing to do with it. In his opinion every point in the case should be dismissed.

Justice MCLEAN said that seven members of this Court (one absent) had heretofore held that this bridge was a nuisance. By the law of Congress referred to preference is given Wheeling over Pittsburg, and other places above the bridge. Had Congress required all steamboat chimneys to be cut down, no preference would exist for one port over another. This principle was deeply interesting to the commerce of the West. One-third of the commerce of the Union may thus be affected. Hundreds of similar structures might be thrown over the Mississippi, to the detriment of millions in the commerce of that river and its tributaries.

The opinions of Justices NELSON, DANIEL and MCLEAN occupied two hours and a half in their delivery.

Walker's Prospects—The Panama Railroad Company and Postmaster Campbell—Presidential Speculations.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 19.

NO DISPATCHES FROM WALKER.

It is not true that dispatches have been received from Minister WHEELER explaining that Col. SCHLESINGER'S "retirement" before the advance of the Costa Ricans was merely a measure of prudence, and not a disastrous defeat. And even if it were true that WHEELER had so written, his letter would be entitled to little weight, because it is quite clear that he could have no evidence on the subject except the statements of WALKER'S men themselves,—which certainly are not to be held as conclusive against the official reports published in the Costa Rican papers.

THE PROBABILITIES OF THE CAMPAIGN.

It is by no means certain that the reverse sustained by SCHLESINGER will prove the harbinger of WALKER'S annihilation; and yet when we remember that Costa Rica has in her service many Europeans, who are inured to that tropical climate, which enervates and physically destroys the unacclimated Northerner who overtasks his powers,—and when we remember that Costa Rican troops have been educated to war by skillful graduates of the German military schools, it must be confessed that the odds are fearfully against him. Besides, the Costa Ricans have the population and pecuniary resources, and the aid and encouragement of European Governments to sustain them in prolonging the struggle until disease has strewn the graves of WALKER'S men all along the wayside. Add to these considerations the dispiriting effects of a first defeat upon his adherents, and we have a total of disadvantages to be overcome by the acknowledged skill and determined bravery of WALKER, which mortal can scarce be expected to encounter successfully.

IMPENDING DISASTER.

It may be answered that the recent reverse will inspire WALKER'S troops with desperate courage and determination. Such would be the case, doubtless, were the scene of struggle laid in the temperate, or even in the arctic zone; but no man who has experienced the debilitating effects of exertion under a tropical sun, nor one who remembers the withering influence of a day's ride beneath its scorching rays, upon the sultry, rankly vegetating Isthmus, can hope for inspiration and renewed courage and determination in the breasts of WALKER'S men from disaster and defeat. If the Costa Rican Army pursues its march into Nicaragua, and attacks WALKER in Granada, or any other of the many naturally strongholds which that country affords, it is likely that he will be able successfully to resist their assaults while his resources last and his men survive the assaults of disease; but while upon the march, the horrors of the Winter campaign in the Crimea will be found as nothing compared with the sufferings and disaster which WALKER'S men must endure. The culminating point of WALKER'S success is already passed, in all probability, and it is to be hoped that no more victims will depart from our shores to share his terrible fate.

PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY AND POSTMASTER CAMPBELL.

The Panama Railroad Company has had quite a contest with Postmaster-General CAMPBELL. The Company has been receiving 20 cents a pound for carrying the mails across the Isthmus, between Aspinwall and Panama. This rate was authorized by Congress years ago, before the Railroad was completed. The Company, when it first undertook the [illegible] compelled to convey the mails by [illegible] up the rapids, and by mules from Gorgona or Chorrera to Panama. Then the 20 cents per pound was [illegible] cost to the Company of performing the service, but they consoled themselves with the reasonable profits of the contract when their Railroad should be completed. Some time since Mr. CAMPBELL informed the Company that he would hereafter pay them only 18 cents, making a reduction of 4 cents per pound; and at the last two or three quarterly settlements he has paid them only at that rate,—the Company, however, refusing to receive the sums paid as a settlement in full.

THREATENED SEIZURE OF CALIFORNIA MAILS.

A few days since, the Company, concluding, doubtless, that Mr. CAMPBELL had managed their business affairs about long enough, notified the Postmaster-General that unless he paid up the arrearages, and agreed to pay the price authorized by law for the future, they would not convey the mails at all. Mr. CAMPBELL declined, and for awhile there seemed to be imminent danger that the mail of the 20th inst. would lay over at Aspinwall until he had made up his mind that four cents a pound upon mail matter was of less importance to the people of the United States than is the prompt delivery of bills of exchange covering a million and a half of dollars, and the same [illegible] debtors. Fortunately, however, for the parties interest, Mr. CAMPBELL was disatisfied enough not to carry his war against a private Company to a point so disastrous to the public interest,—he forked over, and the contest was ended for the present. I understand, however, that he intends appealing to Congress to fix the rate of 18 cents for this service,—and so transfer from his own shoulders the respon

WILL CONGRESS INTERFERE? OUGHT IT?

sibility of the public inconvenience which may result. But suppose Congress should adopt Mr. CAMPBELL'S recommendation,—that does not coerce the Company. Congress will pause, I think, before it thus attempts to say that a service which is indispensable to the public interest, shall not be performed at all, unless the views of the party performing it shall conform to the views of the Postmaster-General. The Panama Railroad was built at great expense and risk, and under circumstances which would appal most capitalists. Now that it is complete, and in successful operation, Government should pay liberally for the mail service which it performs, and there is no justice in saying that now, because the service is performed more regularly and promptly in consequence of the enterprise of those who constructed the road, a less sum shall be paid for such service than was found inadequate compensation for the much poorer service.

PRESIDENTIAL SPECULATIONS.

The political caldron continues to boil and bubble. Mr. BANKS is still talked of with much earnestness as a candidate upon the Presidential ticket, but insists on declining the use of his name in that connection. Mr. SEWARD certainly displays no desire to be a candidate; on the contrary, his whole attention is absorbed in the effort to get Kansas into the Union, and to further some plan for the early construction of a railroad to the Pacific. He seeks to accomplish great public measures, and the Presidency must seek him, not he the Presidency. He is one of the few public men whose every-day life proves him more desirous of deserving well of his country, than of enjoying its honors. Col. FREMONT seems to grow stronger every day as a candidate. He does not seek the elevation. With all the remarkable force of character, of which his adventurous life affords us the evidence, he is one of the most retiring and modest of men; but letters from all parts of the country, and especially from the northwest, show that his name is hailed everywhere with great enthusiasm. Among the candidates for Vice-President, more recently suggested by Anti-Administration men, is MOSES H. GRINNELL of New-York, a gentleman whose name is made familiar to the whole world by his Expedition in search of the lost Navigator, FRANKLIN.

PIERCE IN TRIBULATION—THE CAUSE AND REMEDY.

The Pierce men here are getting a little "scarey" of late. They begin to doubt whether their leader can win at Cincinnati,—and I should not be surprised to see the rats deserting the sinking ship by scores within a few days. Nothing probably is so calculated to demoralize and dissolve a political party just before a Presidential nomination, than to discover the fact that its favorite is likely to be distanced. In order to prevent this disastrous result, the Pierce men are now endeavoring to fix up an alternative ticket, to be nominated in the event that PIERCE fails; and with this double string to their bow they hope to keep their forces together until the struggle at Cincinnati commences. HUNTER is named at present as the Pierce alternative; and I am told that in order to give the ticket needed

A QUEER DODGE.

strength in the Northwest, propositions have been made to Senator DODGE, of Wisconsin, to run for Vice-President. Mr. DODGE is an excellent gentleman, an Anti-Nebraska Democrat, and votes on nearly all questions affecting Slavery with Messrs. SEWARD, HALE, SUMNER, and WILSON. The proposition to nominate him, under the circumstances, evinces the fact that PIERCE is ready to abut something of the great Anti-Nebraska principle into the support of which DOUGLAS and ATCHISON forced him.

MR. GWIN FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

From California I learn that the Delegates to the Cincinnati Convention will come determined to press the name of Ex-Senator GWIN of that State for the Vice-Presidency on the ticket with BUCHANAN. This nomination it is believed would carry the State of California by an overwhelming majority for the Democratic ticket. In that event, if BUCHANAN should carry Pennsylvania and every Southern State, (upon which the Nebraska men rely with certainty,) of course the election would be settled. Independently of this argument, Dr. GWIN is a man of great force of character, and of indomitable energy. His presentation as the candidate of California is a flattering evidence of his popularity in his own party, notwithstanding the fierce war with rival candidates for the Senatorship through which he has passed.

THE SAN FRANCISCO COLLECTORSHIP.

The long-suspended nomination of Hon. MILTON S. LATHAM, as Collector of San Francisco, was taken up in the Senate to-day and unanimously confirmed. The only objection I have ever heard urged against Mr. L., was, that he had removed from office the nephew of Senator JONES of Iowa. The new Collector is a most amiable and excellent gentleman—and the event will vindicate the wisdom of his selection for that responsible post, independent of advice from political partizans. S.

XXXIVth CONGRESS—First Session.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Monday, April 21.

BOUNTY LANDS.

Mr. FOOT called up the Bounty Land bill, which was briefly discussed, when the consideration of Mr. DOUGLAS' bill for the admission of Kansas was announced as the special order, and

THE ADMISSION OF KANSAS.

Mr. CLAY replied to speeches of Messrs. SEWARD, SUMNER, WILSON, and HARLAN on the bill for the admission of KANSAS. He complimented the Executive for his course regarding Kansas matters, and for the firmness and consistency he had exhibited in maintaining the rights of the entire country. The President, he said, had been abused by Abolitionists and Southern Americans on exactly contrary ground. He had displeased the extremists of both sides by occupying middle ground and pursuing a course consistent with the rights of the North and South. As to the alleged aggression of the slave power, he said that so far from there being any truth in the charges, the South had ever since the foundation of the Government been gradually yielding to the encroachments and usurpations of the North. He would, on some future occasion, vindicate the Northern and Southern Democracy from the charge of entertaining enmity against either section. He had been confined to his room by sickness for ten days, and today ventured out to the serious detriment of his health.

INDIAN DIFFICULTIES IN OREGON.

The Senate adopted a resolution calling upon the Secretary of War to transmit copies of all the letters, not heretofore communicated, which has been addressed to him during the present year by Governor STEVENS, of Washington Territory, respecting the existing difficulties with the Indians, together with all correspondence relative to the hostilities in Washington and Oregon.

THE NATURALIZATION LAWS.

Mr. TOUCEY, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the bill to amend the Naturalization laws, with the recommendation that it do not pass.

On motion of Mr. ADAMS the bill was made the special order for May 12. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 21.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

Upon assembling, the House immediately proceeded to vote upon the action of the Committee of the Whole on the Senate's amendments to the Appropriation bill.

The amendment to appropriate $300,000 for constructing the work on the Washington Aqueduct, was rejected by 97 nay votes.

The amendments were not all disposed of when the House adjourned.

United States Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 21.

No. 9—Daniel South et al. vs. the State of Maryland, use of John W. Pottle. Justice GRIER delivered the opinion of the Court, reversing the decision of the Circuit Court of Maryland, with costs.

Nos. 3 and 5, (original docket).—The State of Penna., complainant, vs. The Wheeling and Belmont Bridge Company et al. Justice NELSON delivered the opinion of the Court, dissolving the injunction granted by the Circuit Judge; overruling the motion of the complainants for writs of assistance and attachment, and granting the motions for taxation of costs, and process therefor.

No. 52.—The United States, Appellant, vs. Cruze Cervantes. Argued by Attorney-General CUSHING for the appellants.

Fire at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Monday, April 21.

The engine-house belonging to the Lake Shore Railroad Company in this city, was destroyed by fire this morning. Four of the locomotives in the house were badly damaged. The loss is estimated at about $15,000.

Lake Navigation, &c.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Monday, April 21.

The harbor of Cape Vincent (Lake Ontario) is now open, and the new steamers *Canada* and *America*, of the Great Western Railway line, commenced, to-day, their regular trips between Cape Vincent and Hamilton, Canada.

The Southern Mail.

BALTIMORE, Monday, April 21.

New-Orleans papers of Tuesday of last week, are received, but they contain no news of interest.

The Ship Abby Langdon.

BALTIMORE, Monday, April 21.

The ship *Abby Langdon*, previously reported ashore at Cape Romain, has arrived at Charleston. She has not been seriously damaged.

☞ Col. WM. SCHOULER has retired from the Cincinnati Gazette, proposing to embark in commercial pursuits. The editorial profession will be sorry to lose him.

☞ The imprisonment or fining of street drunkards is kept up at Utica. A Justice last week sent a fellow up for thirty days in lieu of $10 fine.

☞ A Know-Something Convention is called to meet at Buffalo on the 11th June.

Barnum and the Jerome Clock Company.

The following statement, made by one of the Jurors, gives the other side of the story of their connection with the failure of Mr. BARNUM:

About the first of June last, the Jerome Company received a letter from Mr. BARNUM, proposing a union of the business and interests of the Jerome Clock Company and the Terry and Barnum Clock Company, urging, with many arguments, the advantages which would accrue to both companies if such an arrangement could be effected.

The Jerome Company asked for information in regard to the affairs and condition of the Terry & Barnum Company, and were furnished by Mr. BARNUM with a memorandum, stating the value of their property, real and personal, and the amount of the indebtedness of the Company. Mr. BARNUM was already indorser and guarantee for the Terry & Barnum Company to the amount of $100,000 and over, which he volunteered to continue for the benefit and in favor of the Jerome Company; also to increase the amount to $150,000 without security. The Jerome Company were to take the property of the Terry & Barnum Company, and to continue its business in Bridgeport; also to assume and pay its indebtedness.

The only inquiry made by Mr. BARNUM during the negotiation, in regard to the affairs of the Jerome Company, was whether the stock of the Company had ever been sold at less than its par value. He was answered that it had not, which was the truth. The arrangement for the union of the two Companies was completed about the middle of June.

By the time the Jerome Company had obtained indorsements to said amount of $150,000, they ascertained that the indebtedness of the Terry & Barnum Company was some $50,000 larger than the amount named in the memorandum furnished by Mr. BARNUM. Mr. B. was made acquainted with this discovery, and he could not and did not refuse to increase his liability, to cover this additional amount. It was found necessary to call of him further assistance, the extreme dullness of trade during the Also year rendering it impossible to realize but little from sales of goods.

Mr. BARNUM was willing to increase his indorsements to such extent as might seem necessary, if a reasonable amount of security could be given him.

He was secured to the amount of $150,000, with property existing and worth that sum, with which he was satisfied. By the 1st of December the amount of indorsements had increased to its maximum, some $450,000.

Mr. BARNUM cannot charge fraud against any agent of the Jerome Company. He is mistaken in saying that he generally indorsed the paper in blank; only a small part of the whole amount was so indorsed, and that in regard to time, but not as to amount.

The Jerome Company fully and honestly believed that their property had cost them and was worth $167,000, as was stated to Mr. BARNUM about the time the security was given him. That it was not worth that sum at the time of the failure is not strange, if we remember that about $75,000 worth of the capital stock was swept away by the Terry and Barnum arrangement; that some $50,000 or $60,000 was paid to note-shavers during the past year, and that an equal or larger amount of debts and accounts—considered good a year ago—are now counted as nothing. Sacrifices consequent upon an assignment will sweep away a large part of the remainder.

The whole connection has been most unfortunate for both parties.

Mr. BARNUM'S name did not add to the credit of the Jerome Company, and the union of the two Companies added largely to the indebtedness of the Jerome Company.

Certainly, it was very unfortunate for Mr. BARNUM, for during the five or six months' relationship, the ordinary and former indebtedness of the Company was paid by funds realized upon paper indorsed or accepted by him.

The Jerome Company had not intended and would not have noticed any of the numerous, exaggerated and false rumors in regard to their affairs; but as insinuations and imputations of fraud have appeared in your own and other public journals, they ask the privilege of publicly denying that any of their agents have ever, during a course of business amounting to many millions, defrauded any man or men of a single dollar. S. B. JEROME.

LONDON, April 4, 1856.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN CLIPPERS.—The Boston *Atlas* alludes to the loss of the clipper ship *Silhouette*, intelligence of which disaster was brought by the *Africa*, and adds: "This vessel was built by one of the most eminent shipbuilders in Great Britain, and was designed to beat all the ships which had been built for the same owners by Mr. DONALD M'KAY, of East Boston; but the result, reckoning her passage up to the time she was wrecked, shows that she had been beaten by the *Lightning*, *Champion of the Seas*, *James Baines* and *Donald M'Kay*. All these, built by Mr. M'KAY, made their first passages inside of 83 days. The *James Baines* made it in 61 days."

FIRE IN THE WOODS.—A fire broke out in the woods in Chilmark, on the Vineyard, on Saturday, and burned over a large tract of land, destroying a great quantity of valuable wood. The loss is estimated from $5,000 to $10,000. It is says the Vineyard Gazette, the most destructive fire that ever occurred in Chilmark. The fire was subdued after raging all day. Men, women, and even girls employed to stay its progress, and after the most laboring efforts, succeeded.—*Boston Times.*

THE GALE.

THE EFFECTS OF THE NORTHEASTER.

Sunday's Unrested—Office-avenue Church Steeple Blown Down—Houses Tipped Over—Trees Uprooted, &c., &c.

We had a heavy gale yesterday, the wind blowing all day from the northeast, and the rain seldom intermitting. Sunday we received the admonition, but yesterday the blow came. Such raining, such blowing and such storming we have not known, for how long a time our memory cannot determine. It blew the tin roof off Burton's Theatre, rolled it up like paper, and sent it off into the Park, a crumpled mass of rain. It blew a large tree down in the Park, opposite the Hall of Records, snapped it off like a pipe-stem—it entered the restaurant of S. H. Thompson, corner of Maiden-lane and Liberty-street, and blew a large bay window, sash, frame-work and glass into the street, it played mischievous pranks in all directions, and did more damage than some hundreds of dollars will set to rights. Umbrellas, that standing citizens raised to shelter themselves from the rain, were jerked inside out, and turned to grief in no time. A curious friend calculates that more money was wasted in this one item of loss yesterday than could suffice to buy all the rum drunk and tobacco chewed in town, thus far, during the week.

A poor fellow half drunk attempted to cross in the Park about 3 o'clock. He got hold of the chains connecting the first series of posts north of the City Hall and tried hard to make headway towards Broadway. His surgings for half an hour first one way and then the other, clinging to those chains and posts, were indescribably comical. At no time could he get more than three posts' length ahead when he would get twisted face about by the wind and retrace his steps. So he kept beating against the stiff Northeaster and might have beat till this time but that a good Samaritan—probably a newspaper man passing that way—saw his dilemma and took the poor drenched customer under his care.

A large tree was blown down in the City Hospital yard, doing some slight damage to the Colored Ward. Rumor said the Astor House roof was somewhat in'ured.

In Brooklyn, on Fulton-avenue, a massive sign was blown from the roof of a high building, and came very near falling upon a car loaded with passengers, in which case many lives *might* have been lost.

The large cross on St. James (R. C.) Church, Jay-street, was blown off.

In the Eighth and Ninth Wards several unfinished buildings were more or less damaged.

The new Congregational church on Clinton-avenue was damaged to the extent of about $1,000. The stone pinnacles in front, which are not connected with the tower, were blown down and fell through the roof into the church below. This will necessarily interrupt the use of the church for public worship for two or three Sabbaths.

The roof of a house in the Ninth Ward, owned by JAMES WEEKES, was blown off and carried a great distance. Damage $1,000.

The steeple of the small Catholic church in Pacific-street was blown off, but without doing much damage to the building.

The ballustrades in front of three houses in Willoughby-street, between Pearl and Adams, were blown off, damaging windows and fences in their fall.

A large tree on Clark-street, near Hicks, fell across the street, doing considerable damage to the house opposite.

The car-house of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, a building 250 feet long, on the corner of Myrtle and Marcy avenues, was prostrated. Several teams were in the building, but they escaped and no lives were lost.

A very respectable-sized house, belonging to Mr. J. CLARK, on Nostrand-avenue, was blown across the street on to another man's lot. Acres of close fence and miles of grape-vine trellises were prostrated.

A barn on Crow Hill, owned by MARTIN FOX, was entirely demolished. Several animals inside at the time escaped with only a few bruises.

A large building, 300 feet long, on the Hunterly Road, owned by JOHN SCHWANEBELE, and occupied, the lower part as a stable and shed, and the upper part as a ball room, is nearly all down.

An unoccupied five story brick factory, owned by JAMES WEAVER, in Dean-street, near Vanderbilt-avenue, formerly occupied as a toy-factory, is damaged to the extent of $1,000. The roof and a portion of the upper story is gone.

A stable in Dean-street, between Vanderbilt and Underhill avenues, owned by Mrs. GILL, entirely prostrated. Another near by, owned by THOMAS MORNGAY, is much damaged.

A shed at the corner of Pacific-street and Flatbush-avenue, owned by WILLIAM BARNES, was blown down, and several persons narrowly escaped with their lives.

A house at the corner of Atlantic and Powers streets was unroofed, and the roof carried by the wind on to the railroad track in Atlantic-street.

The Novelty Works' Machine Shop, at the corner of Van Brunt and Commerce streets, is unroofed, and a portion of the upper story gone.

The tin roofing to a number of the Atlantic Dock stores was torn off.

The Russian Catholic Church in Ewen-street, Red Hook Point, is somewhat injured, and the frame about it prostrated.

A portion of the roof of a house in Butler-street, near Court-street, was blown off and carried by the wind some distance.

The large building near Penny Bridge, (Gowanus,) built some years ago by the Empire Stone Company, but now reported to be owned by Joseph Scott & Foxs, is entirely down. It was not occupied.

At the corner of Navy and Felton avenues, the roof to a block of three houses was raised up, but fortunately, a number of men were at work securing it, and succeeded in saving it with the aid of ropes.

The car-house of the Brooklyn Railroad Company, alluded to above, was about 300 feet long by 40 feet wide, and cost in the vicinity of $1,200. There was no person in it when it fell. Several horses were buried in the ruins, but they escaped with a few scratches.

The piazza and fences attached to the house of Mr. CEALE, on Kent-avenue, near Myrtle, were blown down, and the house was slightly damaged.

The damage in Brooklyn alone is immense. We are informed that a large quantity of material, apparently parts of small houses, was floating in the Bay, below Governor's Island.

No serious damage was done in Jersey City. A number of trees were uprooted, and fences prostrated, and the roofing of buildings was in two or three instances damaged.

The tide was very high. When the ferry-boats came into their slips you had to walk down a frightful slant to reach the wharf-bridge.

One of the Fulton Ferry boats, while in the slip, was struck by the wind with such force as to break away a portion of the bridge to which it was attached, so that only one slip could be used, and, as a consequence, it was necessary to withdraw one of the boats from the route. It was with the utmost difficulty the pilots could keep their boats on their course, and occasionally passengers were much alarmed by the careening of the boat, but fortunately no serious accident occurred. Cases of sea sickness were quite numerous, and the loss of hats from the heads of those who ventured outside of the cabins, it is feared will cause a sudden rise in the price of felts.

Several of the boats were torn from their moorings by the force of the wind, and turned into the stream in spite of their chains—but they made good time, and the public were not seriously incommoded.

Two poetic lasses stood near the wheel of one of the Fulton boats admiring the noble and inspiring vigor from the storm, when the boat suddenly shot up into the wind, a sad mishap was feared. The dresses of both were torn from their waists as much as paper, and the poor girls reached back into a

WASHINGTON.

[illegible] The New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 19, 1856.

[illegible] in the Senate on the recognition for the admission of Kansas, [illegible] to the latest days of authentic [illegible] where the voices of JOHN [illegible] HENRY, and their compeers, [illegible] which listed to trial, and by the [illegible] their oratory cast a gleam of light over [illegible] which Hangs with its light the dallier [illegible] chivalrous times. MACAULAY has [illegible] that the gay and laughing cavaliers laughed at the precise and formal speech, the [illegible] the magnificent manners, and the [illegible] of maintenance which marked the Puritans of the reign of CHARLES the First, and [illegible] the rule of his successor; but those who met them in the field of battle or in debate had little reason to laugh. The recent contests in the Senate over the admission of Kansas and the right of [illegible] which no living writer but MACAULAY could give.

We have to thank the authors of the Nebraska [illegible] for maintaining the Senate by the exclusion of dull or declaiming speeches, and the introduction of a supply of intellectual strength, dignity, and even eloquence which will be recognized as the true offspring of the noble old Puritan stock. The [illegible] resulting from the repudiation of the [illegible] of dullards, mere machines of party, who, like [illegible] and cockroaches in a garret, had been [illegible] to remain merely because it seemed to be [illegible] to swamp them out.

The Senate has Senators, who have been [illegible] for years, are without exception, valuable [illegible] in the public service. They are [illegible] and effective utility. They possess, [illegible] as well as worth of character. They [illegible] the representatives of a great idea, [illegible] vindicated their capacity to [illegible] and enforce it. They are to a man powerful [illegible], and excellent public speakers, and [illegible] ability to contend with, and [illegible] the most experienced, able and skillful opponents of their principles.

[illegible], who has succeeded the stolid INGALLS, the younger DOUGLAS, has sprung [illegible] of an admitted leader. He is [illegible] to be the boldest and the [illegible] who have bustled forward to [illegible] in his advocacy of the people of [illegible] the Houses of GARNER and DOUGLAS, [illegible] of Col. LYON and the Kansas [illegible], BUTLER, BENJAMIN, and others, [illegible] qualities which his antagonists might not hastily provoke. In [illegible] preparation, so as to defy the [illegible] and to be resolution and patience, [illegible] and repels attacks with [illegible]. Mr. HALE has no competitor. [illegible] Illinois is cast in the same [illegible] the Senator from Iowa, except that his [illegible] have more relative. He succeeds [illegible] who was a good soldier but a bad [illegible] Senate, Illinois is [illegible]. In the Senate, as on the stump, [illegible] himself with his savage and unscrupulous [illegible] colleague, Judge [illegible]. In form he is slight and delicate, [illegible] and emaciated; but in [illegible] comparison with the [illegible] of his associates, and is of [illegible] superior to most of them.

[illegible] WADE, whose magnificent invective upon [illegible] the advocacy of the schemes of [illegible] that upon the act of the [illegible] in an old Senator, has just been re[illegible] the Nebraska question, is [illegible] and contemplative [illegible] the stirring agitation has drawn [illegible] the scene of political com[illegible] are interwined with the "single [illegible] adhesion to resist and [illegible] Slavery. That has [illegible] and surprised none who knew [illegible] and endurance by the pre[illegible] was his virulent assaults [illegible] free sentiments of [illegible] Judge WADE should turn upon him with the fierce and sudden energy of a lion [illegible] slumber. Up to the moment of this [illegible] DOUGLAS seems to have borne himself easily with all his accustomed audacity. [illegible] "stand rebuked," and before [illegible] fixed eye his tongue forgot [illegible]. No Southern man came to the relief [illegible] the Northern mercenaries, and [illegible] left in his sudden peril, as such auxiliaries commonly are when their principals cannot succor them without risk to themselves.

[illegible] WADE and Mr. HALE are not new men, but Nebraska has renewed their political life. [illegible] what was left of the common foe by [illegible] of previous combatants on the same side. [illegible] that Gen. RUSK of Texas proved, [illegible] to a portion of Gen. WILSON's speech, that Attorney had never denied having forced [illegible] to bring in a bill repealing the Missouri [illegible] as an alternative to being driven [illegible] his position as Chairman of the Committee [illegible]. Gen. WILSON showed that ATCHISON had [illegible] in a public speech in Missouri [illegible] the rest parts of a letter from Atchison [illegible] a portion of it [illegible] Senators HUNTER and BELL, but not [illegible] exonerating its statements as to [illegible], fully confirming [illegible] of violating the Compromise [illegible] it appears, to divide between [illegible] who first suggested it and bullied [illegible] into adopting it, DIXON of Kentucky [illegible] and DOUGLAS who finally [illegible] it in the legislative form. Mr. DOUGLAS made no remark upon the development of the Rush letter, and it must be taken as confessed by him.

The complete and absolute triumph of the Republican Senators in this great debate, will be received as a most cheering indication of the final [illegible] of their cause. The moral force of such a [illegible] of men, in such a position, is irresistible.

AQUIDAY.

Military News.

[illegible] FROM COMMANDERS IN TEXAS.

[illegible] The New-York Daily Times.

GOVERNOR'S ARMORY, ON CROSS TIMBER OF BRAZOS, Thursday, April 3, 1856.

After much vagabondizing about Texas, we [illegible] this place having a peep at our old [illegible] the Southern Convention. They are assembling here to the number of about 600, and as [illegible] Texas them will keep up their supplies of [illegible] I believe they will remain quiet. They [illegible] beeves, four pounds of beef per day. [illegible] ought to satisfy any human but an Indian [illegible] stories on the plains. I never saw one [illegible] that could be satisfied when once his [illegible] was on him. No disrespect, [illegible] towards our John Bull friends [illegible].

[illegible] to our sentiments. [illegible] as much of the resemblance of the Indian about them as any of the breed [illegible] They are probably well off. Nearly all of [illegible] have a horse on which. All the [illegible] are well armed, and [illegible] well, as well as a good [illegible] of age. Our friends here are uniformally dirty, and the [illegible] are [illegible] dirty, and the [illegible] these red devils be so. But they will be an honor and a source of humble hope in the emigration that is pouring in from the North. This country is beautiful and fertile, and in a few years the tide that is flowing in from the South and West will overrun this region, although at this time there are not settlements of any note for a hundred miles around.

Four companies of the 2d Regiment of United States Cavalry are stationed here. At present they are under the command of Colonel HARDEE, but Colonel LEE is on his way here to take the command. It is but a year since that we met Col. LEE, at West Point, when he was the Superintendent of the Military Academy. Again we had the pleasure of meeting him a short time since at San Antonio, and we have never seen a more perfect specimen of the gentleman and soldier. He looks to us equal to anything, and doubtless he will keep our savage friends in as good order as he did those young gentlemen in gray coats.

The troops here are a fine body of men, but the officers are many of them absent at this time, attending a General Court-Martial at Fort Mason. Lieut. CROSS, I am sorry to learn, has resigned his commission in the Army, and he leaves here in a few days for the North. Lieut. C. is the son of the late Col. CROSS, of the Army, who was killed while the Army was at Corpus Christi, in 1846. The service loses a gallant officer and a most thorough gentleman in Lieut. CROSS.

Col. JOHNSTON, Second Cavalry, has just come into the command of this Department, and he leaves here in a day or two for San Antonio.

I shall have many things to tell you of when I get a little more settled here, for we find ourselves so comfortable that we don't intend to leave for a week or two. But I have no time to talk more to you at present.

J. W. P.

AFFAIRS IN SPAIN.

Phases and Movements in the Great Struggle between the People and the Aristocracy—The Progressists Centre—Events at Santiago—Basaic Array in Badajos—The Projected Return of Narvaez to Spain—The United States and the Emperor of the French on the Spanish Scene.

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

PARIS, Friday, April 4, 1856.

Spanish affairs are not particularly interesting to you this week. That is to say, there are no events to chronicle which have any importance for the United States.

Undoubtedly the condition of abeyance and expectation in which the political parties in Spain are situated at this moment is in itself worthy of attention, and the probable turn which things will ultimately take is of much importance to us as affecting every subject of our relations with that country. But there is nothing positive, nothing unconvertible, since my former letters, to indicate in any manner that the suspense is broken or what will be the result. I refer to those communications as embodying the general conditions and elements of the struggle through which that nation is destined to pass ere long, and regret that little new is to be added.

The general fact that the Democratic Party is the one which is increasing, gaining, dilating and becoming stronger every day, is each week more and more evident. But that Party is not in haste to precipitate results, and it ought not to be. It is yet new-born. It is a lusty infant, nothing more. Perhaps it might strangle the serpent of reaction if he should really decide to enter its cradle; but the longer he keeps out of it and hesitates and glides about and waits for a favorable opportunity, the better for the boy.

The *Parliamentary Centre*, as it is called, is one stratagem of the reactionists to endeavor to carry their ends. It is a union or coalition made by a crafty few *moderados* with a few old fogy *progressistas* to support O'DONNELL in the House of Deputies, and carry through bills of a reactionary character under the name of measures for the preservation of law and order. They are only about sixty members, however, and they are too few. Their plan has also been seen through, and the *Progressista Centre* is an organization got up on the more advanced side of the House to counteract the operations of the former. The Democratic members, or *Extreme Left*, vote with the *Progressista Centre*, or *Puros*, (*Pure Progressistas*,) as they are sometimes called, on all occasions when they think it necessary. Thus, about 140 or 145 votes are united against the *Parliamentary Centre*, and keep their reactionary aspirations in check.

These phases of parties and political movement date little more than a fortnight since their formation, and it is already pretty evident the reactionary union is check-mated in the Cortes. They will hardly dare to carry their operations boldly into the streets. The newly formed National Militia numbers already nearly 200,000 muskets, and is decidedly against them. For the present they are mostly *Progressistas Puros*, but the Democratic doctrines have made great advances in their ranks; and on the day of conflict they could, perhaps, be easily urged into striking for the whole game. Not a man of them would do battle for reaction, but the Democratic battalions, or companies, or individuals would be very apt to be supported in a struggle against the troops of the crown or aristocracy, under any circumstances.

The forces of the latter are the army, nothing more; and even the army might be found unreliable in part.

The people are doing their own police duty in many portions of the country, and seem to be vigilant in all. A conspiracy, or branch of a conspiracy, for reaction was discovered in Santiago by the good people of that section a few days since—the affiliated caught and about $52,000 in cash captured and taken possession of.

In Badajos, at the departure of the latest mail, the troops of the garrison, as well as of the National Militia, were under arms; and it is possible—if the authorities have not behaved with great prudence—that at the hour we write a bloody collision may have occured. It seems that certain sergeants of cavalry have been insulting the civilians and Nationals in that town for some time past. It is a walled town, and the most important fortress on the Portuguese frontier.

The Democratic organ, the *Sonvirgindy*, says: "It is beyond a doubt that the sergeants who have committed these excesses have not been acting merely of their own accord; and we have motives for this belief which for the present we do not think it proper to reveal."

* * * * * * *

"It is wholly indispensable that those who are dreaming of the reestablishment of the fallen *régime* should be made to understand that this is already impossible in Spain; it is necessary that the more or less recent agencies which have been at work to produce the actual state of things at Badajos should be brought to light; and above all it is indispensable that the authorities of that Province, who have not fulfilled their duty, should be immediately dismissed, as well as all the employes who do not inspire entire confidence."

But these little episodes and occurrences in the provincial towns and districts, are but symptoms and indications of the state of mutual distrust, vigilance and observation, in which the different parties and classes of Spanish society live toward each other—a state generally of apparent peace and tranquillity—but really of profound and universal disquietude. At Badajos, the troops and the people are watching each other with the muskets to the shoulder; in other parts the arms are kept out of sight, but throughout, the real condition of things is similar—a condition of suspense and expectation, out of which it is not probable Spain will emerge except through the fire of a civil conflict. The Democrats are very active, and thus far have been wary. They display much more talent in their writings and their conduct than the *Progressistas*, and it is very possible that the garland of victory is reserved for them. They are worshippers of the United States and their system. Should the present state of things be prolonged for a year, I should consider their triumph on the day of trial as almost certain. But events succeed each other rapidly in times of revolution, and ten days or ten hours may give the Democrats, under favorable circumstances, what they seem now to need so much to be able to secure.

There was a report in Madrid, two or three days since, that General NARVAEZ, now in Paris, had actual permission to return to Spain, and that it had been granted. This I doubt much. NARVAEZ is the great master of the Spanish Revolution, and he knows that the Democrats are his enemies, and that they are rapidly signifying that the time is at hand when they will be able to dispense with his services. The movement of Spain, and the movement of the French Emperor, and been able to turn the balance of chances in favor of reaction in Spain. But I have ascertained pretty reliably that NARVAEZ will not go, at least for the present.

The party of NARVAEZ are worshippers of Louis Napoleon and his system. NARVAEZ himself is one of the bitterest enemies we could have in Spain. But I repeat the opinion, that the Spanish people are now uppermost, and that LOUIS NAPOLEON and NARVAEZ, and the moderado, or aristocratic party in Spain, are undermost, and with small probabilities of bettering their position for the present.

Yours, &c. AN AMERICAN.

Our City Architecture.

No one can fail to observe the change for the better in the architecture of New-York within a few years. In stores the style of architectural ornament is far too lavish, especially while the vulgarity prevails of covering them up with immense signs, which, while they are of no possible use any where, are absolutely abominable in the midst of columns and capitals and cornices. How much better, while conspicuous enough, are the signs on the Nassau Bank Building, and some other buildings of noticeable taste. A great improvement, for a small matter, is the dispensing with the outside green blinds, by substituting inside folding lattice shutters. This removes the great disfigurement of our outside architecture. In the matter of color, a perceptible change for the better is now going on, to which we call attention in the hope that it will become more general. We mean the adoption of lighter colors. There are no buildings in the City on which the eye of correct taste rests with more pleasure than on the Nassau Bank and the new Tontine building. How much more pleasant to the eye is the Trinity building, of yellow brick, than if it presented the vulgar, fiery red surface and external green blinds which meet us in all the cities of this country and nowhere else. If the houses in New-York were in light colors, like those of the more beautiful cities of Europe, the improvement in the beauty of the whole City would be astonishing—so light and cheerful! Compare the Everett Hotel, the Clarendon, the Brevoort, the Howard, the St. Germain, and others, with what they would be if painted red like the New-York Hotel. Look at Gilsey's Building, corner of Cortland-street and Broadway, and think how absurd it would be to paint it red. So of Harper's Building. Would any one think of painting an iron building, or one of granite, or white marble, or brown stone, red? Why not? Simply because red is a coarse, glaring, untasteful color, which no one would adopt if the habit of tolerating it in red brick had not caused us to overlook the violation of good taste. There are a few houses of the first-class, painted in very light colors, in most of the principal streets, enough to show that if a whole street were so painted the citizens would not fail to admire and adopt the improvement, and to use light colored materials more than they have hitherto done. As much painting is done at this season it is hoped that the suggestion will be considered, especially as it is cheaper to paint white than red, pencilling the mortar white.

To Insure a Letter to a Californian—Whether you Know where He Lives or Not.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 5, 1856.

Newspapers throughout the United States will render a service in our opinion to persons having correspondents in the Pacific region by giving a conspicuous place to the subjoined circular in their respective columns.

JOHN B. WELLER,
Senator U. S. from California.
J. W. DENVER,
House of Reps. of U. S. from Cal.
P. T. HERBERT,
House of Reps. of U. S. from Cal.
JOSEPH LANE,
Del. from Oregon Ter., H. R., U. S.
J. PATTON ANDERSON,
Del. from Wash. Ter., H. R., U. S.

To Persons Mailing Letters for California and the Territories of Oregon and Washington.

Thousands of letters annually to the Pacific coast become dead letters. To remedy this evil, the Post-Office Department, under the authority of Congress, has adopted, as an auxiliary to its operations, the following plan for simultaneously publishing at each and every post-office in the Pacific region, in a list called the "Pacific Mail List," the names of persons to whom letters have been sent by mail to post-offices in California and the Territories of Oregon and Washington. By this system a letter may be sent to any post-office in the Pacific region for a person whose location is unknown save the mere fact that he is *somewhere* in California or the Territories of Oregon and Washington; yet, if the letter be published in the "Pacific Mail List," its ultimate reception by the person for whom it is intended will be rendered highly probable. To enable those who may desire to extend to their Pacific correspondents the advantage thus offered, the following illustration is given:

Suppose it is wished to send to the Sacramento Post-Office a letter for GEORGE WILSON, who emigrated to California from Pike County, Missouri, but it is not known that he may have changed his location, and hence may not receive the letter. In this case, direct the letter to GEORGE WILSON, (late of Pike County, Missouri,) Sacramento, California. Then, in order to publish the letter in the "Pacific Mail List," copy the address of the letter upon a piece of paper or card, and inclose the card with a three-cent postage stamp, in a prepaid envelope; write the envelope to the "Pacific Mail List," New-York. Deposit the letter, *as usual*, in the mail for California, and at the same time drop the envelope, containing the card to *publish the letter*, in the mail for New-York. From the address on the card thus received at the New-York Post-Office, the name, GEORGE WILSON, will be entered in the appropriate place in the "Pacific Mail List," which list is printed and sent by each mail to each and every Postmaster in California and the Territories of Oregon and Washington, and by them posted in a conspicuous place in their respective offices. The list being thus distributed over the Pacific region, GEORGE WILSON may at once learn from it that a letter for him has been sent to the Sacramento Post-Office. No person of a similar name will receive the letter, for the address on it points out that it is intended for GEORGE WILSON, late of Pike county, Missouri. Thus *many* letters will be received that would otherwise be sent to the dead letter office.

The envelopes containing the advertising cards, sent to the "Pacific Mail List," New-York, pay postage like ordinary mail matter, and must be prepaid. The addresses of letters copied on pieces of paper or cards should be written in a plain, legible manner. The three cent postage stamps inclosed in the envelopes defray the expenses of publication, and must not be pasted to the cards, but simply inclosed with them. In the absence of postage stamps, three cent coins may be substituted.

It is believed that the circular has been drawn up so explicitly as to require no explanations; but should this prove not to be the case, Postmasters will also note that all interrogatories must be addressed to the "Pacific Mail List," New-York, and not to the department.

The first of this series of lists will accompany the mail of May 5, and will be forwarded by each succeeding mail.

OLIVER EVANS WOODS.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, March 5, 1856.

MR. WOODS has my authority to put his plan, as above, in operation; but no responsibility is assumed by the Department; and all correspondence in regard to this arrangement must be addressed to the "Pacific Mail List," New-York. That the public may avail itself of the advantages thus offered, Postmasters are requested to give the circular a conspicuous place in their respective offices.

JAMES CAMPBELL, Postmaster-General.

Col. Fremont's Mariposa Grant.

From the Journal of Commerce.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 19, 1856.

The patents for the Mariposa grant of land in California was lately issued to Col. FREMONT, after a long and tedious legal process. The newspapers have hardly done with the merits of the case yet. I never considered the claim quite so good as the Supreme Court have decided it to be. But I am somewhat surprised to find that its value is vastly less than the public have been led to suppose it. I am informed by judicious and intelligent business men from California, that no man in California would give $20,000 for the whole of the agricultural portion of the Mariposa grant, and not $100,000 for the whole grant, including that portion of the same which embraces a part of the gold quartz region. As to speculators abroad, they would have been more easily brought into quartz-mining two years ago than at present. In fact, it is a matter of some doubt whether the famous Mariposa grant is worth anything, considering that the squatters have certain claims thereto, which must be compromised.

The Camanches Troublesome.

Westport Correspondence St. Louis Republican.

Later news from the Arkansas, by Mr. HATCHER, a Santa Fé trader, informs us that the Camanches are getting more and more warlike, and will be troublesome, if they are not put down, to southwestern emigrants and New-Mexico freighters and traders. General HARNEY having dogged the Sioux, may turn his attention to the Camanche rebels, who are going, they say, to have sugar, meat, powder and lead, or a fight.

Small-pox is prevailing quite generally throughout the South. In Carter and Washington Counties, Tenn., and Madison and Buncombe Counties, North Carolina, in Greene County, Tenn., its ravages have been alarming; and Greenville, the county seat, is guarded by armed men, to prevent communication with the infected district. The town of Jonesboro, Tenn., is guarded by armed citizens. In Sumter, S. C., the disease had made its appearance, and in the lower counties of Virginia.

Bishop Hopkins, of Vermont, as we learn from the Burlington Free Press, has resigned the rectorship of St. Paul's Church, in that place, intending to devote himself to the Episcopal Educational Institute, for whose establishment he has been laboring of late. His efforts have been successful. It is stated that the subscription for that purpose already exceeds $40,000.

NEW-YORK CITY.

The Libel Suit—Mr. Dickerson Continued.

On Monday in the Common Pleas, before Judge DALY, the case of *Joseph A. Lovejoy and Martha his wife, vs. Peter Cooper and James Sherman*, which stood first on the calendar, was called up for trial. It was an action for libel in publishing a card which it was alleged reflected on the character of Mrs. LOVEJOY as Manageress of the Christian Home. Mr. SCHAEFFER, for the plaintiff, asked for a postponement on account of the absence of Mr. JORDAN, who is engaged in the FLAGG and GRIMM trial. Messrs. E. B. BRIGHAM and MASON, on the part of the defendants, refused to make any arrangement to put off the trial, and his Honor dismissed the complaint. Another suit will probably be commenced forthwith. It would appear by the papers in the cause that the complaint was served last August and the answer not filed until the March term, but as the counsel for the plaintiffs put the cause on the calendar, and had it set down for trial, his Honor refused to interfere.

Reception of Mr. Buchanan.

The joint Committees of the Aldermen and Councilmen, to whom was delegated the making of the necessary arrangements for the reception of Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, on his arrival by the *Arago*, met on Monday morning at 10 o'clock. They decided to engage apartments for him at the Everett House. The extended programme for his reception it was agreed to defer until consultation could be had with the Ex-Minister on his arrival.

☞ The K. N. who reports the Tenth Ward K. N. Lodge proceedings in such brief, sententious style, has drawn a lawsuit upon the proprietors of the *Tribune*. It is said that ELIAS COMSTOCK, of the Tenth Ward, has commenced a suit, laying his damages at $10,000, and that the parties have been held to bail. Encouraged by company, some eight or ten other parties are spurring up their grievances to the same royal remedy.

City Mortality.

The following is the WEEKLY REPORT OF DEATHS in the City and County of New-York, from the 12th day of April to the 19th day of April, 1856: Men, 56; women, 68; boys, 126; girls, 127—total, 387. Adults, 194; children, 193. Males, 184; females, 198; colored persons, 8.

DISEASES.

Abscess, abd'n.	1	Delirium Tremens	2	Inflam. stomach	2
Abscess, lungs	1	Diarrhœa	3	Inflam. throat	3
Album'n Bright's	1	Dropsy	5	Jaundice, infan.	1
Disease Kid's.	1	Dropsy in chest	2	Kidneys, dis. of	1
Apoplexy	4	Dropsy in head	1	Liver, do. of	3
Asthma	1	Drowned	1	Lues Venerea	2
Bleeding, bow'l.	1	Dysentery	3	Lungs, dis. of	1
Bleeding, lungs	3	Enlarg'nt, heart	2	Malform. of heart	2
Bleeding, navel	1	Enlarg'nt, womb	1	Marasmus, adult	1
Bowels, dis. of	2	Eruption, Salt Rheum	1	Marasmus, inf.	24
Bronchitis	1	Fever	1	Old age	1
Burned or Scald	2	Erysipelas	1	Palsy	3
Cancer	1	Fever, bilious	3	Pleurisy	1
Cancer, breast	2	Fever, consect'e	2	Premature birth	4
Catarrh	1	Fever, puerperal	2	Scrofula	1
Convulsions, child	1	Fever, remittent	2	Small-pox	9
By a bomb	1	Fever, scarlet	13	Suicide, by drowning	1
Kick of a horse	1	Fever, typhoid	1	Suicide, by laudanum	2
Shooting	1	Fever, typhus	6	Ulcerat'n throat	2
Colic	1	Fracture, thigh	1	Vomiting, chron'c	1
Cong. of brain	5	Fracture, ribs	1	Worms	1
Cong. of lungs	8	Heart, disease of	6	Total	387
Consumption	61	Hemorrhage	1		
Convul'ns, adult	1	Hemorrhage, cerebral	2		
Convul'ns, infant	8	Inflam. bowels	1		
Croup	4	Inflam. brain	12		
Debility, infant	6	Inflam. lungs	20		
		Inflam. spine	2		

RESPIRATION—DISEASES OF LUNGS.

Bones, joints, &c	1	Stomach, bowels and other digestive organs	10
Brain and nervous system	6	Uncertain seat and general	2
General debility	2	Injury	36
Heart and blood vessels	7	Urinary Organs	2
Lungs, throat, &c	111	Total	387
Old age	1		
Skin, eye and erup's fever	50		
Stillborn and premat'n birth	23		

Of which it were from violent causes.

AGES.—Under 1 year, 124; 1 to 2 years, 51; 2 to 5 years, 40; 5 to 10 years, 20; 10 to 15 years, 6; 15 to 20 years, 13; 20 to 25 years, 11; 25 to 30 years, 19; 30 to 40 years, 36; 40 to 50 years, 29; 50 to 60 years, 19; 60 to 70 years, 8; 70 to 80 years, 15; 80 to 90 years, 1. Total, 387.

NATIVITY.—British America, 1; England, 11; France, 1; Germany, 19; Holland, 1; Ireland, 99; Italy, 1; Poland, 1; Scotland, 1; Spain, 1; Sweden, 2; Switzerland, 1; United States, 306. Total, 387.

BURIAL PLACES.—Almshouse, Blackwell's Island, 5; Bellevue Hospital, 9; City Hospital, 7; Jews Hospital, 1; New-York Juvenile Asylum, 1; Penitentiary Hospital, Blackwell's Island, 1; Small-pox Hospital, Blackwell's Island, 9; Ward's Island Emigrant Hospital, 4. Total, 36.

WARDS.

Wards.		Wards.		Wards.	
I	9	IX	10	XVII	21
II	2	X	18	XVIII	36
III	2	XI	21	XIX	13
IV	20	XII	5	XX	32
V	17	XIII	16	XXI	19
VI	16	XIV	14	XXII	32
VII	15	XV	15		
VIII	24	XVI	18	Total	387

GEORGE W. MORTON, City Inspector.

CITY INSPECTOR'S OFFICE, New-York, April 19, 1856.

103 Years Old.

PEGGY VAN ORDEN *alias* "Peggy Molasses," died in the Almshouse, on Blackwell's Island, on Saturday, the 19th inst., aged 103 years. She was born in Hackensack, New-Jersey, and came of a good family. She was admitted into the Almshouse, Bellevue, 18th August, 1846, at the age of 65; consequently at the time of her death she was 103 years, having, for 40 years, been an inmate of the Almshouse, where she was always known by the name of "Peggy Molasses." Until within a few weeks before her death she applied herself assiduously to the washtub, and was apparently very happy, since the Governors had recently had her wash-house repaired and enlarged.

Important to Owners of Mining Stocks.

The trial of a case was commenced in the Marine Court on Friday last, brought against Mr. J. F. A. Sandford, by the Assignee of the Secretary of the Great Northern Lead Company, (now exploded,) to recover arrears of salary due to him when he resigned. The law of 1848, under which the Company was organized, makes stockholders individually responsible for wages due to laborers, servants and apprentices, for services rendered to the Company, a fact which, doubtless, in Mining Stocks, they may now be aware of.

Oranges.

The Havana fruit trade, about closing, has been larger this season than for fifteen years past. The importations to this City of Havana oranges have been about 6,000,000, of which 2,000,000 were brought in steamers—there having been twenty-five arrivals, each bringing, on an average, 80,000 oranges. About an equal quantity has been received here by schooners, and 2,000,000 more as deck loads of sailing packets. There were six cargoes by schooners, averaging 300,000 each cargo. A few oranges were brought from Porto Rico and Matanzas. Cuba oranges have sold, on an average, for $8 per box, though some have sold as low as $6 50, and some as high as $13.

The total value of the importations of Havana fruit this season is estimated at $100,000. The Mediterranean orange season opens as the West India closes. The best Mediterranean fruit is received about the last of April, or early in May. It is judged by one of our largest importers that about fifty cargoes will be received at this port the present season, of which twenty have already arrived, and that the total importations will amount to 200,000 boxes, mostly from Messina and Palermo. About one-third of this quantity is lemons. The total valuation of this fruit exceeds $400,000.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT CALENDAR—TUESDAY.

United States District Court—Nos. 5, 6, 8 to 13, 15 to 17.

SUPREME COURT—*Circuit.*—Nos. 226, 263, 264, 275, 79, 246, 284 to 295, 299, 224, 276, 291, 170, 171.

SUPREME COURT—*Special Term.*—Nos. 46, 67, 70, 76, 74, 115, 117 to 126, 129, 130, 132.

SUPERIOR COURT.—Nos. 252, 262, 183, 449, 449, 450, 159, 119, 200, 185, 472, 476, 180, 489, 497, 491, 109, 14, 292, 404 to 409, 502, 506 to 509, 533 to 536, 132, 270, 317, 324.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I.*—Nos. 258, 460, 158, 444, 447, 387, 501, 336, 465, 469, 356, 110, 479, 509, 118. *Part II.*—279, 136, 412, 18, 60, 511, 97, 471, 551 to 582, 585 to 588.

The Baker Trial—Further Postponement.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.—APRIL 12.

Hon. Judge Clerke, presiding.

At the opening of the Court this morning, Judge CLERKE announced to the Counsel in the case of Baker for the murder of Wm. Poole, that it would have to stand over till Thursday next.

Mr. Brady—What Judge will then preside?

The Court—Judge Strong.

Mr. Brady—Very well.

The Jurors were then discharged.

The Filibusters up Again.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Before George W. Morton, Esq., U. S. C.

The United States vs. *J. C. Hiccks, C. C. Hicks, and John Kingsley.*—Yesterday morning the examination adjourned from Saturday was resumed. A. A. Phillips appearing for the accused, and the Hon. John McKeon, U. S. District Attorney, for the Government. The following additional testimony was elicited:

Charles A. Whitney testified that he resided in this City and was acquainted with Hicks, having been introduced to him by Mr. Morgan, my associate in the Agency of the Transit Company.

Q—Do you know of any soldiers or persons intended for such, having been transported to Nicaragua by the line of the Vanderbilt? A—I only know it by report; there was an increase in the number of passengers in November last; I cannot recollect that there was any increase; I am owner of the *Orizaba*, and was sunk on her last trip to San Juan; she had about 400 free passengers to San Francisco; I decline to produce the book containing the list of passengers, as it may contain evidence tending to criminate me to criminal prosecution.

Q—How many passengers were there bound to Nicaragua? A—I make the same objection for the same reason.

Q—Were there any free tickets issued for Nicaragua? A—The same objection made for the same reason.

Q—Do you know of any free tickets issued for a free passage out for Hicks and others? A—Decline to answer for the same reason.

Walter A. Trask testified that he lived at No. 560 Hudson, and keeps boarding house; that he knew the Messrs. Hicks and Kingsley; that they boarded at his house; that he knew Mr. Morgan; that he knew Mr. Whitney; that he knew Mr. Vanderbilt; that he knew the *Star of the West*; that he knew a man named Hiller; that he knew Mr. Morgan

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

EMERSON, MASON & CO., PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—Warerooms, 103 Mercer-st., near Broadway, New-York. Only one price, and that the lowest. Pianos, with the best of all improvements, including the patent agraffe bridge, which is pronounced by the profession the most valuable improvement in pianos for the last 20 years. Pianos to rent, and rent allowed if purchased. Second-hand Pianos at $50, $60, $70, $80 and $90. Pianos and Melodeons to rent. New Music, 25 per cent less than retail price. Music sent by mail free of postage.
E. P. GORDON, No. 297 Broadway.

PIANO-FORTES.—WILLIAM MILLER, Manufacturer of the celebrated "Modern improved Piano-fortes," invites all lovers of music to call and test the quality of his instruments, which have become so celebrated, and the demand so great, that he has enlarged his facilities for manufacturing and will keep on hand and for sale, at the lowest factory prices, the most beautiful as well as durable Pianos ever made in the United States, fully warranted by the manufacturer. Nos. 136 and 140 East 31st-st.

FIRST PREMIUM PIANO-FORTES.—Manufactured by STEINWAY & SONS, No. 82 Walker-st., near Broadway. These Pianos received the First Premium in competition with Pianos made by the most celebrated manufacturers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every Piano is warranted.
A NEW TRIUMPH.
We have just been awarded the First Premium (a Gold Medal) at the Crystal Palace, for the best Piano.

ALBERT & CO.'S IMPROVED CIRCULAR SCALE PIANO-FORTES—No. 358 Bowery, near 4th-st. The above splendid instruments, unsurpassed in tone, finish, &c., are well worth examining by those wishing to purchase a superior piano-forte. Second-hand Pianos taken in exchange and for sale, at prices varying from $45 to $300. All instruments fully warranted.

20 NEW PIANO-FORTES AT COST.—Must be sold by the 1st of May, as one of the partners retires; all superior instruments, by celebrated makers, fully warranted, with and without the iron frame, panel corners, grand French action, &c. Prices from $150 to $300. W. OSBORN & CO., No. 60 Walker-st., four doors west of Broadway.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.—Messrs. LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURYS, No. 481 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their Piano-fortes, constructed with the patent arch wrestplank, which is undoubtedly the most substantial improvement ever introduced into this instrument.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—A. W. Ladd & Co.'s Paris premium pianos, Carhart & Needham's melodeons; 6-octave pianos, with full iron frame, for $175; octave for $250; rosewood and boudoir pianos. Pianos to rent and for sale, on monthly instalments, at JUDSON & MUNGER'S, No. 519 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

MUSIC.—For sale a good new organ, with four stops, swell and a very fine case of black walnut, in gothic style, suitable for a parlor or lodge room, and sufficiently powerful for a small church. Inquire of FRANCIS H. ENGELBRIED, organ builder, No. 162 Christie-st., third floor.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S PIANO-FORTE WAREROOMS—Are on the corner of Canal-st. and Broadway, (up stairs.) A splendid assortment on hand to let or for sale, by paying monthly instalments; excellent melodeons. No. 419 Broadway, corner of Canal-st.
H. E. MATHEWS.

HAZLETON BROS.—PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS, 370 Canal-st., where may be found a fine assortment of their celebrated Pianos, in plain and ornamental cases, warranted unsurpassed in strength and purity of tone. Second-hand Pianos taken in exchange.

JARDINE & SON'S ORGAN FACTORY TO LET—No. 442 Pearl-st., between Broadway and Elm-sts., well lighted and will be rented low. JARDINE & SON having removed to their new factory over the New-York Dispensary, corner of White and Centre-sts.

SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO-FORTES—New and second-hand and others to let at $2, $3, $4, $5 and $6 a month, or for sale at $19, $35, $50, $75, $150, and extra carved at $300. Pianos tuned and music taught by Prof. DUMSDAY, No. 335 Grand-st.

RAVEN, BACON & CO.—Successors to BACON & RAVEN, PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS, warerooms No. 125 Grand-st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments, exclusively of our own manufacture, may be found. Warranted in every respect.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A BUSINESS FOR SALE.—The stock and fixtures of a grocery, in a safe and lucrative business, located in an adjoining city. The store will be leased for a term of years, and possession given immediately. Terms moderate, and a part of the purchase money may be paid by instalments upon good security. The business has been established 9 years, and for a young man with moderate means, presents an opportunity rarely to be met with. Address L. J. VAN BOKKERKE, at G. A. Smith & LeRoy's, No. 25 William-st., or apply between 10 and 10½ A. M., or between 12½ and 2½ P. M.

$1,000.—WANTED A PARTNER.—With a capital of $1,000 cash, to take the exclusive sale in this City, of an article which has no competition, and with proper advertising would realize a very large fortune in a short time. It is no patent right nor any other humbug, but is esteemed very highly by a large number of the most influential persons in this State, whose signatures are attached to the recommendation of the article. The advertiser will remain a few days at No. 54 Walker-st., near Broadway, after which he will leave for his home out West. P. GARDNER, N. B.—No letters answered.

PARTNER WANTED.—An energetic and reliable man who is well acquainted with the lumber business in all its branches, may form a very advantageous business connection with a party of means, who has a large amount invested, and no incumbrance. None need apply unless they possess the necessary qualifications, and either money or available property sufficient to guarantee the fulfillment of their contracts. Address, with real name and references, Box No. 1,347, Post-Office.

CHICAGO JOBBING HOUSE FOR SALE.—The entire stock and good-will of one of the oldest Chicago Jobbing and Importing Houses with lease of store, in the best location, is offered for sale on accommodating terms for cash and approved paper, as the owner intends to retire from business. This is a rare chance for men with capital to secure an independence. For particulars, apply to H. BOKER & CO., No. 50 Cliff-st.

FOR SALE—Splendid Daguerrean Gallery on Broadway—one of the oldest and finest establishments in this City—price $3,000. Also, to let, a splendid furnished house on 5th-st., having all the improvements, and is a genteel fine house. Entire rent, $1,350. Also, partner wanted with $1,000, in a clothing establishment in Fulton-st., Brooklyn, doing a large business. Apply at No. 48 Chambers-st., room No. 8.

CHANCE FOR A FORTUNE.—WANTED—A person with the necessary capital, to join the advertiser in taking out a patent for a new method of operating car-brakes. For a competent man, this is a good chance for a fortune, without risk. Address, stating where an interview can be had, W. M., Chatham-square Post-Office, New-York.

$300.—PARTNER WANTED—In a light and genteel manufacturing business, that will pay 3 men a handsome profit. The office and manufactory is down town; the business is done strictly for cash, and can be extended without further capital. Apply to C. B. HOWES & CO., No. 84 Nassau-st.

DIVIDENDS.

TRIENNIAL DIVIDEND.
OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO., No. 40 Wall-st.—NEW-YORK, April 11, 1856.
AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS held this day, the net profits of the Company for three years ending March 4, 1856, were distributed in accordance with the Charter, as follows, viz.:
1. A dividend of TWENTY PER CENT. on the premiums paid by POLICY-HOLDERS, with interest at six per cent. until the next triennial investigation.
2. The dividend of 1853, to POLICY-HOLDERS, is increased by an addition thereto of NINETEEN AND ONE-TENTH PER CENT., and will bear interest at six per cent. until the next triennial distribution.
3. A dividend of SIX PER CENT. to the STOCKHOLDERS, payable 1st proximo.
Policies in the late Howard Life Insurance Company, on which a year's premium had been paid to the United States Life Insurance Company, participate in the above dividend. JOSEPH B. COLLINS, President.
JOHN EADIE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1856, No. 18 William-st.
DIVIDEND.—A dividend of four (4) per cent. on the capital stock of this Company has this day been declared out of the profits of the last six months, payable at the office of the Company on and after the 20th inst. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 20th. By order of the Board of Directors.
E. B. LITCHFIELD, Treasurer.

OFFICE FLUSHING RAILROAD COMPANY,
FLUSHING, L. I., April 16, 1856.
THE HALF-YEARLY INTEREST—ON THE SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS of this Company, due May 1, will be paid on and after this date, upon presentation of the proper Coupons, at the Office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New-York.
WILLIAM BEDELL, President.

CHICAGO, March 18, 1856.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That coupons for interest on all Bonds of the CHICAGO AND AURORA (now Chicago, Burlington and Quincy) RAILROAD COMPANY will be paid hereafter at the Office of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., in the City of New-York.
AMOS T. HALL, Treasurer.

No. 206 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, March 22, 1856.
DIVIDEND.—The Directors of Clark's Patent Steam and Fire Regulator Company have this day declared a cash dividend of five (5) per cent., payable to the stockholders on and after the 1st of May next. Transfer books will be closed from the 20th of April to May 1.
E. E. PRATT, Secretary and Treasurer.

CHICAGO, March 18, 1856.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That coupons for interest on the Bonds of the CHICAGO MILITARY TRACT RAILROAD COMPANY will be paid hereafter at the Office of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., in New-York City.
AMOS T. HALL, Treasurer.

TOLEDO AND ILLINOIS, AND LAKE ERIE AND WABASH AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANIES.—The interest Coupons on the second mortgage Bonds of these railroads, maturing on the 1st of May next, will be paid at the office of E. WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORRISON, No. 16 William-st., corner of Pine.

FULTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NEW-YORK, April 15, 1856.
A DIVIDEND OF EIGHT PER CENT. is declared upon the capital stock, payable on demand, after the 15th inst. [illegible]
WILLIAM KUHLMAN, Secretary.

INSTRUCTION.

KINGSBRIDGE ACADEMY FOR BOYS.—The Twenty-fifth Annual Session commences on the 1st of May. Boys are received at any time. Circulars may be obtained at the Office of the Principal, No. 14 Chatham-st., or at the Academy, No. 14 Clinton-st., Kingsbridge, N. Y.
W. R. TOBEY, Principal.
B. VAN SICKLEN, Secretary.

NORTHAMPTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The 14th family which in this have been received for instruction at the College, is to commence on the ensuing winter of twenty to twenty-five pupils in each family, under the care of the President and his wife, and a lady teacher, and the following persons: JAMES TOALL, Esq., Metropolitan Bank; H. F. VAIL, Esq., Board of Commerce; ROBERT RAY, Esq., No. 54 Wall-st., New-York; or of the Principal, E. J. DUDLEY, at Northampton, Mass.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT NEW-ROCHELLE.—This Seminary, established four years since, for a limited number of pupils under 12 years, will commence its ninth semi-annual session on the 28th inst. It may be reached in one hour from the City of New-York, via New-Haven Railroad; location one-fourth of a mile south of the Depot. Circulars at RAYNOR'S bookstore, No. 76 Bowery, and at No. 13 Jackson-st., Brooklyn. The Principal will be at either place on the 25th and 26th inst. R. LOCKWOOD, Principal.

DANBURY SCIENTIFIC AND MILITARY INSTITUTE, CONN.—Rev. ELIAS S. SCHENCK, A. M., Principal; Rev. J. H. VAN COURT, A. M., Associate; assisted by ELBERT DEAN, F. MYER and J. A. BALCH. It is fully equipped and in successful operation. Accommodations equal or superior to any institution in the country. Gymnastics and military exercises daily. Commences on the first Monday in May. Circulars or an interview may be obtained at WM. HALL & SON'S Music Store, No. 239 Broadway.

ROSE HILL FEMALE SEMINARY, DANBURY, CONN.—Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal, assisted by competent teachers, both male and female. The Summer term commences the 1st of May. The course of instruction is thorough and complete. French spoken in the School. For circulars, apply to F. C. WELLS, No. 118 Trinity-pl., or M. T. FINNEY, Exchange Insurance Company, 64 Chatham-st., or WM. HALL & SON, Music store, No. 239 Broadway, New-York.

THE ADVERTISER TAKES FOUR SMALL CHILDREN—Into his family, and wishes it his whole business to educate them at home with his own. Terms $150 per annum, without extra charge during vacations. Inquiries from any person wishing to place a child with kind parents in the country, under happy home influences, and with moral and physical training indicienously adapted to the individual, will find forwarded if addressed Box No. 246 Post-Office, Hartford, Conn.

SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—Mr. GEO. S. PARKER, Principal of the University Grammar School, will open April 28, a school in two departments, Senior and Primary, with gymnastic apparatus for physical training, at No. 823 Broadway, entrance on 21st-st. Mr. PARKER may be seen at the University or at No. 7 5th-av., or will call on any parent who may request it by note. Circulars may be had at LOCKWOOD'S Bookstore, No. 411 Broadway.

RAVENSWOOD INSTITUTE, L. I.—It is a first-class Seminary, under the best influences, to which parents may obtain for their daughters a highly accomplished and thorough education. Music, French and drawing are each the charge of a family teacher. Terms for junior pupils $150 per annum. Circulars may be had from Mr. COLEMAN, Astor House, or Mr. BROWN, No. 646 Broadway.

MRS. BINGHAM'S CLASSICAL GYMNASIUM.—Bible house.—(A school with two departments, limited to 20 boys each.)—Mr. BINGHAM is confident that this school shall prove to be in scholarship the most thorough, in department the most courteous, and in every respect the most valuable one which it is possible to make it. The uniform dress has been given up. The school is in session from the 1st of September to the 1st of July.

GOSHEN YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE.—The next term of this Boarding and Day School will commence on Wednesday, April 30. This School is accessible from the City in about two hours by the New-York and Erie Railroad. Circulars giving full particulars may be had at APPLETON'S, Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway, and of the Principal, D. L. TOWLE, A. M., Goshen, Orange County, N. Y.

PAULDING INSTITUTE.—A select family boarding school for boys, at Tarrytown, Westchester County, N. Y., WM. G. WESTON, M. A., Principal. The Summer session will commence on Monday, May 5. Circulars may be found at the bookstores of T. G. COWEN, No. 626 Mesrs. APPLETON, STANFORD & SWORDS, No. 437 Broadway, and CLARK, AUSTIN & SMITH, No. 3 Park-row.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC.—Mr. DOLBEAR, No. 689 Broadway, being assisted by an accomplished practical Book-keeper, will qualify students for head Book-keepers in any establishment. Mr. D. teaches Penmanship, in person; and guarantees, by his new system of hand-training, to remove all stiffness and trembling from every hand, old and young, in one week.

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL FAMILY SCHOOL—For boys, at Bedford, Westchester Co., N. Y., A. WILLIAMSON, A. M., Principal. Next session will open April 30. A small number of pupils received. Circulars may be had of D. BERRIAN, Esq., No. 240 Pearl-st., C. H. CLOSE, Esq., No. 115 Fulton-st., or by addressing the Principal.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE SCHOOL.—THE EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION of this School will take place at the Broadway Tabernacle, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 23, at 7 o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents, for sale at the door. The entire receipts will be given to the Ladies' Mission School at the Five Points.

THE BOARDING SCHOOL FOR 25 BOYS, PROSPECT HILL.—Near Middletown, Conn., begins its next session May 5. Terms, $100 per session.
REFERENCE—J. WELLMAN, No. 31 Cortlandt-st., HAUMER & HORTON, No. 42 Division-st., New-York.

ORANGE FEMALE SEMINARY.—Situated at Orange, N. J., 13 miles by Railroad from New-York, Rev. R. J. BURDETTE, Principal. This is an Institution of the first class. Summer term will commence on 1st Wednesday in May. For circulars and information apply to C. M. SAXTON & CO., No. 140 Fulton-st., or WILEY & FALSTEAD, No. 351 Broadway.

THE TEACHER OF A STRICTLY SELECT BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL—Number of pupils limited; situation healthy, away from the temptations incident to cities and large villages, can be consulted by addressing A., Box No. 223 General Post-Office, stating place, time, &c.

A. BODWORTH'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMIES—No. 806 Broadway, New-York, will continue open until the 1st of June, enabling those who commence at the present time to complete a full quarter. The classes are so arranged that beginners can enter at any time with equal advantages.

J. H. & E. A. CURLEW'S BOARDING-SCHOOL—LYON'S PLAIN, Westport, Conn., reopens May 5. Terms per session, $45 to $60. For particulars, see circulars, which may be had of W. H. DIKEMAN, Comptroller's Office, New-York City.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.—The Spring Term of Mrs. J. T. BENEDICT'S Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies will commence April 22, at No. 4 West 37th-st., second door from 5th-av.

BANK NOTICES.

BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK,
April 21, 1856.
CAPITAL STOCK FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, TO BE INCREASED TO TEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS—Of this Institution, in pursuance of the authority conferred on them in their articles of Association, have unanimously determined to increase its Capital Stock by an issue of FIFTY THOUSAND ADDITIONAL SHARES of one hundred dollars each, which shall be subject in all respects to the stipulations, conditions, and limitations in said articles contained and declared with respect to the shares now existing.
The undersigned Directors, appointed for that purpose, hereby give notice that on the first day of August next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., they will receive subscriptions at the said Bank, in the City of New-York, from all persons who shall appear to be registered on that day, as shareholders in the said Bank of Commerce in New-York, in the proportion of one new share of the increased Capital Stock, at par, to each share then held by them respectively.
Such subscriptions may be made by inclosing and delivering in a sealed letter to the undersigned, at the place aforesaid, Twenty Dollars on each share applied for, in notes of or checks upon either of the Banks in said City.
By a resolution of the Directors it has been provided that the remaining Eighty Dollars per share shall be payable after the first of January, 1857, at such times and in such instalments as the Board may require, after sixty days' public notice for the payments of the same; and the subscribers are privileged to make their entire shares full stock at any time.
CHARLES H. RUSSELL,
ROBERT RAY,
ROBERT B. MINTURN,
JOHN C. GREEN,
A. A. LOW.

BANK NOTICE.—MECHANICS AND FARMERS BANK, PUTNAM COUNTY.—BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, May 2, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to SAMUEL WARREN, as individual banker (Merchants' and Farmers' Bank, Carmel, Putnam County,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within two years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said banker will be given up to him.
D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

MECHANICS' BANK OF WATERTOWN.—BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Aug. 28, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to HENRY REED, an individual banker, (Mechanics' Bank of Watertown, Jefferson County,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within two years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said banker will be given up.
D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW-YORK, ALBANY, April 14, 1856.—The BANK OF BEVERWICK has this day filed in this office a notice of the special meeting of the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK in the City of New-York as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, assignable to the said entitled "An act to amend the general law relating to incorporated banking, Banking Associations, and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.
D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

THE PARK BANK.—CAPITAL $2,000,000. [illegible]
BENJAMIN W. ROWE, President.
CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier.

AUCTION SALES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
THIRTEENTH SALE OF RICH PARIS JEWELRY, DIAMONDS, &c., &c.
COFFIN & RAYMOND
WILL SELL THE ENTIRE STOCK OF THE LATE FIRM OF MESSRS. MARCHAND, GUILLOTT & CO., IN THE CITY OF PARIS, (LATE MARCHAND, JAMET & GUILLOTT,)
On TUESDAY, April 22,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, AT THE STORES OF Messrs. MARCHAND, GUILLOTT & CO., No. 481 BROADWAY,
ON SIX MONTHS' CREDIT FOR APPROVED INDORSED NOTES.
The entire stock of rich jewelry, diamonds, &c., consisting of sets diamonds, brooches, necklaces, earrings, bracelets, rings, lockets, &c.; opera glasses; rich gold crosses set with diamonds; pearls and rubies; bracelets, necklaces, &c., set with diamond and emerald; rings, diamond brooches, diamond sleeve buttons; studs and vest buttons; ear-rings, pendants and drops; watches, watch hooks, &c.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
SALE BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT OF 64 LOTS AND GORES ON 1ST AVENUE, 21ST, 22D AND 23D STS. AT AUCTION.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell at public auction on TUESDAY, April 22, 1856, at 12 o'clock, in the Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New-York, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of the undersigned Referee in partition, the following Real Estate, viz.:
ON 1ST AVENUE—19 Lots of ground, including a number of gore lots, situated on the south side of 121st-st., commencing 25 feet east of 1st-av.
ALSO—11 Lots and Gores on and next to northeast corner of 1st-av. and 122d-st., eight of the same fronting on the avenue and three on the street. These lots have nearly all full fronts on both the avenue and street.
ALSO—4 Gore Lots on and next the southwest corner of 1st-av. and 123d-st., all fronting on the avenue, and 7 gore Lots on the south side of 123d-st., commencing 150 feet 11 inches west of 1st-av.
ALSO—36 Lots and Gores situated on the lot bounded by 1st and 2d avs., and by 122d and 123d sts., two of said lots fronting on 1st-av., 11 fronting on 122d-st., and 1 fronting on 123d-st., the balance being Gore Lots on the rear of the premises.
ALSO—1 Gore Lot on the north side of 123d-st., commencing 191 feet west of 1st-av., and opposite the last described Lots. The terms will be made known on the day of sale. For maps of the above property apply at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st.
DAYTON HOBART, Referee.
R. MOTT, Attorney.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer.
JOHN L. VANDEWATER WILL SELL—THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) April 23, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom of C. Weeks & Co., No. 469 Broadway, near the New-Haven Railroad depot, elegant and rich household furniture, consisting of rosewood parlor suites, chamber suites, library and dining-room furniture.
Rosewood Pianos, Sofas, &c.—Also, a number of large tête-à-tête sofas, large arm chairs, ladies' sewing chairs, and stuffed back parlor chairs in crimson and maroon satin brocade, green and gold, blue and gold brocatel, French tapestry, medallion seats, rosewood etageres, bookcases, bedsteads, bureaus with marble tops, washstands, commodes, centre, side and pier tables.
DINING ROOM FURNITURE—Rich and elaborately carved oak buffet, oak extension tables, oak tête-à-tête sofas, arm chairs, small chairs in green velvet plushes, curled hair mattresses, straw pallasses, rich and elegant oval French plate pier glasses, mahogany French bedsteads, sweep back do. Voltaire arm chairs, sewing chairs, rockers, card tables, common stagers, rich and elegant gilt clock bronze and ormolu French clocks, 8-day do. do. bronze groups of the Indian warrior, dogs, stags, match holders, &c., &c.
Parties about furnishing would do well to examine this stock of goods, as it is all made for the City retail trade, and fully warranted in every respect. Catalogues can be had by application at the warerooms of Messrs. WEEKS & CO., or of JOHN L. VANDEWATER, at the salesroom, No. 19 Maiden-lane, the day before sale.

EUGENE B. BRADLEY, Auctioneer.
BY FRANKLIN E. NICHOLS—On WEDNESDAY MORNING, 23d inst., at salesroom No. 73 Nassau-st., near Jo-st., peremptory sale of Second-Hand Furniture, Carpets, Mirrors, Plated Ware, Oil-Cloths, &c., &c., also a large stock of superior made cabinet furniture, which must be sold previous to removing to our new store, No. 85 Nassau-st. The catalogue of this sale will contain a general assortment of second-hand parlor, chamber, dining-room, library and hall furniture, consisting of rosewood and mahogany parlor suites, tête-à-têtes, arm-chairs, rockers, Brussels, tapestry and ingrain carpets, gas chandeliers, china, glass and earthenware, French plate mirrors, centre, card and sofa tables, bedsteads, dressing bureaus, with marble tops, plain bureaus and washstands, extension dining tables, side stagers, cane-seat oak arm-chairs, table cutlery, plated ware, forks, tea sets, paintings, engravings, &c., &c.; also several consignments of superior new cabinet-made furniture, which must be sold previous to 1st of May, consisting of rosewood, mahogany and black walnut parlor suites, richly carved and upholstered in hair cloth and fashionable French satin, brocade and silk plush, library and secretary book-cases, sideboards, extension tables, parlor sofas, chairs, arm chairs, rockers, centre tables, with plain and fancy tops, solid oak chamber suites, bedsteads, enameled furniture, hair mattresses, pallasses, &c., &c.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—WILLIAM IRVING & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 8 Pine-st., a large and general assortment of rosewood, mahogany, oak and black walnut parlor, dining room and bedroom furniture, removed for convenience of sale, consisting in part of Wilton, Brussels and ingrain carpets, French plate pier glasses, brocatel and lace window curtains and shades, suite carved rosewood parlor furniture covered in brocatel, rosewood and mahogany sofas and chairs in hair cloth, arm and rocking chairs, gilt etageres, with plate glass back and tops, rosewood and mahogany marble-top pier and centre tables, elegant rosewood octave piano-forte, rosewood etagere and sideboards, French bedsteads, wardrobes, mahogany and walnut dressing bureaus and washstands, ormolu chandeliers, oak, black walnut and mahogany cane and flag seat chairs, hair and wool mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, mahogany extension dining tables, mahogany dining and tea tables, China, crockery and glass ware, kitchen furniture, &c.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION—at the Merchants' Exchange, on MONDAY, April 28, at 12 o'clock.
On West-Sixteenth-street—House and lot known as No. 232, south side, 150 feet east of 9th-av.
On West Twenty-ninth-street—House and lot known as No. 323, north side, near 10th-av.
On Seventh-avenue—House and lot known as No. 341, east side, between 31st and 32d sts.
On Forty-fifth-street—Five lots, 80 feet west of 1st-av., north side, 20x100.
On Forty-sixth-street—Six lots, south side, 60 feet west of 1st-av., 20x100.
First-avenue—Ten lots, west side, between 45th and 46th sts., 20x200.
WILLIAMSBURGH—Two lots, 25x100, on the easterly side of Lorimer-st., 50 feet south of Skillman-st., in 11th Ward, being Nos. 348 and 349 Lorimer-st.
BEDFORD HILL—Valuable lot, 50x170, situated on the plank road, opposite the stone Reformed Dutch Church.
For maps and further particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneer, corner of 14th-st. and 8th-av.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO., Auctioneers.
SALE OF PROPERTY ON BOND-STREET AND FULTON-AVENUE, BROOKLYN, AND CORNELIA-STREET, NEW-YORK, AT AUCTION.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell on THURSDAY, April 29, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following valuable property on southwest corner of Fulton-av. and Bond-st., Brooklyn, a lot of ground with a four-story brick building thereon. The building has an area in front, seven feet six inches wide; size of house 55 feet on Bond-st., and 81 feet on Fulton-av. There is also a side building 20x20 in depth. Size of lot, 31x73 feet 6 inches in Bond-st. On Cornelia-st., New-York, a lot of ground with a four-story brick house in rear. The lot is known as No. 58 Cornelia-st., situated on the south side of the street, between Bleecker-st. and 4th-av., each of the house being in size, 20x25. The lot is 20x93 feet 6 inches in depth. The houses are both tenanted and in good order. For maps and further particulars, apply at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. WILL SELL—At public auction, on Tuesday the 22d of April, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following valuable lots on 54th, 55th, 56th and 57th sts. and 3d-av., viz.: On 54th-st., North side, commencing 135 feet East from 3d-av., 11 vacant lots, each 25x100. On 55th-st., South side, commencing 110 feet East from 3d-av., 12 vacant lots, each 25x100 ft. 9 in. On 56th-st., East side, corner 57th-st., 4 vacant lots, 25x100. On 57th-st., South side, commencing 100 feet East of 3d-av., 4 vacant lots, 25x100. On 56th-st., South side, between 3d and 2d avs., commencing 250 feet west of 3d-av., 4 vacant lots, 25x100 ft. 4 in. A large portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. For maps, and further particulars, apply at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—At No. 51 West 35th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on THURSDAY, April 24, at 10½ o'clock, being the entire furniture of a gentleman declining housekeeping. The house having been furnished throughout in December last with new and elegant furniture, is now in fine order, embracing one solid rosewood parlor suite in three-colored brocatel, cost $275; one do. in crimson and maroon brocatel, one do. in green plush; also, solid rosewood centre, side, sofa and extension dining tables, elegant side board, dining chairs, rosewood and mahogany bedroom suites complete, mattresses, pallasses, bolsters and pillows, mirrors, carpets throughout the house, oil-cloths, &c. China, liquors, crockery, cutlery, silver ware, kitchen ware, &c. Catalogues at sale, and sale peremptory for cash.

WILLIAM G. MCLAUGHLIN, Auctioneer. Office, No. 170 Broadway.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, VELVET TAPESTRY CARPETS, MIRRORS, OIL PAINTINGS, &c.—THURSDAY, April 24, at 10½ o'clock A. M., at No. 127 West 13th-st., (between 6th and 7th avs.) the entire furniture of a family declining housekeeping, comprising rich rosewood chairs, sofas and tête-à-têtes in crimson velvet, &c. book-case, &c. marble-top tables, tapestry, 3-ply and Venetian carpets, French mirrors, China and cut glass ware, rosewood and mahogany marble-top bureaus, French and other bedsteads, hair mattresses, feather beds, bedding, &c., &c. Catalogues ready on the morning of sale.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.
BY JOSEPH HEGEMAN—WEDNESDAY, April 23, at 8 o'clock A. M., precisely, at No. — Suffolk-st., corner of Bond-st., Brooklyn,—Household furniture.
Same day, at about 10½ o'clock A. M., at No. 148 Lawrence-st., between Fulton and Willoughby sts.—Handsome parlor, chamber and kitchen furniture, in good order.
Same day, at about 2 o'clock P. M., at No. 90 Pierrepont-st., between Hicks and Columbia sts.—Parlor, chamber and kitchen furniture.

THOMAS J. MILLER, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—MILLER & MORRIS will sell at Auction, on TUESDAY, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 417 10th-st., the entire furniture of a family, comprising of tapestry, Brussels and three-ply carpets, in green velvet, with chairs to match, rosewood chairs in rosewood and black walnut, rosewood sofas, centre tables, extension dining table, sideboard, mahogany French bedsteads, pier glasses, mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, mirrors, China, glass and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

AUCTION SALES.

LAST AND CLOSING SALE OF FRENCH GLASS, CABINET FURNITURE, Being the balance of stock of the old firm, Messrs. [illegible] & Co.
A. C. TUTTLE, [illegible] will sell on THURSDAY, at 10½ o'clock, at the Mansion house, [illegible] of McGrath & Aspinwall, who give up the business on the 1st of May. The stock consists of rosewood parlor suites in brocatel, damask and satin; armchairs, chairs, tables, [illegible] &c.
Also, mahogany, oak and walnut parlor, hall, dining and bedroom furniture.
Also, superior enameled cottage chamber suites.
The goods are warranted of first-class manufacture, and to be sold peremptorily.
TERMS: Under $50, cash; over $50, approved indorsed notes, at four months.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF SPLENDID HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—At No. 19 West 31st-st., consisting of the entire parlor, dining-room, chamber and library furniture of the house. R. W. WESTCOTT will sell, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, the splendid and costly furniture of the above residence, to which he invites special attention, all of which will be peremptorily sold. Catalogues are now ready. The furniture consists in part of full seven-octave rosewood piano-forte, a fine instrument, used but seven months, three large and elegant French pier and mantel mirrors, rich velvet and Wilton carpets, suite elegant rosewood parlor furniture, nine pieces covered in rich brocade, with covers; one double suite do., consisting of two sofas, &c., covered in tapestry, one do. in Maroon velvet; all these suites were made to order, and are of the best description; richly covered rosewood centre and pier tables, lady's French secretary, richly inlaid; two superior marble-top rosewood etageres, with French mirror fronts; escritoires and music cabinets, lined with satin wood, solid rosewood reception and tête-à-tête chairs, in satin and tapestry; brocade and lace curtains, French shades, Turkish and reclining chairs, in satin, costly mantel vases, bronzes, statuary, splendid chandeliers and gas-fixtures, Parisian clocks, French bleu-de-ciels with marble tops, a number of valuable oil-paintings in rich frames, armchairs, with French mirror fronts, elegant rosewood chamber furniture, all made to match throughout; solid rosewood bedsteads, marble-top rosewood dressing bureaus and washstands, commodes, costly China toilet sets, invalid chairs, &c.; 20 superior hair mattresses, beds and bedding, rosewood secretary book-case, library do., with all the elegant dining-room furniture; extension dining table, opens 16 feet; dining-room chairs, side board; rich silver ware, cut glass and ruby ware, silver and ivory cutlery, elegant dinner set, 210 pieces, with a large quantity of superior mahogany furniture of every description, English oil-cloth, elegant marble-top hall stand, velvet and Wilton stair carpets; also the entire furniture of a family which the sale will commence. Every thing in the house is to be sold without reserve, and a deposit required of every purchaser.

W. S. MILLER, Auctioneer.
BY HOUGHTON & MILLER.—On WEDNESDAY, April 23, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 122 East 12th-st., near 3d-av., magificent Household Furniture, rare and valuable books, original oil-paintings, gold mounted mantel and pier mirrors, cost $200 each, furnished by Wenck of Broadway; elegant parlor suites, medallion backs, covered in brocade satin, plush and moquet; brocade satin window curtains, with heavy tassels, cost $150 per window; real lace under-curtains, rich window shades; one magnificently carved rosewood pianoforte, 7½-octave, superior, made by Decombe, of New-York, cost $600, with rich embossed cover; solid rosewood music cabinet, with embossed fronts; richly carved etageres, mirror fronts; carved centre-tables, antique tables and flowers, statuary, brackets, and 500 rich ornaments, viz.: real Dresden, Chinese and French vases of the most costly description; curiosities, Parian figures, inlaid boxes, writing cabinets, stalactites, busts; royal Wilton carpets; tapestry and three-ply do.; real English oil cloth through the house; chambers are furnished with marble-top cottage in great variety; pure hair mattresses; feather beds, bolsters and pillows; all the bedding, linen sheets, Marseilles counterpanes, comforters, &c.; brocatel and lace curtains in the chambers; rich toilet ware; basement extension dining table, cost $125; chairs; rich cut-glass and Bohemian ware; heavy silver ware; balance handle cutlery; rich French China dinner and tea sets, castors, &c. Also, all the table linen, together with an endless variety of rich articles not enumerated. Also, all the kitchen and laundry furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues of the whole will be ready on Tuesday, when the goods may be viewed.

HENRY T. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY T. LEEDS & CO.—ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO-FORTE, OIL PAINTINGS, RICH VELVET TAPESTRY CARPETS, &c.—THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) April

[illegible]

[illegible] Pierce, Montreal, C. E., adjoining the Post-Office, will supply the DAILY TRIBUNE or SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, for the single copy.

[illegible] In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. DOUGLAS' bill for the admission of Kansas was the special order, and Mr. CLAY, of Alabama, made a speech, in which he complimented the Executive for his firmness and consistency in maintaining the rights, as he said, of the entire country, against the alleged aggressions of the Slave-Power. The Secretary of War was called for correspondence relative to the existing difficulties with the Indians in Washington and Oregon Territories. Mr. TOOMBS, of the Judiciary Committee, reported back the bill to amend the Naturalization Laws, with a recommendation that it do not pass. In the House, the Senate's amendments to the Appropriation bill were considered, and the one appropriating $200,000 for continuing the work on the Washington Aqueduct, was rejected.

There will be considerable astonishment throughout the country, when the fact becomes known that the Aldermen last night confirmed the nomination of Mr. James Irvine to the responsible post of Superintendent of Repairs to Public Buildings. We need hardly inform our readers who and what Mr. Irvine is, as his intercourse with the Public recently rendered him sufficiently notorious. He had already been rejected by the same Board of Aldermen that has now confirmed him—two of the members who voted against him having in the interim become convinced of their error. Alderman GARDINIER had voted against him under the false impression that he was not a native; and Alderman JACKSON had been induced to change his vote because the Mayor-Nominee had voted for some equally worthy man. It is said sometimes that "two wrongs make a right"; but such excuses as these gentlemen gave for changing their votes will strike the majority of honest people in truth worse than none at all.

City Nominations.

The Utica *Morning Herald*, in the course of an article upon the manifest falling off in the character of our State Legislature, thus speaks of our City Representatives:

"Whence shall we say of the great mob of Democrats who annually enter the Legislature from New-York and elsewhere? Is it not disgraceful that men not only utterly without character and talent, but notoriously devoid of talent, should assume the dignity of law-givers to the people of a great and prosperous State? Is it not disgraceful that the patrons and pimps of the halls and brothels of New-York, should be invested with the sanctity of Legislation, and permitted to govern the families of millions of honest people? Is it not a reproach to our free institutions, that the rulers of the first State of the Union should be subjects of arrest for perjury?"

This is sharp and severe language:—but there is truth enough in it to make it worthy of attention. While there are every year some men of character and ability among our City representatives, it is still true that very many of them are a disgrace to the Legislature and the constituencies that send them. The majority of our City delegation generally consists of men to whom no prudent man would intrust the care of any private business that required honesty, industry, or intelligence. The single district system is responsible for something of this; but the carelessness and indifference of our citizens is responsible for much more. When City members of the State Assembly were elected upon a single ticket, it was necessary to nominate men who were known throughout the City, in order to command general confidence and support. Now, a candidate may never have been heard of out of the limits of his Ward, or he stands no chance beyond his own district.

The system, greatly facilitates the [illegible] of nominations at primary meetings. A shrewd, ready, unscrupulous Ward politician,—not of business, and as destitute of money as of character,—sees a chance of making something beyond his salary, at Albany. He finds it easy to enlist half-a-dozen political loafers in his district, in the scheme;—they together readily command hangers-on enough to control the primary meeting at which the nomination is to be made;—confederates may generally be procured from among the inspectors, who accordingly count as many votes as may be needed;—the respectable citizens of the Ward never go to the primary meeting, or if they do, their votes amount to nothing;—and thus, the more unprincipled the applicant, the more certain he is to obtain the nomination. His name goes on the ticket, he obtains, as a matter of course, the vote of his party, and thus secures an election.

There is but one remedy for this evil, and that is breaking up the whole system of primary nominations. The honest and influential portion of our citizens in every Ward must take this matter into their own hands, proclaim themselves in every Ward to pay no regard to the nominations made in this way, and put up, or support, a ticket of their own, and worthy men. This is the only way in which we can hope to remedy the evil which we have pointed out, and which so seriously compromises the character of our City. It may not be successful, but it would be a step in the right direction.

[illegible]

A Revenue Steamer.

If there is any one department of our national marine that demands the instant adoption of the latest improvements in navigation it is that of the revenue cutters. These vessels are stationed in all our principal harbors, to be employed at a moment's notice in preventing the violations of the Revenue laws, and in rendering aid to vessels in distress. Yet, up to the present time, when steam has been extensively adopted in the Navy, and at least one-half our commerce is carried on by steam power, our revenue cutters are still dependent upon the winds and tides, and are in fact useless for any effective service. The heavy gale of yesterday has probably caused many disasters on the coast, and, if a revenue steamer were stationed in our harbor she might render most important aid to vessels in distress, and be the means of saving both life and property. But we have nothing of the kind. So far as our revenue service is concerned, FULTON lived in vain, and the improvements we have made in navigation are as naught.

Mr. PELTON, the Representative of our lower Wards, has recently made a report in Congress from the Committee on Commerce, to whom was referred the memorial of the merchants, ship-owners, &c., of New-York, praying that an efficient steamer might be employed on this Station, as a Revenue Cutter, in place of the present inefficient sailing vessels. The report is, of course, favorable to the petition,—for it was intended to be made immediately available, the stress of weather, and the great number of vessels out of time, then probably on our coast and in need of assistance, rendered it of the last importance that steps should be taken for their relief. A bill was introduced appropriating one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars to be used in purchasing a suitable steamer; but nothing has yet come of it.

It can hardly be possible that so important a matter as this will be neglected by Congress. If no considerations of humanity should induce our representatives to attend to this measure, the necessity of steam-cutters to protect the revenue and prevent the violation of our laws, should be sufficient to insure the passage of Mr. PELTON's bill.

It is stated that the marine losses sustained by New-York in the Winter of 1854-'5 amounted to ten millions of dollars, and the ascertained losses of the past Winter, at the time the memorial of our merchants was presented, had already footed up two millions. A very small per centage on these amounts would defray the entire cost of a steam revenue-cutter for a good many years.

Mount Vernon.

When Charles Surface knocks down his family with the genealogical tree, audiences of the sternest Republicanism always share the natural disgust of Sir OLIVER. A common instinct of humanity dictates the verdict of extreme indecency against the trader in the blood, and bones, and fair fame of ancestry. To bring into the market the reputation of the dead, like his wardrobe, or portrait, or some relic no longer valued by the family, and to deal it out wholesale and retail to eager purchasers, is only a shade less offensive. There is a cool, calculating penuriousness in transactions of the kind, that shocks indescribably the better sense of mankind. Unhappy comparisons are prompted between illustrious fathers, and ignoble sons; and the painful reflection is forced upon us, that grandeur of soul is seldom transmitted with patrimonial acres and plate.

Suggestions of this unpleasant nature, attach themselves, we regret to say, to Mr. JOHN A. WASHINGTON, the actual owner of the homestead of the first President. Mount Vernon is the spot peculiarly chosen of all others in the world for the almost superstitious veneration of our people. The very name is somehow associated with tender and endearing recollections. Wheresoever the fame of WASHINGTON has traveled, Mount Vernon, his home, living and dead, must be regarded as a shrine of more than ordinary sanctity. What the Holy Sepulchre at Jerusalem, was to Pilgrims of the dark ages, the tomb of WASHINGTON ought to be to Freemen through all time. If it fall into the hands of barbarians worse than Saracenic, who shall make the popular devotion an object of speculation, a new crusade would be justified for its liberation. Now, agreeably to the law of inheritance, Mount Vernon has become the property of Mr. JOHN A. WASHINGTON, who, without direct descent from the General, has, from common ancestry, the same blood in his veins. Mr. WASHINGTON is fully aware of the vast value of his possession. He has apparently acted truly the universal reverence for the spot, and ascertained at once as might be a pecuniary equivalent. Mount Vernon, upon its own [illegible] $200,000, [illegible] and possibly [illegible] to fetch ten times that sum, and $200,000 [illegible] $180,000, in the price of the association. The fact of WASHINGTON having there resided, and there reposing in death, is appraised along with the live-stock, including, perhaps, the negroes, the fixtures, and other accidental appendages o property. The sacrifice of income from the sale of walking-sticks, and other mementos, secured by visitors, has also a place in the estimate, and this difficult appraisement being made, the State of Virginia is selected as the only customer that will be accepted; whether because the Treasury of no other State of the Union is less able to meet such a demand, or that the proprietor apprehends the removal of the National Capital, and the consequent neglect of the estate, should the Federal Government become the purchaser, or that he chooses thus to mark his indignation at the omission of the latter to effect the purchase heretofore, when the project has repeatedly been pressed upon it, we have no means of ascertaining. Private subscription, or national appropriation, is alike unable, we are told, to secure the spot. And, as decay makes constantly further advances, without early interposition the place will be a wilderness, and the grave of WASHINGTON as ruinous as a Gaelic cairn.

It certainly may be questioned whether, in thus fixing a prohibitory price, and being thus nice in the choice of a purchaser, Mr. WASHINGTON is not damaging his bargain. The decision in the matter of the Manhattan Park has given wide latitude to the doctrine of eminent domain; the right to appropriate private property for public purposes having been interpreted to cover objects of indirect utility, as well as those of immediate use. Public recreation, and amusement, and gratification, are deemed purposes thus within the Constitutional provision. It is not impossible, therefore, that to Mount Vernon may, one of these days, be applied this salutary doctrine. Should Congress wake up to the wisdom of securing the spot, and only hesitate in view of the extravagant cost, it is more than likely that some one will be found to suggest the propriety of taking possession of the estate for a National Park, as they would of the necessary ground for a light-house, or fortification, or post-road, and determining the value, not with reference to the owner's appraisement, but by the judgment of Commissioners.

Mr. WASHINGTON may as well set down this among the other contingencies of his ownership, and be reasonable. He will not, of course, donate the property to the people, as CÆSAR gave his farm; nor will he satisfy himself with a bare $10 or $15 an acre—the common rates of Virginia land in those quarters. But he may at least forego his extravagant price, and his impracticable conditions, and so meet the generous instincts of the public half way.

Lamartine.

We observe a paragraph going the rounds of the press, stating that LAMARTINE is intending to visit the United States, and perhaps to make this country his home. This is a mistake,—at least the design, if entertained, cannot be carried into effect at present,—as the illustrious Frenchman is engaged in the publication of a serial work in Paris, which will not be completed until the end of two years.

We are sorry to learn that LAMARTINE's pecuniary circumstances are very bad. His public career, and his great generosity, have dissipated the whole of his fortune. His large estates in France are heavily encumbered by mortgages, and the prevalence of the disease which for the past year or two has almost destroyed the vine, has thrown upon him the burden of supporting a great number of his tenants. Under these circumstances, he looks to the work which he is now publishing, which is a familiar history of Literature in all ages, for the means of support;—and one of his personal friends, M. DESPLACE, is now on a visit to this country for the express purpose of promoting his interest by obtaining subscriptions to it here. We understand that he brought letters from LAMARTINE to a number of our most distinguished authors, and that they have taken an active interest in the matter. A Committee, consisting of WASHINGTON IRVING, Mr. BANCROFT, Mr. PRESCOTT, and several other well-known literary gentlemen, will soon issue, we are informed, an appeal to the Public in connection with this subject.

We are confident that it will be received with favor by the great body of the American people. No writer in any foreign language is a greater favorite in this country than LAMARTINE.

Brown for Brighton.

There is a pleasant place in England, on the Sussex Coast, where GEORGE, "the gentleman," once lived in a kind of Chinese Pavilion, and in other smaller Pagodaish-looking places wearied Countesses and *blasé* beaus pass the Autumn in catching the soft breeze of the sea, which seems to send its tired waves there to repose, so gently do they steal up to the shore. The place is a pleasant place, as we said, called Brighton; but, now that the rest of England makes merry her peace, and the bells are laughing over cities and quiet country church-yards on the air, a great sorrow has fallen on this Brighton. She has lost her Brown. Her Master of the Ceremonies, one Lieutenant-Colonel ELD, who for many years, we are gravely informed by our English files, filled "this important office," and never once permitted a Knight to palm himself off for a Baronet, or an eldest son of a Viscount to go down to supper before a younger son of a Duke—this man "of impeccable morality and taste" has gone that way which even Masters of the Ceremonies must walk. Brighton, thus bereaved, masterless and ceremonyless, is calling out in her desolation, and asking whence is another to be had? The town is dinnerless. The course of no ceremony is on her.

It occurs to us that at the present moment, when the smallest little acts of kindness are apt to smooth asperities, and soften the hearts of the two nations towards each other, our [illegible] season is [illegible] and the smart of the Bagatelle [illegible] Fifth-avenue. Our belles will be displaying their glittering [illegible] on the enchantment of the polka. At such a moment Brown might be not only a joy to Brighton but even to England a messenger of peace. Who can tell what might be the effect on England's aristocracy of a man of his power of organization, mastery of detail and supreme suavity of manner. Let us by all means lend Brighton Brown.

Railroad Law.

The English law goes much farther than ours, in protecting Railroad interests. But it is also much more stringent in enforcing upon Railroad Companies a strict compliance with their engagements. The Manchester *Guardian* notices a curious trial in that city, in which *damages* were recovered from a Railroad Company *for delay*. The action was brought by Mr. GRESS, against the Lancashire and Yorkshire Company:—the following is the report:

"Mr. FERNLEY stated the case for the plaintiff. He said Mr. GRESS was a metal dealer at Wolverhampton, and some time since, having occasion to go to Newcastle upon important business, he took a ticket at Manchester, and proceeded by the train which left Manchester at 5 o'clock in the morning, and which was advertised in the company's bills to arrive at Newcastle at 11¾. It appears there was no time lost when the train reached Normanton, but between there and York there was considerable delay, and on getting to the latter place the plaintiff found that the Newcastle train had left half an hour, and he had to remain for the next, which was a slow train, and did not arrive at Newcastle until 4¼ in the afternoon, which was too late for the plaintiff to transact the business upon which he came, and he claimed £6 for the expenses of the journey and £4 for loss of time. Mr. COMBEYNE, for the defendants, contended that the company were not liable, as it was not on their line the delay took place; but his Honor overruled the objection, on the ground that the company granted a ticket through to Newcastle. Mr. COMBEYNE then addressed the Jury in mitigation of damages, and, his Honor having summed up, the Jury retired, and in about half an hour returned with a *verdict for the plaintiff* for £10, the amount claimed."

Street-Opening Frauds.

We have already called attention to some of the contrivances by which public officers are accustomed to fill their pockets at the expense of the public. The fact, well known to politicians, that candidates for municipal offices, in procuring their nominations and election, often borrow and expend sums *four times* as large as their salaries, is conclusive as to the manner in which the duties of their departments are to be performed. We present the following, as another among the thousand instances in which the public interest has been disregarded by City officers. It relates to grading and regulating *Fifty-third-street*, from Bloomingdale to Sixth-avenue.

A contract was made in 1849, with JOHN QUINN, by the then Street Commissioner, for opening that street, according to which the work was to be done in twelve months, and the prices for excavating and removing rock were fixed at 50 cents, and eleven cents for earth excavated and earth-filling. Mr. QUINN neglected to fulfill his agreement, and the matter remained until the 6th of January, 1853, when a Committee of the Board of Aldermen reported that they could not ascertain whether any effort had been made by the contractor to do the work. The Common Council thereupon passed a new resolution, authorising the Street Department to enter into an arrangement with the contractor to grade the street, from the Sixth to the Seventh avenues, in accordance with the new grade established in 1852. Three months later, in April, 1853, before the Street Commissioner had acted upon the instructions contained in the January resolutions, the Charter was passed, the twelfth section of which provides that all work of the character specified—

"Shall be by contract, founded on sealed bids, made in compliance with public notice, for the full period of ten days; and all such contracts, when given, shall be given to the lowest bidder, with adequate security. All such bids shall be opened by the heads of departments advertising for them, in the presence of the Comptroller and such of the parties making them as may desire to be present."

ALL these positive provisions of the Charter were violated by Mr. FUREY, within three months of its promulgation, and on the 13th June following, an arrangement was entered on the contract-book in the Street Department, to pay the exorbitant sums of *one dollar* per cubic yard for excavating and removing rock, *fifty cents* per cubic yard for filling earth, and *fifteen cents* per yard for earth excavation. The original contract with QUINN extended from the Sixth-avenue to Bloomingdale Road. The new scheme carried it to Seventh-avenue; and whatever pretence may have been made to make an arrangement with QUINN, in relation to that portion of the street embraced in his contract, to adapt the work to the new grade, there was no excuse for violating the Charter, in order to *double his prices for rock, and nearly quadruple them for filling.*

This is not, however, the worst side of this story. The total sum required for the work, as certified by PETER H. DUFFY, was $30,694 13. After charging the property, supposed to be benefited, with one-half its assessed value, as provided by the 7th section of the law of 1840, chapter 326, the total sum which could be raised by assessment, was only $14,078 72. *This left a balance of* $16,615 41 *to be provided for by taxation!* The *whole* value of the property to benefit which the work was done, was not worth as much, by $2,000, as the contract amounted to! The Assessors made entry on the Assessment roll: "Corporation of the City of New-York, for the amount *which the law doth not allow to be assessed on the property*—$16,615 41.

The Act (Chapter 397 of the Laws of 1852) under which Assessment Bonds are issued, contemplates the issue of those bonds only to such an amount as "can be afterward collected by assessment from the property benefited by said work or works." Comptroller FLAGG, therefore, refused to borrow money for the payment of the contract, and to issue bonds beyond the sum of $14,078 72. In his report to the Common Council upon the subject, he leaves that body to decide whether their acts have made the contract binding upon the Corporation; but adds:

"If, without examination, this sum had been inadvertently paid from Revenue Bonds, without the means of reimbursing them from the property, it would have added $16,615 to the already fearful [illegible] the people [illegible] Fifth-avenue. One belle will be displaying their glittering [illegible] on the enchantment of the polka. At such a moment Brown might be not only a joy to Brighton but even to England a messenger of peace. Who can tell what might be the effect on England's aristocracy of a man of his power of organization, mastery of detail and supreme suavity of manner. Let us by all means lend Brighton Brown.

[illegible]

[illegible] Theatre—and the contrary, [illegible] Chickering. The Concerts of the season opened with [illegible] trust, to given in the Academy of Music, or some other suitable building. During the season just terminated the subscription list of the Society had doubled itself, but the accommodations for the visitors have been of the most inconvenient character. It has been perfectly impossible to derive any satisfaction from the rehearsals—so crowded were they, and noisy. It will be difficult, we imagine, to remedy the latter objection, but the first-mentioned evil can be mitigated, and it is the duty of a society so prosperous as this to see that it is.

BEETHOVEN's Fourth Symphony—of which we have frequently written—was performed with precision and delicacy—especially the Adagio—under the firm and able direction of Mr. CARL BERGMANN. It is one of the best of the nine, and can never be heard too often. The other instrumental features of the Concert were MENDELSSOHN's overture, "The Beautiful Melusina," and the overture to "Hans Heiling," by MARSCHNER. The first is a vivid and graceful concert picture, elaborated with all the artistic care of the master, and rich in the elegant resources of his quaint fancy. Mr. MARSCHNER's overture is the vigorous production of a composer who never knew precisely what he could do until he tried. MARSCHNER possessed more of the romantic temperament of WEBER than any other of that illustrious composer's successors, and, if he had been born in a country where opearing was not a national vice, might have risen to greatness. The "Hans Heiling" overture displays rich and vivid imagination. The themes are well defined, fresh, strong, and clearly phrased. There is, perhaps, a little too much noise in the instrumentation, but not sufficient to detract seriously from the enjoyment of a clever work. MENDELSSOHN's overture was the best rendered of the two. MARSCHNER's suffered from the coarseness of the brass instruments—always singularly bad at these concerts.

Signor BADIALI assisted in the vocal department, and was received with hurricanes of applause. This astonishing artist appears to come out stronger and fresher every year. We have never heard him sing so well as on Saturday night. The Brothers MOLLENHAUER also assisted as violin soloists. A concerto by VIEUXTEMPS, played by one of these gentlemen, in a somewhat unsteady way, deserves especial mention—first, because as a work it is admirable and perfectly symphonic, and, second, because the concerto in its entirety must be the longest musical work ever written. One movement only was played on Saturday night. Supposing that the other three movements are of the same length, the complete concerto must be about twice as long as BEETHOVEN's Ninth Symphony. We respectfully submit that this is carrying a joke a little too far.

The audience was attentive and genial. Several encores were demanded and complied with, and the impression left by the last concert of the present season will be decidedly favorable to the prosperity of the Society.

Academy of Music.

"Ernani" was repeated last night in a most satisfactory manner. Mme. LA GRANGE was in superb voice, and was ably assisted by Singor BOTTICHIO, who sings the music of this opera without effort, and consequently with good effect. We have seldom listened to an opera more agreeably given. The audience was quite demonstrative, and signified its pleasure in frequent bursts of applause.

Considering the weather, the house was well filled. On Wednesday "William Tell" will be given.

Musical and Dramatic Matters.

Messrs. MASON & BERGMANN will give their second classical *soirée* this evening in Dodworth's Room. The programme is unusually attractive, and includes some exercises seldom heard—such, for instance, as the Quartette in A Major, by ROBERT SCHUMANN, which we believe will be played for the first time in America. We are indebted to Messrs. MASON & BERGMANN for the best series of musical entertainments ever given to our public, peculiarly interesting for their progressiveness and novelty. These additional *soirées* (the one to-night is the best) have been called for by the patrons of the *matinées*, as a kind of appendix, and from their great excellence deserve the most generous support. Mrs. CLARA M. BERGMANN will sing two vocal pieces, and Mr. WILLIAM MASON will perform a couple of solos on the piano....Miss KIMBERLEY repeated her readings from "Hiawatha," last night, at Hope Chapel....Messrs. WILLIAM HALL & SON invite the attention of amateurs and professors of the violin to a splendid assortment of violins just received through their agents in Europe. The collection is probably the finest ever submitted to the American public, and contains many choice old instruments seldom met with, even in Europe—two or three authentic Cremonas, two Amatis, one Steiner, &c.....Mr. OTTO DRESEL, the pianist and composer of Boston, has been awarded the first prize ($200) awarded by the *Musical Review* for the best song written for that publication....."Jeannie Pipes," of Pipesville, has been giving a series of musical and elocutionary entertainments in California, with great success. Mr. STEPHEN C. MASSETT (*alias* Jeannie) is an admirable ballad-singer, and can tell a story with infinite perception of its bearings. He is going to make a tour round the world after he gets through in California, commencing at Australia, and working back to the Eastern States through Europe....The sixth Sunday Concert came off at the City Assembly Rooms, under unusually moist circumstances. At the hour of commencement rain descended in torrents. More than ordinary art-courage was needed to face the disagreeableness of such a night. There was, notwithstanding these drawbacks, a moderately good attendance, and we are sure no audience was ever better rewarded. Excellent as have been all the programmes presented at this series, that of Sunday last was, we fancy, the most admirable. MENDELSSOHN's superb symphony in A sharp minor opened the Concert,—a monument of advanced thought and modern beauty,—a work that will compare favorably with the greatest symphonies of the greatest of masters. Mr. BERGMANN is entitled to much praise for his frequent efforts to familiarize our public with MENDELSSOHN's productions. Since WAGNER has been talked of, it has been customary to twaddle about MENDELSSOHN, and try to drag him down to the level of that gentleman. Mr. BERGMANN evidently thinks a great deal of Mr. WAGNER, but he has no distrust of MENDELSSOHN for that reason. The Symphony is a lasting justification of the world's opinion of MENDELSSOHN's genius. It is a great and perfect work. Considering the heavy demands made on the orchestra, the Symphony was really wonderfully performed. An attempt was made to encore two of the movements, but the conductor very wisely refused to concede to it. The programme contained also an andante from MOZART's Fantasia Op. 11—very nicely given; the march from the Tannhauser; the overture to "Coriolanus," by BEETHOVEN, and to the "Merry Wives of Windsor," by OTTO NICOLAI, (the latter are exceedingly effective overtures.) Miss LEBROUN, the pianist, played a couple of piano-forte compositions, and succeeded in passing a great many counterfeit notes among some good ones. Miss HENRIETTE BERNERS was the vocalist, and sang the eternal aria from "Der Freischütz," in an elaborate manner; also a romanza by FRANCK called the "Winged Messenger," which we take the liberty of pronouncing stupid in a superlative degree....GOTTSCHALK's "Marche de Nuit" has gone through three editions already. Good sign of public taste. Several other compositions by this truly great pianist are in the press....LONGFELLOW's *Hiawatha* has been translated into German by FRANKENHAUSER....There is no longer a doubt about LUMLEY's campaign at Her Majesty's Theatre, London. There is a rumor that some of our American artists will soon cross the Atlantic to join his company.

Personal.

Hon. JOHN M. NILES, late United States Senator from Connecticut, is quite sick in this City. The Hartford Times says: "Mr. NILES went to New-York some two or three weeks since, to procure the aid of a cancer doctor in that City, a cancer having appeared upon his cheek. The case has taken an unfavorable turn, and Mr. NILES is now considered to be in a very dangerous situation."

W. E. WILLSBROOKE, Jr., second son of Mr. WILLSBROOKE, the well known merchant of this City, died yesterday, after a short illness, his disease being brain fever. The deceased was a member of the house of WILLSBROOKE & MOORE. His funeral [illegible]

[illegible]

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GOLD-STREET FIRE!

Messrs. STEARNS & MARVIN [illegible] Gold-st., [illegible] Fancy, was [illegible] our Packing Box [illegible] which occurred last night. The [illegible] stories high, filled with lumber and [illegible] as follows:—

The fire was located on the second floor [illegible] first, where it remained slower, burn [illegible] ruins; and on being taken out, [illegible] contents consisting of books and [illegible] found in good condition, [illegible] health.

Please send another Salamander to [illegible] No. 126 Church-st., and oblige. [illegible]

LOWNDES' SAFES.

These Salamanders [illegible] POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES, [illegible] every desirable size, with improved locks, [illegible] Water-st.

IMPORTANT.

[illegible] WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER [illegible] BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES.

For the preservation of [illegible] NO. 132 WATER-ST., NEAR WALL, NEW-YORK. Or No. 3, Wall-st. [illegible] and obtain one. Before it is too late, secure with one of WILDER'S POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

R. M. WILDER & CO.

WINDOW SHADES.

IMPROVEMENTS AND ENTERPRISE.

KELTY & FERGUSON, No. [illegible] st., have, at great expense, [illegible] SHADES. Assortment for manufacturing [illegible] with an unrivaled assortment of fully THIRTY PER CENT LESS than ever before sold. [illegible] as either in style or price. Also, GILT CORNICES, BROCATEL DELAINES, DAMASKS, LACE [illegible] LIN CURTAINS, &c.

SEWING MACHINES AND THE INFRINGEMENT OF PATENTS.—The [illegible] of I. M. SINGER & CO., [illegible] Sewing Machines, have been [illegible] trials in the United States Courts. First, in a suit [illegible] the Exclusive Right to Stitch [illegible] covered in New-York; and secondly, in the [illegible] Circuit Court, held at Trenton, N. J., on the [illegible] 1854, after a contested, in all of a suit [illegible] Sewing Machine, we obtained a clear [illegible] Injunction of the Court against the [illegible] the validity of our claims, and [illegible] questions of our exclusive right [illegible] in a sewing machine of a [illegible] cloth to the surface of the machine. We [illegible] suits now pending in several Circuit Courts [illegible] Richardson against Grover & Baker [illegible] Wheeler & Wilson against [illegible] things, these suits must be [illegible] New-York of some of these suits [illegible] this present month. Our claims are [illegible] already been repeatedly confirmed by [illegible] and we have [illegible] any of the infringing machines [illegible] litigation and trouble. I. M. SINGER & CO.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES.—The above celebrated Safes, with Hall's Patent [illegible] Locks are on hand at the Warerooms [illegible] and other Safes, hence the name "Champion" [illegible] triumphs the world already knows, and [illegible] their celebrity.

The public are informed that A. C. HERRING [illegible] not and longer use Wilder's Patent Safes [illegible] family statement, for, until he is clear from [illegible] to make use of Wilder's Patent Safes [illegible] original inventors of Wilder's Patent Safes [illegible] of having obtained a [illegible] and perfectly free from [illegible] made against Wilder's Patent Safes [illegible] ally's Patent Champion Fire-Proof [illegible] more heat than any other Safe in the world.

New and second-hand Wilder's Patent [illegible] for sale at reduced prices.

The undersigned [illegible] authorized to make and sell his Patent [illegible] with Hall's Patent Powder-Proof Locks [illegible] had the largest assortment of any dealer in the United States, and invite the public to call and [illegible] purchasing. S. G. HERRING & CO.

Green Block, 189, 191 and 193 Water-st.

Hence, for a season, from the world [illegible]
And Beauty faded before the world [illegible]
THE HOSTETTER'S BITTERS [illegible]
Dyspepsia [illegible]

PEOPLE ARE SOMETIMES ALMOST DRIVEN [illegible] describe their symptoms, and do not know [illegible] They find themselves [illegible] tired; they have a terrible sinking at the pit of the stomach, a feverish brow, a fœtid breath, and a gloomy, foreboding mind. Such symptoms arise from a disordered stomach and disorganized liver. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS are so peculiarly [illegible] these symptoms, that they give us no opinion [illegible] and tried in the case, we feel assured that [illegible] broken down and enervated invalids [illegible] larly adapted to weak and delicate [illegible]

HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO. [illegible]

BARNES & PARK, Broadway and Duane-st., are the wholesale agents in New-York, and sold by them [illegible] Brooklyn; and all druggists, grocers and hotels.

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BARNES & PARK, No. 304 Broadway, corner of Duane-st., New-York, invite the attention of Jobbers and other buyers to their immense stock of

PATENT MEDICINES.

By far the largest assortment in either hemisphere, and below proprietors' prices, for the month of [illegible] cash. Particular attention paid to the [illegible] Drug business. Orders collected, [illegible] care to any part of the world. BARNES & PARK, New-York, Cincinnati, and [illegible]

IRON GARDEN ORNAMENTS.

JAMES BERRY & CO.,

No. 355 BROADWAY, New-York.

Manufacturers FOUNDERS of various [illegible] for courtyards, gardens and public parks. [illegible] ing from $25 to $100. Also, [illegible] Vases, from $2 to $100; Benches, [illegible] GARDEN SEATS, Door [illegible] GRATES, LAMPS, &c., life-size and in proportion [illegible] FLOWER STANDS, POT, BALCONY and VASE [illegible] ANIMALS, IRON BEDSTEADS, CRIBS, HAT RACKS, [illegible]

HERNIA.—ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED [illegible] HARER & CO., by [illegible] Rooms, for their improved radical cure Trusses [illegible] Fair of the American Institute [illegible] Trusses in 1854. Recommended [illegible] Dr. Valentine Mott, Willard Parker, [illegible] John K. Comstock. An extensive [illegible] assortment of Trusses and Shoulder Braces [illegible] to rent at HARER'S, No. [illegible] York; and HARER, COFLAND & CO., No. [illegible] st., Cincinnati, Ohio. Open from 1 A. M. [illegible]

ELEGANT CARPETINGS.

SMITH & LOUNSBERRY, NO. [illegible] BROADWAY are now prepared to exhibit a [illegible] velvet, tapestry, Brussels, 3-ply and ingrain [illegible] Among the assortment will be found a large [illegible] new designs and styles, never before offered [illegible] stock of oil-cloths of every width, and all [illegible] moved with the trade.

BOAT EXHIBITION.—C. L. INGERSOLL & SON will open their 20th Grand Annual Exhibition [illegible] one week only. Boats, Sail, Oars, and [illegible] every variety will be exhibited. This will [illegible] year efforts. The public are invited to call [illegible] Admission free. INGERSOLL & SON, Boat [illegible] near, No. 20 South-st.

A CARD.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE STORE [illegible] slightly damaged by the fire of Saturday [illegible] will be arranged and ready for the [illegible] lar will occur in filling orders, as the [illegible] be done above. R. J. MILLS, No. [illegible] st.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—THE ORIGINAL [illegible] Reliable, the Instantaneous. [illegible] envy of imitators. True to Nature, without the [illegible] fear to Ladies, who wish to accomplish the [illegible] at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 [illegible]

WIGS, WIGS, WIGS.—BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND Toupees are improved to perfection to-day [illegible] unsurpassed by any. They are [illegible] world for their graceful beauty, ease and durability [illegible] to a glance. The finest and best stock in the [illegible] Made and sold at BATCHELOR'S, No. 16 [illegible]

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YOUNG & FRENCH,

No. 304 Broadway, corner Franklin-st.

The latest Patterns and best Styles at the lowest [illegible]

ALGIE CARE'S NEW SONG!

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Is now [illegible] at all the music stores.

D. DEVLIN & CO. [illegible] TO INFORM THEIR [illegible] wholesale and retail [illegible] stocked with their late and elegant styles of [illegible] Furniture Clothing and Furnishing Goods [illegible] Every thing the present season requires [illegible] clothing, &c. [illegible] Nos. 348, 350 and 352 Broadway, [illegible]

DEFIANCE SALAMANDER SAFES.—ROBERT M. PATRICK is the sole manufacturer in the [illegible] of the above celebrated Safes. Warerooms [illegible] Defiance locks and green bars. Please [illegible] one door below Maiden-lane.

BELLS.—MENEELY'S CELEBRATED BELLS, cast at Troy, Rensselaer co., N. Y., continue to be [illegible] the best quality, at PARK BENJAMIN'S Warehouse, No. 102 Fulton-st.

GOLD PENS FOR THE MILLION.—GOLD PENS and Pencil Cases of the best quality [illegible] No. 216 Broadway, [illegible] with all sizes of Pens of superior [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[illegible] ISLAND FANCY EVENING SHOES.
MANUFACTORY,
[illegible] Ste. 2, JOHN-ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.

[illegible] Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Woolens and Trimmings.—The place of admission of every [illegible] of strong ladies' and gentlemen's wear is [illegible] BARRETT, NEPHEWS & CO., No. 3 Cortlandt-st., two doors from Broadway.

FINE GOLD and Silver Medals.—Have [illegible] MANY, BALDWIN & MANY, [illegible] DECORATED DOOR KNOBS, BELL PULLS, &c., a full assortment now ready on [illegible] most reasonable terms.

[illegible] and Plants.—PARSONS & CO., [illegible] New-York, invite the attention of those [illegible] to their fine stock of vigorous and open [illegible] FRUIT AND FOREST TREES, of the most de[illegible] varieties, and to their large collection of SHRUBS, [illegible] PLANTS, VINES, ROSES, &c., Evergreens [illegible] from, or the quantity at reduced rates [illegible] by mail, or at 50 Wall-st., basement.

To all those who suffer from Weak[illegible] and Debility, we say, try the OXYGENATED BITTERS, a medicine which contains no Alcohol, and has [illegible] the most of Dyspepsia, Asthma, and all de[illegible] of the stomach.

Fine Silver-Plated Door Knobs, Bell-Pulls—NAME AND NUMBER PLATES, HINGES, FRENCH WINDOW BOLTS, and all descriptions of Building Materials, at lowest prices, by
MANY, BALDWIN & MANY, No. 6 John-st.

Dr. Morse's Invigorating Elixir or Cordial.—In spreading health, hope, and joy among the [illegible] and dwelling in every section of the Union. [illegible] invalid, the victim of headache, [illegible] dyspepsia, bilious disease, general debility, [illegible] or any other disorder of the organs of [illegible] circulation, or exertion, or exposition, feels [illegible] in use, and by persevering in it, [illegible] the health and the enjoyment which belong [illegible] of the physical and mental system.
G. G. SIMO, Proprietor,
No. 198 Broadway, New-York.

Notice.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR [illegible] OF THE NEW-YORK SO[illegible] will be held at the new library building, [illegible] place, between 12th and 13th sts., on [illegible] between the hours of 1 and 4 P. M., [illegible] of the Shareholders will be held [illegible] day and at the same place, at 12 M.
GEO. C. ANTHON, Secretary.

[illegible] at the Odeon, in [illegible] Mr. FOWLER commences a [illegible] WEDNESDAY EVENING next, [illegible] continued four successive evenings. [illegible] 1856 cents. Examinations, with charts and advice, with full written descriptions, daily, at 308 Broadway.

[illegible] Candy.—For coughs, [illegible] colds, asthma, and all diseases of the lungs. This [illegible] candy, prepared from the most approved [illegible] for coughs, is far taking the load of [illegible] and sold by CHARLES H. RING, Druggist, the Broadway, corner of Johnst.

[illegible] Best School for the Cheapest.—[illegible] Institute of Sliding a most pleasant [illegible] healthy location, and the best of instruction for their [illegible] and terms, can find no better place [illegible] N. Y., No. 144 Smithtown House, giving their [illegible] place, where an interview may be had.

[illegible] A. Hoover will lecture on [illegible] for the benefit [illegible] Church, corner of Lexington Avenue and 35th-st., [illegible] TUESDAY EVENING, April [illegible] Tickets, 25 cents, to be had at the door [illegible] of the lecture.

[illegible] Cure for Rheumatism, [illegible] Gout, &c. KING'S compound [illegible] of potash, sarsaparilla and yellow [illegible] Dock, &c., is the best remedy known [illegible] and there is no quack word [illegible] C. H. RING, druggist, No. 128 Broadway.

[illegible] Settlement Association.—[illegible] will be a meeting of this association THIS [illegible] EVENING, at No. 128 Bowery. The members will find [illegible] Committee of Travel at the depôt, corner of [illegible] and Centre-st., all day.
WM. WILDE, Secretary.

[illegible] Fixtures and Fitting.—Chandeliers [illegible] from the manufactories of Cornelius [illegible] and others, of the latest designs.
BROWN & HELM,
No. 94 East 13th-st., one door west of Broadway.

[illegible] Hair Dye, Four Shillings a Box.—Sold at HEGEMAN, [illegible] & CO.'S, No. 218 Broadway, No. 45 Nassau-st., and at the Metropolitan Hotel, New-York; No. 120 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, and 87 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, and at [illegible] dealers generally in the United States.

Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.—Mr. John B. Gough will lecture on Temperance in this Church on TUESDAY EVENING, 22d instant, commencing at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents.

[illegible] of the Skin.—L. V. NEWTON, M. D., treats mental affection to the cutaneous affections, at his offices, No. 192 4th-av., near 13th-st. Office hours before 9 A. M. and after 2 P. M.

The Pain of Tooth Extraction [illegible] without the effects of Chloroform or Ether, and [illegible] the dangers of the freezing process. Office, No. 443 [illegible]

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.—Dr. ROBERT HUNTER devotes his attention exclusively [illegible] to the treatment of diseases of the Throat and Lungs. [illegible] and Office, No. 698 Broadway.

PERSONAL.

ROBERT MORGAN, Esqr., will learn something to his advantage by giving his address to Box No. [illegible]

JOHN COSTELLO—Of Bondout, or any person [illegible] will enter a favor by sending word [illegible] office, there is may be found.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDERS.

SHAWATHA, SHAWATHA,
For the sale of LYON'S POWDER,
[illegible] the bed-bugs,
[illegible] the terror of the bed-bugs,
[illegible] the terror of the rats.
[illegible] of every nation
[illegible] and insects.
[illegible] Broadway. LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDERS are free from poison, and the only extermination [illegible] Pills for rats and mice price 25 cents each box or box. See the models and beware of peddlers and imitations.

TO PRINTERS.

TYPE FOUNDERS.—FOR SALE—Two large Stand[illegible] Cases, lined with brass, and about 100 pairs [illegible] Cases. The cases will be sold in lots to suit [illegible] Address or apply to the Foreman of the Daily Times.

22 BEEKMAN-STREET. 22
PRATT & CO. STEAM JOB PRINTERS, No. 22 Beekman-st., have unexpected facilities for executing every description of job printing, from the double mammoth poster to the smallest card, in the best style, at the lowest cash prices. Call and examine specimens.

Graham H. Drawin, Auctioneer.
CHAS. H. DELAVAN WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on Tuesday, the mortgages and assignees of George M. Perry and William Perry, late proprietors of the Delavan House, corner Spring-st. and Broadway, on THURSDAY, the 30th of April, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., all the elegant furniture, consisting of one [illegible] piano, (with Æolian attachment), [illegible] bedding, bureaus, damask and lace window [illegible] Wilton and velvet tapestry carpets, [illegible] mirrors, tables, chairs, crockery ware, [illegible] &c. &c. The sale will be continued [illegible] day, until the entire property is dis[illegible] Persons residing out of the city will be ready, and all [illegible] catalogues will be ready, and all [illegible] may be examined on the premises, on [illegible] before the sale. Catalogues [illegible] at the Delavan House, or at the [illegible] 191 Broadway.
THOS. F. PERRY,
E. E. OLCOTT, } Assignees.

[illegible] Cure for Rheumatism, Gout, &c.—

FOR SALE.

CHARLES M. DUPUY & CO.
LAND AGENTS,
Owners of Railroad and Farming Lands in Illinois.

The undersigned have purchased the land grants heretofore held in ILLINOIS, IOWA and MISSOURI by the Illinois Central Railroad Company, and the Chicago and Mississippi Railroad Company, and are now prepared to offer the same for sale.

Extensive improvements are being made on the lands, such as building houses, fencing, breaking prairie, &c., &c., and all other facilities are afforded, including loans of money to Western farmers for breaking prairie, building houses, fencing, purchasing stock and implements, payment of taxes.

Owners of Western Lands residing at the east, will find this Agency a good channel to bring their lands into market.

Property offered for sale will, for a small sum, be advertised in our catalogue and circulated gratis throughout the country.

CAPITALISTS will find favorable opportunities for investing in rapidly improving western property.

The best of references given.

CHARLES M. DUPUY,
Late Land Agent of the Illinois Central R. R. Co.
DAVID S. OGDEN,
Late of New-York.

Mr. Ogden of the above firm, can be found at No. 194 Walk-st., New-York, until March 15, 1856.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A beautiful country residence, on Bergen Heights, 1½ miles from Jersey City, overlooking the bay and harbor. This is one of the finest opportunities for investment or securing a handsome retreat near the City ever offered. The house is a modern-built, double, two-story stone structure, with piazzas and conservatory, 12x24 feet, marble floor, and heated by steam; the outhouses comprise carriage, coachman's, garden and poultry houses, barn, &c. The ground contains about 3½ acres, or 30 lots, with house in centre, 250 feet from the street; the whole laid out, and beautified with choice fruit and ornamental trees, shrubs and flowers; large garden, with grapes of several varieties. Location perfectly healthy, possessing all the requisites of both city and country life. Water and gas introduced in the house, with baths, &c. Furniture can be had if desired. Omnibuses pass every five minutes.
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

COTTAGE FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A two-story cottage, with basement and furnished attic, and piazza on three sides, containing 9 to 10 rooms, with ten full lots of ground, on New-York Bay, at Claremont, corner of Claremont and Berkeley ave.; 1¼ miles below Jersey City, near the Bergen Point Plank Road; situated on high ground, overlooking New-York, Brooklyn, the Bay, the Narrows, Fort Hamilton, Staten Island, and Jersey City; unsurpassed for its extensive and delightful view, and healthy situation; directly opposite E. C. Bramhall's splendid residence. Omnibuses every hour from Jersey City. Rent $400. Brooklyn or New-York property taken in exchange. Apply to C. H. PARSONS & CO., or NOYES & WHITTLESEY, No. 80 Water-st.

DESIRABLE LOT FOR SALE—On the east side of 7th-av., 75 feet east of 4 inches north from 47th-st. The lot is 25 by 100 feet, and will be sold clear from all assessments. The avenue is sewered and paved, and the neighborhood is rapidly improving by the erection of fire-class dwellings. Inquire of WILLIAM E. HAWS, No. 173 Canal-st., under the People's Bank.

$4,500.—DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE NEAR ROSSVILLE, S. I.—House 25 by 32, with a wing 16 square, two stories high. Also, two barns, good garden, with fruit. Also, a large two-story and attic house, with basement, near the landing at Rossville, containing 14 rooms. Location pleasant, with a fine water view. Two boats daily; fare 1c. Apply to WELLS & CO., Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The elegant house No. 24 West 29th-st., built by a gentleman with great care for his own use. The house is 40 by 60, 4 stories, brown stone front, and contains in a very complete manner all the modern improvements. If not sold it will be rented to a small private family. For admission and other information, apply to RUSCH, ESCHER & RUSCH, No. 5 Pine-st.

ABSOLUTE SALE AT AUCTION.—Of the beautiful two-story house and grounds situated at West Flushing, near the railroad depôt; a location unsurpassed; only 45 minutes' ride from the City; will be made at the Merchants' Exchange, WEDNESDAY, April 23, at 12 o'clock M. S. BARKER, Auctioneer, No. 14 Pine-st. For particulars, inquire of J. C. SANDERS, No. 3 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—In a pleasant New-England village, a valuable water power factory and forging shop, fitted with trip hammers, lathes, grindstones, &c.; well adapted to the manufacture of scythes, cutlery or edge tools. Address Box No. 1,078, New-York Post-Office.

NEAR THE BEAUTIFUL VILLAGE OF STAMFORD—A superior and very showy cottage and 3-4ths of an acre of ground. House contains 12 rooms, with all the modern improvements, such as hot and cold baths, furnace, range, &c.; has a fancy iron veranda on three sides, handsome garden with flowers, fruit and shrubbery, barn, carriage house, &c., &c.; about 50 rods from Depôt. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FARM AND COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Near Babylon, Southside, Long Island, 39 miles from Brooklyn, 150 acres, about 80 in a good state of cultivation, remainder good wood land, well fenced and watered; a good orchard; situation high, commanding a fine view of the South Bay, Oelon Village, Mill Pond, and surrounding country. One of the healthiest locations on the Island, and the prospect around beautiful; the east boundary a mill pond, a beautiful clear chest of water for pleasuring. Improvements good, house new, double 2-story frame, stands high, filled in with brick, 4x12, marble mantels in parlors, range in kitchen, blinds throughout, with wing two-story, 30x20, giving a front 60 feet, piazza whole length, inclosed with handsome fence, &c. Also a good farm house, wash, wood, carriage, and hen houses, a large, good barn, corn-crib, harrick, &c. A beautiful and very healthy location for a gentleman and family, wishing to reside in the country, free from every vicious influence. Farm, House, Horses, carriages, wagons, and stock to be disposed of with farm, if wanted. For further particulars apply on said farm, or to J. R. BREWER, No. 189 Schermerhorn-st., Brooklyn.

FARM IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY—On the Harlem Railroad and Bronx River, and about 20 miles from the City. A good farm of about 100 acres, without very valuable buildings, but several excellent building sites, will be sold for $150 per acre. An excellent opportunity for the construction of a new house, having plenty of large trees, picturesque rocks, &c., &c. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

I HEREBY CAUTION THE PUBLIC—Not to buy a farm of 90 acres, more or less, situated near Bedford village, Westchester County, 45 miles from New-York. WM. COBURN.

TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—The three-story brick dwelling house, 25x60, northwest corner of Clinton and Baltic sts. House is three rooms deep, has furnace, gas, (fixtures go with house,) bath, &c., and is suitable for a large family. Can be seen after 10 A. M. For terms apply to R. UPJOHN & CO., No. 77 Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, New-York.

HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE AT PORT RICHMOND, S. I.—In a quiet neighborhood, five minutes' walk from the ferry. The house is in perfect order. On the premises is a good garden, variety of choice fruit trees, shrubbery, &c., and a small barn. Inquire of WM. SNEDEKER, No. 78 Cedar-st., or J. G. CODMUS, on the premises. Rent moderate.

HOUSES TO LET IN HOBOKEN.—A few new first-class three-story and basement houses on River Terrace, five minutes' walk to the Ferry. Have sub-cellars and front court yards; are modern built, well finished, replete throughout with every convenience; gas, water, bath, range, &c. Apply at the office, southeast of Hudson and 2d sts., Hoboken.

HOUSES TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Three-story high stoop house No. 46 West 27th-st., in perfect order, with modern improvements, size 20x45 feet; lot 98 feet 9 inches; fine gas fixtures in the house. Also No. 80 same street, to be in complete order and ready for occupancy on the 1st day of May. Apply to J. K. POND, on the premises.

HOUSE AND EIGHT LOTS OF GROUND TO LET.—A convenient and admirably located house in 79th-st., situated in the centre of 8 lots of ground, handsomely embellished with fruit and ornamental trees, and within three minutes' walk of two City railroads. Will be let cheap. Apply to HARRIOTT & MILLER, No. 455 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—No. 799 Washington-st., corner of Horatio-st., three-story, basement and attic, with Croton water, &c. It is one-half the building, 25 by 56 feet, but has a separate entrance and hall, and is entirely separate from the other half. Rent $350. Apply to H. A. NELSON, No. 189 Front-st., second floor, from 12 to 2 P. M.

HOUSE TO LET—At a moderate rent, the commodious three-story and attic house No. 233 East Broadway, with modern improvements, in excellent order. It has four finished rooms in the attic, full sub-cellar and two kitchens, and is well adapted for one or two families, or a boarding house. Inquire on the premises.

HOUSE TO LET—RENT $300.—A nice three-story basement and sub-cellar brick house and two lots on 11th-av., between 62d and 63d sts., suitable for dwelling or mechanical purposes. Also, to let a store at No. 241 West 26th-st. Apply to D. T. EASTON, No. 17 Wall-st.

HOUSES TO LET OR FOR SALE.—New brown-stone 4-story English basement houses, handsomely finished, with every modern improvement, south side of 34th-st., 85 feet west from Broadway, very eligible location indeed; rent reasonable to satisfactory tenants. Inquire on the premises between 11 and 12 A. M.

HOUSES TO LET.—Three new houses on the southerly side of 30th-st., near 3d-av. The houses are 22 feet wide by 45 feet deep. Lots are 25 feet deep. Houses contain all the modern improvements. Rent $300 each. For further particulars, apply at No. 190 10th-st., near 3d-av.

HOUSE TO LET.—A very large and handsome house, suitable for a boarding house or school, having spacious parlors on 2d floor. Will be put in good order for a good tenant. Rent $800. Location, 10th-av., near Episcopal Theological Seminary.
J. F. WILLIAMS & SON, No. 442 8th-av.

HOUSE TO LET IN JERSEY CITY—Within five minutes' walk from the Ferry—a genteel two-story, attic, and basement house, corner of Washington and Fremont streets. Inquire on the premises, or of J. BROUWER ANGEL, No. 46 Beaver-st., 2d floor, back office.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN, AND FURNITURE FOR SALE—Situated in the quietest part of Clinton-st., north of Atlantic-st., and convenient to all the ferries. Furniture quite new and elegant. Possession at any time. Apply to LEWIS S. MORRIS & CO., No. 114 Front-st., corner of Wall-st.

HOUSE TO LET—The first-class 4-story brownstone house No. 142 West 3d-st., one block West of Broadway, having every modern improvement throughout. Rent $800. Apply on the premises or to THOMAS McCLUNE & CO., No. 4 Broadway.

HOUSE TO LET—The brown-stone front house No. 24 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th ave., with all the modern improvements. Apply to EDMUND A. SMITH, No. 48 Broadway.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—The 3-story and basement brick house, No. 87 Henry-st., with gas fixtures, range, &c. This is rent in complete order and painted. Apply to W. C. KEEN, No. 97 6th-av.

HOUSE TO LET—Rent $300.—Two story and basement brick house, with gas fixtures, range, &c. This is rent in complete order and painted. Apply to W. C. KEEN, No. 97 6th-av.

HOUSE TO LET—With basement and piazza, well finished, with gas, water, marble mantels, and all through, from cellar to attic, in the best order. Rent $300. Also, two or three rooms in the attic, suitable for a family, or for a lodging house, at a good rent. Apply on the premises, or to J. DUNN, opposite, or to J. KIRKHAM, No. 81 Gansevoort, New-York.

HOUSE AND STORE TO LET—With stable, north side of 126th-st. and 2d-av.; first-rate stand for a grocer, dry-good, or ice cream saloon. Inquire of L. DOUGHTY, 116th-street, between 2d and 4th-av. Rent $300.

HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE—Near 8th-av.—An elegant new front stone brown-stone house, north side of 26th-st., west of 8th-av., with every modern improvement. Numbers being irregular, it will be known by the bill. Apply to H. T. GAMAGE, 48 Wall-st.

HOUSES TO LET—Neat two-story houses, with gardens, in Mount Vernon, three minutes' walk from depôt, on New-York and New-Haven Railroad. Rent $275. Apply to M. CHAMBERLAIN, Jr., No. 89 Nassau-st., or E. S. MANNING, Mount Vernon.

HOUSE TO LET—No. 98 Washington-st., Brooklyn, within a few minutes' walk of Fulton Ferry. Will be let to two good families and put in good repair. Rent $450 a year. Inquire of HENRY W. LAW, No. 66 Fulton-st., New-York.

HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE—In a beautiful and healthy location, about 40 miles from New-York, on the Harlem Railroad, a new and elegant house and garden, with fruit of all kinds. Apply to DEWEY & SAVAGE, No. 192 Broadway.

HOUSE TO LET—On East 20th-st., a genteel 2-story house with gas and gas-fixtures, bath, hot and cold water, in fine order. Rent $650. Parlor carpets and oil-cloths can be bought at a bargain if wanted. Apply to E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 319 4th-av.

HOUSE TO LET.—That neat three-story brick house, No. 119 West 26th-st., between 5th and 6th ave. Has gas, bath, range and hot-air furnace. Apply on the premises. Rent $750.

HOUSES TO LET AT ASTORIA—With or without stables. Inquire of R. M. BLACKWELL & CO., No. 144 Front-st.

ROOMS TO LET.—In Brooklyn Post-Office Building, No. 337 Fulton-st., facing Montague-st., on which is the Well-st. Ferry. The entire third story, or the rooms separately, three large offices at $100 each. The rooms can all easily be made to communicate. No better place for business signs, as thousands stop at the building daily for letters. Inquire at A. S. CROWELL'S, No. 341 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET AT YONKERS—For the Summer, viz.: from 1st June to 1st November, located a short distance from the railroad depôt, pleasantly situated, with shade trees, garden, fine river view, and about 2 acres, ten rooms besides pantries, closets and cellar, good well of water, &c. The house is two stories and basement, lot 75 by 200 feet, the furniture plain and comfortable, and with the house and grounds in good order. Apply at No. 132 Water-st., New-York, up stairs.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—An elegantly furnished four-story English basement house, 20 by 60, in West 36th-st., between 6th and 6th ave., from May 1st, for a year or term of years. Rent $2,000. For particulars, apply to Mr. SCHARFENBERG, No. 769 Broadway, from 2 to 4 o'clock daily.

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT TO LET—In the large five-story brick building having a front of 151 feet, known as Hunt's Hotel, at the South Ferry, fronting the Battery, East River, and Bay of New-York. The position and advantages for the above business are too well known to need further description. The premises will be let separately or together. Constant communication with all parts of the City, from the omnibus stands in front of the hotel. Apply at the office of W. W. TOWNSEND, on the premises, entrance on South-st.

$500 WILL BE PAID—To any person who can procure a Lodge Room so handsomely furnished, and situated in so central a part of the City as the one we offer to let to respectable societies for one or more evenings in each week, or afternoons to ladies' societies, for so low a rent. For particulars, inquire of J. WESTON, No. 28 Ferry-st., or S. BROWER, No. 173 Wooster-st.

SMALL THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE TO LET.—No. 4 Garden-row, 11th-st., near 6th-av. Rent $325. Apply to J. BULL, No. 35 Pine-st.

A SUITE OF OFFICES TO LET—In the Bible House, Astor place, now occupied by the New-York Society Library, to let from 1st May next. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, Bible House, entrance 4th-av.

PART OF A HOUSE TO LET.—The upper part of house No. 766 Greenwich-st., consisting of six rooms with bath and gas. May be seen between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—Most agreeably situated in the central part of Brooklyn, convenient to all the Ferries, cars within half a block. The house is new and in thorough repair, newly painted inside and out, with all the modern conveniences, gas, range, furnace, &c., a profusion of pantry room all through. The house is 25 by 50. Possession at any time. Address F. A. C., box No. 523 Post-office, New-York.

COTTAGES TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT FORT RICHMOND, STATEN ISLAND.—Two neat, comfortable and convenient cottages, containing parlor, dining-room, kitchen and four bedrooms, with garden attached, and excellent water privileges, pleasantly located within ten minutes' walk of steamboat landing, a desirable place for a Summer residence. Rent $150 each. Inquire of BARRETT, NEPHEWS & CO., No. 5 John-st., or of Dr. MUNDY, at Factoryville, first landing this side of Port Richmond.

COTTAGES TO LET.—For sale or exchange, three cottage houses, with gardens attached, ready for immediate occupation, at Astoria, L. I. Rent very low to good tenants, $250, $300 and $350. Apply for particulars to H. L. BIKER, No. 189 Nassau-st., New-York.

COTTAGES TO LET AT RAVENSWOOD—Near the upper steamboat landing from Peck-slip. Apply on the premises, or to JOHN H. WILLIAMS, No. 253 Broadway.

OFFICES TO LET—In People's Bank Building, corner of Canal and Thompson sts., suitable for professional men, artists, architects and real estate brokers. The offices are very superior, and rent low. Apply at the Bank.

OFFICES TO LET.—A few desirable offices in the Bank of the Commonwealth, corner of Pine and Nassau sts. Inquire at the Bank, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock. GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—AT STAMFORD, CONN.—very pleasantly situated, opposite St. John's-square; a small house of 8 rooms, will be put in first-rate order. The lot is about 70 feet front, by 140 deep, with shade-trees, &c.; a very desirable Summer-residence. Rent, $175; possession 1st of May. Apply to SAMUEL HOLMES, No. 711 Broadway, N. Y., or to WM. H. HOLLY, Esq., Stamford, adjoining the premises.

COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET.—With half an acre of ground, pleasantly situated, within three miles of Hoboken, near the Bull's Ferry road, and joining the country seat of JAMES BROWN, Esq., and within five minutes' walk of the church and school-house. The house contains nine rooms, has been built two years, and will be let at a moderate rent. Apply to JAMES WIGGINS, at Mr. Brown's residence.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—AT CAUDUBON PARK, near Hudson River Railroad depôt, at 152d-st.—House contains fifteen rooms, stable, ice-house and excellent garden attached. Possession immediately. Apply to HASTINGS, PLIMPTON & CO., No. 76 John-st.

COUNTRY-SEAT TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Beautifully located on Staten Island, on the high land, about a mile from the first landing; view magnificent; location perfectly healthy. Price $10,000. Rent $750. Inquire of J. B. GLENTWORTH, No. 5 Broad-st.

$275—HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—A small, genteel house on Hicks-st., (between Harrison and Degraw sts.,) a few minutes' walk from Hamilton or South Ferries, a desirable residence for a small respectable family. Inquire on the premises.

PART OF A HOUSE TO LET.—The entire second floor of a large house in Willow place, containing five rooms, with gas in each room. Willow-place is only two minutes' walk from either Wall-st. or South Ferries. Rent $200. Apply to L. E. SAYRE, No. 157 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

DRY GOODS STORE TO LET—No. 126 Spring-st., near Broadway.
Fixtures complete, with immediate possession. A first-rate stand.
Apply at No. 127 Spring-st.

BOARDING HOUSE TO LET.—No. 19 Union-square, and furniture for sale. One of the pleasantest locations in the City; large and convenient, admirably adapted with all modern improvements. Apply on the premises.

NEW DOUBLE COTTAGE AND THREE ACRES TO LET.—At New-Rochelle, near railway station. Can be altered into a large boarding-house or school. Also, cottage and eight lots corner 9th-st. and 1st-av., New-York. JOHN S. MURRAY, No. 44 Wall-st.

WORKSHOPS TO LET.—Two new, light and airy shops to let, in rear, Nos. 22 and 24 Watt-st., dimensions, 18x42, suitable for carpenters, cabinet-makers, or any other business without steam-power. Inquire at the Anatomical Museum.

WORKSHOPS TO LET.—Two large workshops, one three-story brick dwelling and 3 lots of ground, corner of Lewis-av. and 97th-st., for a term of years. Apply to W. C. KEEN, No. 97 6th-av.

MANSION TO LET AT ELLIOTTVILLE, STATEN ISLAND.—A very pretty stone mansion, containing fourteen rooms, walnut stairs, &c. The house stands on an elevation, surrounded by several acres of evergreen and forest trees in the lawn, with stable, &c. Rent very low to a good and careful tenant. Also to let, a well finished cottage for a small family, furnished or unfurnished, containing seven rooms, and commanding a magnificent view of the Bay and City. Rent moderate. Inquire at No. 1 Astor-place, Clinton Hall.

LARGE BUILDING, STORES AND COTTAGE AND ROOMS TO LET.—Large building 25 feet in front, 100 deep, 3 stories, fronting on Bay-st. and Bergen-st., near Hudson-st., to let cheap. Fine brownstone house in Brooklyn; just done. Cottages, &c., to let cheap. Inquire of S. P. TOWNSEND, No. 88 Nassau-st., up stairs.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A first-class two-story house, with one in Origton-av., Bay Ridge, two minutes' walk from the depôt of the Brooklyn and Jamaica Railroad, together with large vegetable and ornamental garden, and neat and commodious stable and carriage house. Location perfectly unsurpassed, fine view of the Bay and river. Rent low. Apply to
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

TO LET—Two brown fronts houses, No. 124 Hicks-st., Brooklyn, on the Heights, near Wall-st. Ferry, with or without furniture. Apply to J. HOWARD & SON, No. 64 Broadway; or to J. E. HOWARD, No. 189 Hicks-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—On West 27th-st., north side, at one cent per annum, five new brick houses, with all modern improvements, about 300 feet west of 8th-av. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

HANDSOME APARTMENTS TO LET—At 34 East 4th-st., marble mantels and all conveniences for a small family. Apply to J. J. WILLIAMS & SON, 442 8th-av.

TWO STORY AND BASEMENT HOUSES AND STORE TO LET—With 2 and 3 rooms deep, situated on the corner of Bedford-st. and Bedford-place, Bedford village, Westchester County, Stamford and Greenwich cars pass the above described premises. Apply to MARGARET WAITE, on the premises, or of JOHN WAITE, No. 1,310 Broadway.

TO RENT IN WASHINGTONVILLE, ORANGE COUNTY, N.Y.—A very good and desirable cottage dwelling-house, carriage-house, and large garden, all in good order, 100 rods from the Depôt in Washingtonville, on the Newburg Branch Railroad, the cars running to and from New-York daily. For particulars, inquire of JOHN JAQUES.

STABLE TO LEASE—A first-class private stable to lease from one to five years, situated on East 26th-st., between the 5th and Madison-av. Inquire of A. P. STURTEVANT & CO., No. 15 East 27th-st.

STORE TO LET OR LEASE—The fine store on the first floor and basement in the beautiful and commodious five-story white marble-front building No. 214 Broadway; also of building 25 by 110 feet. This store is very eligibly situated, and in a good tenant will be rented at a very reasonable rent. Apply to HARDMAN & OSBORN, No. 157 Walker-st., cor. Bowery.

STORES TO LET ON CANAL-STREET.—Two stores, two basements, and 2d, 3d and 4th stories—all for business purposes, and near the corner of Broadway; two rooms entrance on Broadway. Rent $400 to $600. Apply at No. 144 Chambers-st., or 127 Greene-st.

STORE AND OFFICES TO LET—No. 363 Broadway, fronting the Tabernacle, a store and offices at moderate rents. Apply on the premises to PARTRIDGE & BRITTAN. Also house and apartments, No. 130 West 27th-st., west of 7th-av.

STORES AND OFFICES TO LET—In the Bible House, Astor-place. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, Bible House, entrance 4th-av.

STEAM-POWER TO LET IN BROOKLYN—In a well-lighted loft. Apply to the undersigned, on the premises, in State-st., between Hicks and Columbia, near South Ferry, or at No. 16 Maiden-lane, up stairs.
W. A. COLLINS & CO.

STEAM-POWER AND ROOM TO LET.—One large room, 50 by 57 feet, well lighted on three sides, corner of Bleecker and Banks sts. Possession immediately. Inquire of DUDLEY & BEE, on the premises.

STEAM POWER—With a room well lighted all around. Suitable for any business requiring good light and steady power. Apply to J. & G. R. WALKER, No. 183 Centre, corner of Hester-st.

STEAM POWER.—Several well lighted lofts to let in the building Nos. 29 and 31 Gold-st., connected by a steam hoistway.

STEADY STEAM POWER TO LET.—Large and small rooms, well lighted, at No. 449 Water-st., between Pike and Rutger slips.

STEAM POWER TO LET—In light and airy rooms, in a new building in Cliff-st. Apply to
J. C. HULL & SON, No. 108 Cliff-st.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS—By Mr. GAUDU, No. 189 Walker-st.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED.

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—In Brooklyn, near the Heights. Rent must be low. Any one having a small house, plainly furnished, will find a good tenant. Address "JUSTUS," at this Office.

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AT DUBUQUE, IOWA.—Government land located on commission, real estate bought and sold, taxes paid, and all business connected with a Land Agency attended to. WOOLSEY R. HOPKINS,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Reference to WM. H. ASPINWALL, JAMES T. SOUTER, President Bank of the Republic; E. J. WOOLSEY.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS—Issued through J. R. NONES, Notary Public, U. S. Commissioner and Commissioner of all the States, No. 134 Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Also, Bounty Land, Pensions, Extra Pay, &c., procured by J. R. N.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS—For persons going to any part of the world, procured from the State Department by J. W. ROFF, at the office of C. HOLT, Notary Public, No. 12 Wall-st., up stairs.

LAND WARRANTS WANTED.
TAYLOR BROTHERS, Bankers,
No. 78 Wall-st., New-York.
Orders promptly supplied. Warrants always on hand.

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HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM,
RHEUMATISM, GOUT, AND NEURALGIA
in their most painful form;
ALSO,
Scrofula, Old Ulcers, Erysipelas, Great Impurity of Blood, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Fistula, Piles, Liver Complaint, Kidneys, Debility, &c.; Cankerous Sore Mouth, Ulcerated Sore Throats, Asthma, Incipient Consumption, &c., &c., &c.

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A thousand cases have been cured, and published in the *Sun, Times, Herald*, and other papers, after all other remedies had failed.

SCROFULA.

A lady in the family of F. W. Gilley, Esq., of the well known Bowery dry goods store, No. 116, has just been cured of a case of scrofulous ulceration of nine years' standing, and of so stubborn and distressing a nature, that many of the most scientific of the medical profession had failed to cure or find a name for. Mr. Gilley will most cheerfully give any information in relation to this most extraordinary case to any person who may desire it.

MRS. BURNSIDE, No. 127 Eldridge-st.—This lady had suffered for years, until life became intolerable by reason of ulcers that consumed the flesh to the small and bones. She was cured in a month.

ULCERS.

W. JARVIS, Esq., No. 397 Hicks-st., Brooklyn, was afflicted for years with a destructive ulcer on the leg, reaching to the bone. After the skill of many had failed in his skill on it, he recommended amputation as the only means of saving life. Mr. Jarvis then, as a last resort, commenced with the Life Balsam—three bottles perfectly healed this terrible ulcer.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF ULCERS TEN INCHES IN LENGTH, AND REACHING TO THE BONE!

Mr. WM. MCCLAREN, No. 28 Reade-st., was lately cured of several terrible ulcers on the leg, one of which was TEN INCHES long, and had discharged several pieces of bone. Mr. McClaren had been attended by able physicians, who were unable to arrest the progress of this desperate case, which the Life Balsam perfectly cured in a very short time.

DYSPEPSIA.

Mr. JAMES MCKEE, whose office is at No. 42 Front-st., was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia of the severest kind for years, when he was perfectly cured by the Life Balsam.

RHEUMATISM.

Mr. T. JOHNSON, No. 193 44th-st., was a cripple most of the time during four years; his knees were swollen to twice their natural size, and the pains he endured were most intense. One bottle enabled him to walk, and three completed the cure.

SEVERE INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

B. RICE, Esq., No. 22 Grove-st., was for more than a year so severely afflicted that he had to abandon his business, and was soon unable to walk or rest his foot upon the ground. His feet and ankles swelled to twice their natural size, and he was unable to enjoy one hour's sleep except through opium or some more powerful drugs. Mr. Rice visited the Springs, and had the best medical advice, but he could obtain no relief until the Life Balsam came to his aid. A few bottles restored him to excellent health, and he has suffered any other attack, though five years have since elapsed.

COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION.

The Balsam is daily curing the worst cases of these complaints. It cured Mr. J. H. GODWIN of pain in the side, breast, and spitting of blood, after he had been afflicted for years, and was reduced to the last stages of weakness, and considered beyond the reach of medicine. Mr. Godwin's office is at No. 114 Elizabeth-st. He is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. Let the afflicted call and see him.

Principal depôt, No. 246 Grand-st., where advice will be given without charge. 75 cts. per bottle; six for $4.

For sale also by C. V. CLICKENER & CO., No. 81 Barclay-st.; C. H. RING, No. 193 Broadway; WHEELER & HART, No. 20 Bookman-st.; BARNES & PARK, No. 204 Broadway, and by the Druggists generally. Agent for Brooklyn, Mrs. HAYES, No. 170 Fulton-st.

PRIVATE CONSULTATIONS.

DR. WATSON confines his practice to a certain class of disease, in which he has treated more than twenty thousand cases, without one instance of failure. The remedies are mild, and do not keep the patient from business, or expose him to detection, while in most recent cases there is a cure in twenty-four hours. Dr. WATSON desires to state that, as many have been deceived by the promises of certain charlatans, and been injured by drugs, patients are respectfully invited to call, in the first place, as there is no charge for consultations.

W. WATSON, M. D.,
Many years Surgeon to the Lock Hospital; Author of "The Cause and Cure," numerous plates, 25c. Office No. 80 Walker-st., fourth door west of Broadway.

ROMAN EYE BALSAM
FOR WEAK AND INFLAMED EYES.

This Balsam is the very best remedy that can be used for inflamed eyelids. It almost instantly relieves all irritation, and usually effects a complete cure after few applications. For sale by A. B. & D. SANDS, No. 100 Fulton-st., and by Druggists generally.

REPRESENTATIVE IN AMERICA.

Dr. BARROW, No. 31 Greenwich, near Canal, New-York, specially appointed by the proprietor and patentee of THERIAKI—THE GREAT EUROPEAN DISCOVERY—Patronized by Royal Letters Patent of England, and secured by 20 sales of the Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris, and the Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna.

THERIAKI No. 1—Is the remedy of general and local debility, loss of vital power, premature decay, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, &c., &c. It will become impaired, even in the decline of life, if the Theriaki were universally adopted; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering its use invaluable to those entering the marriage state.

THERIAKI No. 2—Completely and entirely eradicates all traces of those disorders which experts and cobblers have so long been thought an antidote for, to the ruin of health of thousands yearly. Price $10 per bottle.

THERIAKI No. 3—Is the great European remedy for that class of disorders which, unfortunately, the English physician treats with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the favorite nostrums fail to cure.

THERIAKI Nos. 1, 2 and 3—Are free from all taste or smell, and all manner of any medicine. They may be taken in tea or coffee without their presence being detected.

Sold in the cases of 36 pills, or four cases in one for $5, or four cases ($1) and 12 $2 boxes, whereby there is a saving of $1; divided into separate doses, or other medicines are unnecessary.

To be had, Wholesale and Retail, and forwarded immediately on receiving a remittance, to any part of the world, by R. A. BARROW, M. D., No. 31 Greenwich-st., N. Y. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 4 to 8 P. M. (Sundays excepted.)

To prevent counterfeits, Dr. R. G. Barrow, late Gouldsmith, will remove, on the 1st of May next, to No. 187 Prince-st.

MEDICAL.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM THE PRINCESS OF MONTEMOLIN, DAUGHTER OF CHARLES X., KING OF FRANCE.

Madame LAVI, No. 3 Rue de Castel, Paris, 4th of the 6 Condition.

Dear Madame—Your Excellent Medicine has arrived safely, and I have sent a portion of it to my Father, who is suffering from the effects of his long and painful illness. Your Medicine is remarkably fine, and I feel very confident it will be successful. Madame, I beg you to send me 6 dozen more, to be delivered at my residence, from 12 to 4 o'clock, at No. 21 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th ave.
CHEVALIER DE TEMPLEMALA.
From His Imperial Highness, Napoleon III., Emperor of the French.

Je certifie que M. Levi est celui qui m'a soigné pendant mon séjour à Paris.
LOUIS NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

From James Baker, Esq.

I certify that Dr. Levi has cured me some months ago of several troublesome tumors without the least pain, and which had annoyed me for many years. I walk at present with great comfort, and cheerfully recommend Dr. Levi to my friends and the public. JAMES BAKER.
New-York, March 24, 1856. No. 32 East 17th-st.

From Robert Ferguson, Esq., M. D., Physician in Ordinary to Her Majesty of Great Britain.

Mr. Levi has most skillfully extracted two corns from my feet, without giving me the slightest pain.
ROBERT FERGUSON, M. D.
No. 5 Queen-st., May Fair, London, March 3, 1856.

From H. J. Felton, Esq.

Unsolicited by Mr. Levi, I beg leave to testify to his successful skill in having perfectly removed a large bunion of long standing, without causing any pain.
H. J. FELTON, No. 4 Boston Row.
PHILADELPHIA, July 27, 1855.

In addition to the above authenticated testimonials, many thousands more in his possession (among which are several from ladies of the highest rank) can be seen by favoring him with a call at his office, No. 21 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th ave., New-York.

N. B.—No professional connection with any person.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—The undersigned, formerly a pupil with Ricord, of Paris, and with the celebrated surgeons of this City, Drs. Mott and Carnochan, offers his services to the public, in the hope of the cure of an important class of disease, and for them of the throat and lungs, at his conveniently located rooms, No. 516 Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel, from 9 to 1, and from 5 to 8, daily. He tenders to all afflicted positive assurance of relief; and those who have been abused by "specifics," antidotes, books, "no charges," and other effusions of the numerous medical charlatans of the day, may rely on having their cases treated effectually, no matter how complicated they may appear. His extended observations in the famous Hospital du Midi, in Paris, under Ricord himself, together with the many new and efficient remedies of this eminent surgeon, render the failure impossible. Recent cases cured without any delay, and the most candid information given in every instance. Dr. HAMMOND'S treatment of chronic, constitutional, scrofulous and nervous diseases, including consumption, is based entirely on the modern and improved science of Medicine, and has been eminently successful. For the satisfaction of the public, it is proper here to state, that Ricord's Practice in sexual diseases, (which also includes the derangements and complications of these organs,) is the modern and only rational system—combining rapidity of cure with entire safety to the constitution—recognized by science, as it expressly rejects the old, empirical, secret and hazardous employment of such pretended specifics as mercury, copaiba, cubebs, &c.

It may be mentioned for the information of patients residing in the country or distant cities, that they can consult the subscriber by letter, giving a plain statement of their case, when the necessary medicines adapted to it will be prepared and sent to them. Consultations on Français.
C. D. HAMMOND, M. D.,
Physician, Consulting and Operative Surgeon.
New-York, No. 516 Broadway.

$500 REWARD.—JEFFRIES' ANTIDOTE—A specific mixture for the cure of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, and similar disorders. It makes a speedy cure, without the last restriction of diet, drink, exposure, or change in application to business. Our object is to notify those who can be had, and the proprietors challenge a single case of recent Gonorrhœa which the mixture will not cure, under a forfeiture of $500. Further—the disease cannot be contracted if a dose of the mixture is taken when exposed. Repeated experiments and long experience have proved that it will radically cure any case which can be produced. This celebrated remedy is obtained in from two to ten days, and as it neither creates nausea nor offends the palate, and renders unnecessary any deviation in diet or interruption to usual pursuits, sound sleep or healthy digestion, the sufferer is thus speedily and as effectually as is consistent with the production of a thoroughly permanent cure. It is a purely vegetable, entirely vegetable, and no injurious effect, either constitutionally or locally, can be caused by its use. Price $1 per bottle. Agent, C. H. RING, No. 193 Broadway, corner of John-st., and corner Broadway and 14th-st.

DR. HUNTER'S NEW MEDICAL WORK, THE MADE MEGUM, giving the London, Paris and Vienna treatment, 300 pages, full of colored plates. Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses, latest discoveries in reproduction; quacks, their tricks and specifics; nervous debility, loss of memory, general decay, and ind

CITY BANK STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,495,847 27
Average amount of Specie..... 115,647 39
Average amount of Circulation..... 91,871 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 1,348,788 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, F. A. PLATT, Cashier of the CORN EXCHANGE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
F. A. PLATT, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
SMITH E. LANE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE EAST RIVER BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$459,504 00
Average amount of Specie..... 47,308 00
Average amount of Circulation..... 94,196 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 356,986 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WM. B. BALLOW, Cashier of the EAST RIVER BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WM. B. BALLOW, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
THOS. MACFARLAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE FULTON BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,021,552 25
Average amount of Specie..... 183,532 24
Average amount of Circulation..... 184,674 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 1,252,658 27
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM J. LAWS, Cashier of the FULTON BANK, in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, according to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. J. LAWS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE GREENWICH BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856.
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$634,553 10
Average amount of Specie..... 19,773 54
Average amount of Circulation..... 33,101 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 545,693 37
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier of the GREENWICH BANK, of the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the foregoing statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JAS. HARRISON, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE GROCERS' BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$628,181 60
Average amount of Specie..... 120,152 83
Average amount of Circulation..... 58,959 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 576,623 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEO. A. CLARK, Assistant Cashier of the GROCERS' BANK in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. A. CLARK, Assistant Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JOHN C. BERGEN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE HANOVER BANK, NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,389,304 77
Average amount of Specie..... 73,148 00
Average amount of Circulation..... 105,872 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 813,149 76
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, THOS. L. TAYLOR, Cashier of the HANOVER BANK, New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOS. L. TAYLOR, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
W. O. MUMFORD, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,657,126 33
Average amount of Specie..... 189,488 55
Average amount of Circulation..... 119,619 50
Average amount of Deposits..... 1,187,579 78
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEORGE H. CONOVER, Cashier of the IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEORGE H. CONOVER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
THOS. L. THORNELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ISLAND CITY BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$437,620 00
Average amount of Specie..... 59,317 00
Average amount of Circulation..... 20,415 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 299,091 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM STEBBINS, Cashier of the ISLAND CITY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
WM. STEBBINS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
E. A. STANSBURY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE IRVING BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$577,556 35
Average amount of Specie..... 50,399 59
Average amount of Circulation..... 116,926 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 391,114 39
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, D. V. H. BERTHOUX, Cashier of the IRVING BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
DAN. V. H. BERTHOUX, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JNO. HIGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$2,018,113 36
Average amount of Specie..... 180,082 57
Average amount of Circulation..... 265,235 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 1,509,082 28
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, THOMAS B. AGLY, Cashier of the LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
T. B. AGLY, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—Of the average daily balance of the following accounts, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$4,674,601 27
Average amount of Specie..... 454,368 85
Average amount of Circulation..... 274,290 35
Average amount of Deposits..... 3,620,817 22
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JAMES J. MORRISON, Cashier of the MANHATTAN COMPANY, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. M. MORRISON, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
EDWIN F. COBBY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MARINE BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$789,255 53
Average amount of Specie..... 56,112 53
Average amount of Circulation..... 93,864 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 670,793 20
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, G. C. BEACH, Cashier of the MARINE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. G. BEACH, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MARKET BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,491,195 20
Average amount of Specie..... 138,893 06
Average amount of Circulation..... 124,701 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 1,387,563 47
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ROBERT H. HAYDOCK, Cashier of the Market Bank, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. H. HAYDOCK, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$4,308,198 62
Average amount of Specie..... 499,028 94
Average amount of Circulation..... 892,540 94
Average amount of Deposits..... 3,753,168 39
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GERARDUS DE ANGELIS, Cashier of the Mechanics' Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
G. DE ANGELIS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$3,142,427 76
Average amount of Specie..... 63,199 04
Average amount of Circulation..... 194,478 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 919,863 27
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JOHN J. STEPHENS, Cashier of the Mechanics' Banking Association, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN J. STEPHENS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
EDWIN F. COBBY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, April 19, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$740,326 11
Average amount of Specie..... 42,222 74
Average amount of Circulation..... 116,018 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 592,266 94
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, A. D. BROWN, Cashier of the MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. D. BROWN, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
FRED. M. DEVOE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$2,156,451 64
Average amount of Specie..... 1,117,454 77
Average amount of Circulation..... 154,211 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 4,110,136 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. SILLIMAN, Cashier of the MERCHANTS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. E. SILLIMAN, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$6,927,056 50
Average amount of Specie..... 159,138 62
Average amount of Circulation, including that of the late Bank..... 116,098 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 3,956,511 16
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier of the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK, in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JNO. HIGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE METROPOLITAN BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$2,201,189 55
Average amount of Specie..... 664,146 90
Average amount of Circulation..... 207,290 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 5,731,249 01
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, HENRY MEIGS, Jr., Cashier of the METROPOLITAN BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
H. MEIGS, Jr., Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
E. A. STANSBURY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NASSAU BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,379,926 00
Average amount of Specie..... 92,576 00
Average amount of Circulation..... 118,241 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 1,067,283 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, R. A. TOOKER, Cashier of the NASSAU BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. A. TOOKER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
J. VAN NAMEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,618,752 43
Average amount of Specie..... 107,435 29
Average amount of Circulation..... 201,069 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 967,388 97
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, R. T. HOOGLAND, Cashier of the NATIONAL BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. T. HOOGLAND, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 19th day of April, 1856.
E. FRANCIS COBBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$893,717 51
Average amount of Specie..... 11,743 84
Average amount of Circulation..... 80,466 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 741,826 73
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, FRANCIS LELAND, President of the NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
FRANCIS LELAND, President.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF THE NEW-YORK DRY DOCK COMPANY—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$425,610 22
Average amount of Specie..... 18,940 22
Average amount of Circulation..... 79,800 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 94,911 29
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, FREDERICK T. HAYES, Cashier of the NEW-YORK DRY DOCK COMPANY, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
F. T. HAYES, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JOHN ANDERSON, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW-YORK EXCHANGE BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$238,303 77
Average amount of Specie..... 11,723 05
Average amount of Circulation..... 135,231 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 176,079 98
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, D. B. HALSTEAD, Cashier of the NEW-YORK EXCHANGE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
D. B. HALSTEAD, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JOHN PHILLIPS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NORTH RIVER BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,043,845 32
Average amount of Specie..... 42,116 48
Average amount of Circulation..... 107,186 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 833,912 79
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, A. B. HAYS, Cashier of the NORTH RIVER BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. B. HAYS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JNO. HIGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE OCEAN BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,621,572 79
Average amount of Specie..... 109,780 21
Average amount of Circulation..... 158,267 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 1,109,702 95
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, PARKER HANDY, Cashier of the OCEAN BANK of the City of New-York, being duly affirmed, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
PARKER HANDY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JOHN PHILLIPS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ORIENTAL BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$654,760 81
Average amount of Specie..... 80,223 87
Average amount of Circulation..... 116,671 23
Average amount of Deposits..... 542,889 44
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WASHINGTON A. HALL, Cashier of the ORIENTAL BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
W. A. HALL, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 20th day of April, 1856.
SAMUEL JESUP, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PACIFIC BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$951,238 47
Average amount of Specie..... 66,434 76
Average amount of Circulation..... 117,982 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 678,468 71
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM TILDEN, President of the PACIFIC BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
WILLIAM TILDEN, President.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
WM. LEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PARK BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,607,064 62
Average amount of Specie..... 91,476 48
Average amount of Circulation..... 124,701 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 1,053,749 35
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier of the PARK BANK, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
WM. LEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S BANK, NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$755,202 06
Average amount of Specie..... 56,453 71
Average amount of Circulation..... 186,876 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 594,656 76
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEORGE W. LEAKE, Cashier of the PEOPLE'S BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
G. W. LEAKE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
WM. E. SHAY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PHENIX BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—As required by Chapter 250 Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856.
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$2,278,598 24
Average amount of Specie..... 194,681 18
Average amount of Circulation..... 194,031 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 2,120,766 23
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, P. M. BRYSON, Cashier of the PHENIX BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
P. M. BRYSON, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
THOS. BOGARDUS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ST. NICHOLAS BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$720,171 00
Average amount of Specie..... 46,325 00
Average amount of Circulation..... 91,717 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 670,644 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ABRAM P. ARCHER, Cashier of the ST. NICHOLAS BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. PARKHURST, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
JAS. HIGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$1,231,348 00
Average amount of Specie..... 64,000 00
Average amount of Circulation..... 122,022 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 931,700 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, W. L. KISSAM, Cashier of the STATE OF NEW-YORK BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
W. L. KISSAM, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
SAMUEL P. NOLL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE TRADESMEN'S BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$2,018,455 00
Average amount of Specie..... 134,120 00
Average amount of Circulation..... 200,595 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 970,595 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I RICHARD BERRY, Cashier of the TRADESMEN'S BANK, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
RICHARD BERRY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
E. E. PRELOWS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE UNION BANK—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 19th day of April, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....$2,931,139 33
Average amount of Specie..... 309,196 33
Average amount of Circulation..... 120,507 00
Average amount of Deposits..... 3,063,157 94
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. H. ARTHUR, Cashier of the UNION BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. H. ARTHUR, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 21st day of April, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

RAILROADS.

AMERICAN LAKE SHORE RAILROAD LINE,
COMPOSED OF
BUFFALO AND ERIE, CLEVELAND AND ERIE,
AND
CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROADS.

CONNECTING with Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroads, the quickest and best route to Chicago, St. Louis, &c., &c. Leaves Buffalo at 7 A. M., Cleveland, Chicago at 8:10 A. M., connecting with trains for St. Louis and reaching there at 11 P. M.

2. LIGHTNING EXPRESS.—Leaves Buffalo at 10:45 A. M., Cleveland 6 P. M., for Toledo, Chicago, Cincinnati, &c., reaching Toledo at 11 P. M., Chicago 8:40 A. M., Cincinnati 6:40 A. M. New-York 6 P. M.

3. NIGHT EXPRESS.—Leaves Buffalo at 11 P. M., Cleveland 8 A. M., for Toledo, Chicago, Cincinnati, &c. Passengers by this train reach Toledo at 12:20 P. M., Cincinnati 5:20 P. M., Chicago 10:20 P. M., in season to take the train for St. Louis, reaching St. Louis at 3 P. M. on the following day; also connecting at Chicago with Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, Galena and Aurora, Illinois and Wisconsin, and Illinois Central Railroads.

ALSO FROM CLEVELAND.

MAIL TRAIN:

At 9:15 A. M., via Norfolk, stopping at all way stations, and reaching Toledo at 3:17 P. M.

Through tickets can be procured at the principal Railroad Ticket Offices.

E. R. PHILLIPS, Superintendent.
Office of the Cleveland and Toledo R. R. Co., Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 19, 1855.

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE.
The Through Ticket and Freight Office of the GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY, MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD, and their Railroad and Steamboat connections to Chicago, Milwaukee, Galena, Rock Island, St. Louis, Cairo, and all points West and Southwest, via Suspension Bridge, Buffalo or Oswego, is at No. 178 Broadway, New-York, corner of Cortlandt-st.
DARIUS CLARK, Agent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, Dec. 31, 1855, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.:
Buffalo Express at 7 A. M., for Buffalo direct, without change of baggage and cars. At Hornellsville this Train connects with a Night Train for Dunkirk and all Stations on the Western Division. Mail, at 9:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate Stations. Passengers by this Train will remain over night at Owego, and proceed the next morning. Newburg Express, at 4 P. M., for Newburg direct, without change of cars. Rockland Passenger, at 4 P. M., via Suffern, for Piermont and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Otisville, and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. Emigrant, at 8 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations. No train will leave on Sunday. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.
D. C. MCCALLUM, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—From April 21, 1856, the trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express, 6 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Mail, 9 A. M.; Through Way Train, 4 P. M.; Emigrant, 8 P. M.; For Poughkeepsie, 6 A. M. and 1 P. M.; For Sing Sing, 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.; For Hudson, 3:30 P. M.; For Peekskill, 5:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Sing Sing and Peekskill Trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 6:35, 9 and 10:40 A. M. and 6 P. M.; and Albany at 6:15, 8:10, 10:15 A. M. and 5:15 P. M.
M. L. SYKES, Jr., Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—In connection with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, opened to Mauch Chunk. A NEW AND SHORT WAY commencing April 15, 1856. Leave New-York for Mauch Chunk from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M. For Easton at 7:30 A. M. and 3:15 P. M. For Somerville, at 7:30 and 10:45 A. M., 3:15 and 5:10 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, leaving New-York from foot of Cortland-st., at 7:30 and 11 A. M., 3 and 6 P. M.
JOHN O. STEARNS, Superintendent.

NEW ISLAND ROUTE.—TO PROVIDENCE, NEWPORT, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, &c., via PROVIDENCE, HARTFORD AND FISHKILL RAILROAD.—On and after April 17 trains leave Hartford at 7:10 A. M., (Accommodation,) and 12:45 P. M., Express. Leave Providence 9 A. M., Express, 3:20 P. M., Accommodation, connecting at Hartford with Express train for New-York. For particulars see *Fishkill Railway Guide*.
J. A. BROOKS, Agent, Providence.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA and the South and West via Jersey City—Mail and Express Lines leave New-York at 6 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M., fare $3; 12 M., $2; stopping at all way stations. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati ($17 and $18 50) and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

FLUSHING RAILROAD.—The steamboat ISLAND CITY leaves Fulton Ferry wharf, north side, at 6¾, 8 and 10 o'clock A. M.; 1, 4, 5¾ and 7 o'clock P. M., daily, meeting and exchanging passengers with the cars at Hunter's Point, (opposite 23d-st.,) which leave Flushing at the same hours. Persons can go to Flushing by any of these trains, and return by the next or any succeeding train. Through in 50 minutes. Fair 20 cents.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINE.—Travelers for CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, KANSAS, and all points West and Southwest, can obtain through tickets, and all information concerning routes, fare, &c., either by the New-York and Erie Railroad, or New-York Central Railroad, by application at the Company's Office, No. 198 Broadway, corner Dey-st., to
JOHN F. PORTER, General Agent.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD FOR PHILADELPHIA.—Will until further notice leave Pier No. 1 North River at 10 o'clock A. M. Fare $2 50. The 6 A. M. and 3 P. M. Lines are discontinued.
EMIGRANT LINES,
At 1 and 4 o'clock P. M., as usual.
IRA BLISS, Agent.

STEAMBOATS.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.—ACCOMMODATION LINE—FOR NORWALK, LANDING AT NEW-ROCHELLE AND ROCKY NECK.—The steamer NORWALK, Capt. GEORGE T. RODMAN, on and after TUESDAY, April 22, 1856, will leave Pier east side of Catharine-slip, East River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 2½ o'clock P. M. Returning, will leave Peck's Dock, South Norwalk, daily. Leave South Norwalk at 7 o'clock A. M. Fare 50 cents. Leave Rocky Neck at 8.15 A. M. Fare 38 cents. Leave New Rochelle at 9 o'clock A. M. Fare 25 cents. Freight taken at reasonable rates and forwarded to place of destination promptly, payable on delivery of goods. All persons are forbid trusting any person or persons on account of said boat and owners, without a written order from the agent.

ALBANY AND TROY DIRECT—FROM Pier No. 15, foot of Liberty-st. Steamer RIP VAN WINKLE, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 6 P. M. Steamer FRANCIS SKIDDY, TUESDAY and THURSDAY at 6, and SUNDAY at 5 P. M. For Freight or Passage, apply at the office on the wharf.
A. A. DYKEMAN, Agent.

OILS AND PAINTS.

KEROSENE OIL.
NOT EXPLODED
SECURED BY PATENTS.
LUBRICATING OIL, equal to Sperm Oil.
BINNACLE OIL, for Binnacle Use;
Not affected by the Coldest Weather.
THE NEW AND IMPROVED KEROSENE LAMPS.
AUSTENS,
AGENTS FOR THE KEROSENE OIL COMPANY,
No. 80 Beekman-st., New-York.

BRIDGEWATER PAINT.—The best article known for roofs of houses, decks and bottoms of vessels, and outside work generally, being a perfect protection against the action of the atmosphere. For sale at the company's depot, No. 20 Water-st.

EXTRA QUALITY REFINED LARD OIL.—Burns brightly, without creeping, and is durable. Will never gum and very excellent for machinery. Barrels 50 to 40 gills. Only agent,
JOHN W. QUINOY, No. 80 William-st.

CORBETT'S PURE TALLOW OIL.—Our machinery is very durable, burning easier, thicker and colder weather than sperm; will burn finely. Only agent,
JOHN W. QUINOY, No. 80 William-st.

FOR EUROPE.

TURNED BACK FOR THE SEASON.
AVALANCHE, Capt. ROBERTS, Now Loading.
ADRIATIC, Capt. WEST, Now Loading.
PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

Steam Screw Steamers.		Steam Paddle Steamers.	
Wednesday, Nov. 12	1855	Saturday, Dec. 15	1855
Wednesday, Dec. 26	1855	Saturday, Jan. 12	1856
Wednesday, Jan. 9	1856	Saturday, Jan. 26	1856
Saturday, Jan. 19	1856	Wednesday, Feb. 20	1856
Saturday, Feb. 9	1856	Wednesday, March 12	1856
Saturday, March 1	1856	Wednesday, March 26	1856
Saturday, March 29	1856	Wednesday, April 9	1856
Saturday, April 12	1856	Wednesday, April 23	1856
Saturday, April 26	1856	Wednesday, May 7	1856
Saturday, May 10	1856	Wednesday, May 14	1856
Saturday, May 24	1856	Wednesday, June 11	1856

For freight or passage apply to
EDWD K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York.
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.
SYLVESTER MERRIAM & CO., No. 8 Austin Friars, London.
B. G. WAINWRIGHT & CO., Paris.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metal, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. Shippers please take notice, that the ships of this line cannot carry any goods contraband of war.

NOTICE.—The day of departure of this line from New-York, for 1856, will be Saturday, commencing Jan. 5, and every alternate Saturday—and from Liverpool, Wednesday, commencing Jan. 23, and every alternate Wednesday.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL—Cabin Passage, $120; Second Cabin, $70. FROM LIVERPOOL TO NEW-YORK—Cabin Passage, $110; Second Cabin Passage, $60. The ships from Boston call at Halifax.
PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. Pelton. AMERICA, Capt. Wickman.
ASIA, Capt. G. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Ryrie.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head, green on starboard bow, red on port bow.
ASIA, Lott, leave New-York.....Wednesday, April 16.
CAMBRIA, Brownlaw, leave Boston, Wednesday, April 23.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave New-York, Wednesday, April 30.
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston.....Wednesday, May 7.
PERSIA, Judkins, leave New-York, Wednesday, May 14.
CANADA, Lang, leave Boston.....Wednesday, May 21.
Berths not secured until paid for. An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value therein expressed.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—The United States Mail steamer ARAGO, D. Lung, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton, to land the mails and passengers on SATURDAY, May 3, at 12 o'clock M., from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. Price of Passage—First Cabin, $130; Second Cabin, $75. This ship has five water-tight compartments enclosing the engines, so that in the event of a collision, even if the bow only could not reach the dock and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured. Passage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing marked "below." No freight will be taken after Thursday, May 1. For freight or passage, apply to
MORRIS LIVINGSTON, Agent, No. 6 Bowling-green.
N. B.—The FULTON will succeed the ARAGO and sail May 31.

STEAM BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.
EDINBURGH, 2,500 tons, WM. CUMMINGS, Commander.
NEW-YORK, 2,150 tons, ROBERT CRAIG, Commander.
GLASGOW, 1,900 tons, JOHN DUNCAN, Commander.
The Glasgow and New-York Steamship Company intend sailing their new and powerful steamers from New-York for Glasgow direct, as under:
EDINBURGH...Saturday, 17th of May, at 12 o'clock M.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
First-class, $75; third-class, found with cooked provisions, $30.
An experienced Surgeon attached to each steamer.
For freight or passage, apply to
J. MCKYMON,
No. 17 Broadway.
New-York City bills or Gold only received for passage.

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE DIRECT.—British and North American Royal Mail Steampacket Company.
ETNA, Capt. Miller. EMEU, Capt. Small.
JURA, Captain

The New-York Daily Times.

MUNICIPAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

[illegible]

BOARD OF COMMON COUNCILMEN.

[illegible]

THE COUNCILMEN.

[illegible]

Marriage at the City Hall.

The drenching storm of yesterday was not sufficient to quench the ardent flames of love. A young couple, EDWARD MAMBOCK and ANNA ZORAS, from Prussia, presented themselves at Mr. VALENTINE's office in the City Hall, and asked to be married. The ceremony was soon performed by Alderman ELY, whereupon the happy bridegroom, throwing down fifty cents, departed with his joyous bride. The half-dollar was the occasion of quite a spirited scramble among the officiating Clerks.

Tammany Hall Society Election.

The annual meeting of the Tammany Hall Society was held last evening, at the old Wigwam, to elect officers for the ensuing year. The following regular Pierce ticket was elected:

Sachems—John Kelly, Isaac V. Fowler, Daniel E. Delavan, Richard R. Connolly, Thomas Dunlap, Joseph Ross, Elijah F. Purdy, James Conner, John Cochrane, William D. Kennedy, Andre Froment, George R. Purser, Thomas W. Adams.

Treasurer—Wilson Small.

Secretary—Stephen C. Duryea.

Sagamore—Charles Mills.

Wigwam—Richard D. Letter.

A Buchanan and split ticket were presented in opposition, but they received but slight support. The Sachems meet on the 1st of May to elect a Grand Sachem, and his installation takes place on the 12th of May.

Second-Hand Furniture Dealers.

The Aldermen Committee on Ordinances, Mr. [illegible], Chairman, met yesterday and heard several parties upon a petition asking amendments to an Ordinance pertaining to Second-hand Furniture Dealers. They complain that they are now compelled to keep goods they purchase a month before they can offer them for sale—that they cannot buy of a sailor, at one time, property worth more than [illegible] dollars, and finally, that they must keep an [illegible] of the daily papers to see if any stolen goods are advertised, and if they inadvertently should have come in possession of the same, to report the fact to the Chief of Police, or failing to do this, pay a [illegible] fine. Sergeant LAVERTY, Inspector of Junk Shops, followed several furniture dealers in urging amendments to the present Ordinance, which would remedy the evils complained off. It was stated that there were 119 second-hand furniture dealers in the City, who, as the law now is, must either shut up the shops or break the law.

☞ The anatomy of the Irving House is exposed to the public view; all its internal arteries and passage-ways are visible. By-the-way, whose idea was it to tear down granite walls to make room for marble?

The Bridgeport Barnum Sympathy Meeting was postponed last evening, on account of the storm.

Sons of Cape Cod.

An adjourned meeting of the Sons of Cape Cod was held last evening, at the Gramercy Park House. ERSKINE CROCKER, Esq., presided. The Committee appointed at the previous meeting submitted a Constitution which was adopted. The Constitution establishes that those eligible to membership must be either natives of Cape Cod or their immediate descendants. The object of the Association was defined as social and charitable. It provides for an annual meeting, on the 11th of November, this being the day when, on board the Mayflower, in 1620, was written the first constitution for State Government. It was stated that there were one hundred and fifty gentlemen in New-York and Brooklyn eligible to membership in the Association.

Journeymen House Painters.

Last evening at Convention Hall, Wooster-street, the New-York Journeymen House Painters held an adjourned meeting to take action relative to the formation of a new society. Mr. JOHNSON EDSON presided. A Constitution was adopted, the name assumed being "The Journeymen House Painters' Union." It abolished the system of benefits, and made the society purely a Benevolent Society. Many members followed the reading of the Constitution. It was finally decided, that no person connected with and receiving profits from a house employing journeymen should be admitted, and that no person should be admitted who had worked for less than the prices established by the Association. We respect all wise regulations for the government of our fellow-citizens, but we must take decidedly the side of those who have made the present association so at to their views of the injurious tendency.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

[illegible]

Thomas Doyle was tried yesterday for assaulting Patrick Quinn, in Quarter-of-an-hour Point, on January 27, at 11 o'clock in the evening, with a dangerous weapon, namely, a knife, and with intent to do him bodily harm. It appeared that Quinn and Doyle had been drinking together, and had a quarrel, which ended in a fight. Quinn was cut in the face, and Doyle was cut about the head. The jury acquitted the prisoner of the charge, but convicted him of a petty assault, the evidence was altogether in the prisoner's favor.

[Advertisement.]

☞ GAS APPARATUS AFTER THE PATENT OF THE MANHATTAN FURNISHING COMPANY.—C. W. WOODWORTH & Co. are now offering for sale a most complete, cheap, durable, and efficient gas machine, adapted in all respects to wants of private dwellings, public and private schools, churches, colleges, factories, foundries, hotels, watering-rooms, &c., as well as of towns and villages. Details will be furnished by applying at the office of the Company, where a machine can be seen in operation.

C. W. WOODWORTH & Co.,
No. 74 Wall-st., New-York.

[Advertisement.]

☞ The April number of Dr. HUNTER'S Medical *Specialist* is still more interesting than usual. It proves from the records of the City Inspector that within five years the number of deaths from Consumption in New-York has steadily diminished thirty-one per cent. The editor says: "We now come to lay before the public no isolated cases of cure, as heretofore, but the official returns of hundreds."

The *Specialist* should be read by every one, and may be obtained at the publishers, SHERMAN & CO., Astor House, (No. 1 Vesey-st.,) New-York.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—WHERE ARE THEY NOT?—Well may these Pills be called a universal medicine, for they are in demand throughout the habitable globe. Even the modiest dogmatists who regard all deviation from college rules as sacrilege, are electrified by the cures of dyspepsia, liver complaint and dysentery, accomplished by HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. Sold at the manufactories, 80 *Maiden-lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London*; and by all druggists, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 per box.

[Advertisement.]

PHRENOLOGY AT THE ODEON, BROOKLYN, E. D.—Mr. FOWLER commences a course of Lectures, on Wednesday Evening next, April 23, at ⅞ o'clock, to be continued four successive evenings. Seats to first Lecture free; to the remainder 12½ cents each. Examinations daily at No. 308 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN—LITTLE CORDELIA HOWARD as EVA! This long-looked-for attraction produced a crowded audience at BARNUM'S Museum last night, and held it breathless with delight, except when the applause filled up the interval. Uncle Tom will be repeated tonight, in the same superb style. Two attractive pieces, besides, this afternoon.

[Advertisement.]

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATER.—Ladies and gentlemen can't go amiss for good entertainments in visiting this beautiful and popular theatre on any evening, but to-night the programme presents extra inducements. The Misses COEY, with their highly trained dogs, appear in addition to the regular entertainment of pantomimes, comedy, &c. Go early and enjoy the feast.

[Advertisement.]

GAS! GAS!—Gas fixtures of new and beautiful designs, just out for the Spring trade. Also, the cheapest and best portable gas works, of a new and improved construction, for private dwellings, villages, &c. For wholesale or retail, call at our great Manufacturing Dépôt, No. 376 Broadway.

ARCHER, WARNER & Co.

[Advertisement.]

FRANCIS SALTER, M.D.,
Oculist and Aurist,
No. 16 Bond-street, New-York.
Office hours from 8 to 12 M., and 3 to 6 P. M.

[Advertisement.]

☞ *The Aubin Portable Gas Works Company* offer their apparatus as the simplest, safest, and most economical known, for dwellings, factories, villages, &c. For information, or the purchase of rights under their patents, apply at the office of the Company, No. 366 Broadway, where the apparatus is in operation.

[Advertisement.]

GOLD AND SILVER PENCIL AND PEN CASES, GOLD PENS, TOOTH-PICKS, &c.—Together with LOWNDES' Patent Pen and Pencil Case in Gold and Silver, are being continually manufactured by the subscribers in every conceivable style, and at prices to suit all. The attention of the trade and public is respectfully solicited.

WILMARTH, CLEVELAND & Co.,
No. 21, Maiden-lane, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

CARPETS.—Now is the time to buy your carpets and oil-cloths. E. A. PETERSON & Co., No. 70 Canal-street, have just received a large invoice of new patterns which they are selling off, at great deductions from former prices; consisting of Velvet, Brussels, 3-ply, Ingrain, Stair Carpets, &c.

[Advertisement.]

WILSON'S ORIGINAL DANDELION COFFEE.—The genuine article is sold wholesale by BARNES & PARK, BRIGHMAN, B. & Co. and SCHIEFFELIN & BROTHERS, and at retail by druggists generally.

[Advertisement.]

DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.—Dr. ROBERT HUNTER, devotes his attention exclusively to the treatment of diseases of the throat and lungs. Residence and office, No. 526 Broadway.

LONG ISLAND.

Brooklyn Common Council.

A regular meeting of this Board was held last evening, the President, Ald. BAGNHOUSE, in the Chair. A large amount of routine business was transacted, more than usual, as there was less talking.

VETOES.

Communications were received from the Mayor, vetoing a resolution giving authority to the Committee on Lands and Places to dispose of property at the foot of Fulton-street, on the ground that the subject is of too much importance to be instructed to a Committee, and vetoing a resolution directing the Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies to provide rooms for the new Justices to take their seats on the 1st of May, on the ground that it is too much power to vest in one man. Laid on the table. The Mayor subsequently had leave to withdraw his last veto, as he had approved of a similar resolution. From the same, informing the Board that he had locked up Engines Nos. 6 and 11 on account of disorderly conduct on the part of the Companies on Saturday evening, the 15th inst. Referred to the Fire Department Committee.

A DEBT.

A communication was received from George Stevens, Attorney for John H. Parker, Vincent Chapman and S. E. Tobey, asking payment of judgment for $33,099 28 against the late City of Williamsburg. Referred to the Counselor.

WASHINGTON PARK.

A petition was received asking for the completion of Washington Park improvements. In connection therewith a resolution appropriating $5,000 for this purpose was referred to the Finance Committee.

A BARREN SUBJECT.

The Board accepted an invitation of the Contractor for removing street offal, to visit his works in connection therewith on Barren Island on Wednesday next.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL.

A communication was received from John Law, complaining of the Normal School as established by the Board of Education, as being illegal and an imposition upon the teachers. He had leave to withdraw the document.

THE WAGON NUISANCE.

The Counselor sent in an amendment to the ordinance to prevent evil practices. Sec. 4 he proposes to amend so as to read "that no vehicles, cart or sleigh, or any other vehicle without horses attached, shall be left standing in any street or lane in the City for more than thirty minutes, under penalty of five dollars for each offence. To Law Committee.

ICE.

The Knickerbocker Ice Company put in a proposition to supply the offices of the City with ice for the year 1856, for 18 cents per hundred weight or for $15½ each office, for the year; the latter proposition was accepted. The ice furnished last year cost the City about $19 for each office.

MARRIED.

At Shawnee, Monroe Co., Penn., on Wednesday, April 2, by Rev. Mr. Miller, CHARLES G. TUTTLE, of Buffalo, to ELIZABETH, daughter of the late Joseph W. Wilson.

DIED.

In this City, on Sunday, April 20, of consumption, C. H. BAKER, in the 41st year of his age.

His remains will be taken to Poughkeepsie for interment. Services at the residence of his father, E. Baker, No. 19 Attorney-st., this day, (Tuesday,) at 10½ o'clock A. M. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

In this City, on Saturday, April 19, FRANCES, wife of Joseph H. Joseph, aged 21 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Tuesday,) at 10 o'clock A. M., from her late residence, No. 128 East 15th-st., without further notice.

In this City, on Sunday, April 20, CHARLES FARRINGTON, infant son of Burlin and Louisa M. Hutchins, aged 1 year, 8 months and 15 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) morning, the 22d inst., at 10 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 404 West 34th-st., without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Greenwood.

In this City, on Sunday, April 20, THOMAS BOGERT, of the firm of Bogert, Hutchins & Gravenor, in the 35th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday morning, at 11 o'clock, from the late residence of the deceased, No. 61 Greene-st. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

In this City, on Monday morning, April 21, WILLIAM R. WILLIAMSON, in the 21st year of his age, son of Wm. R. Williamson, in the 3d year of his age, son of Wm. R. Williamson, in the 3d year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from Grace Church, this day, (Tuesday,) 23d inst., at 4 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

In this City, on Monday, April 21, Mrs. MARY BALLOWAN WALLERTON.

The friends are invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday, the 23d inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from Mrs. Mary Burns', No. 119 Madison-st.

In Brooklyn, on Monday, April 21, Mrs. ELIZA DOUGLASS ADAMS, wife of James T. Adams.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, the 22d inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, in Clinton-ave., 2d door from Lafayette-av. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery.

At West Farms, on Sunday, April 20, ANNA MCCLURE, wife of Rev. Isaac W. Platt, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, in West Farms.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, 23d inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., Services at the Church. The friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

At West Farms, N. Y., on Sunday, April 20, suddenly of paralysis, Miss MARY CLARK, daughter of the late Dr. Clark, of Keseville, Essex Co., N. Y., in the 65th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this (Tuesday) morning, at 11 o'clock, from Grace Church, West Farms.

On Monday, March 31, of his homeward passage from Central America, EDWARD A. JOHNSON, in the 45th year of his age.

☞ Hartford and Philadelphia papers please copy.

In North Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 20, after a long and severe illness, endured with great Christian fortitude and patience, ANNIRA, wife of Curtis Ackerly, Esq., in the 30th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, on Tuesday afternoon, 22d inst., at 3 o'clock, from her late residence, in Division-av., between 2d and 4th sts. Her remains will be interred in Greenwood.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange...APRIL 21.

$600 Virginia 6s	94¾	100	Erie Railroad		30⅞
2,000 Tennessee 6s, '90	89¾	100	do	s30	30⅞
5,000 do	89¾	100	do	b30	30⅞
1,000 Erie Bds of '75	91	200	do	b60	31
1,000 Erie Con. Bds. '71	83	100	do	b5	31⅞
1,000 N. R. 1st mtg. bs	92⅞	200	do	c	30⅞
1,000 N Ia 1st m. Con. L	85¾	100	do	b60	31
10,000 Ill. Cent. RR bds	90	100	do	b30	31⅞
5,000 do	s15	97⅞	200	Reading Railroad	b7 31¾
5,000 do	s5m	97⅞	200	do	31¾
5,000 do	c	97⅞	200	do	b60 32
10,000 do	s20	97⅞	200	do	s30 31¾
5,000 do	s60	97⅞	200	do	31⅞
5,000 do	b30	98¾	100	Mich. Cen. RR	s10 90
5,000 do	b60	98¾		Mich. So. & Nor. Ia. R.	
5,000 do	b60	98¾	150	do	s60 89¾
1,000 C. & R. I. RR bs	86		125	do	89¾
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 7s	102¾		100	do	b60 89¾
25 Metropolitan Bank	110		100	do	b60 90
20 Commonw'h Bank	98¾		25	Panama Railroad	103¾
10 Atlantic Bank	97		100	do	s9 103¾
60 Farmers' Trust	55		48	Gal. & Chi. R	118¾
100 Canton Company	22		200	Clev. & Tol. R.	c 21
100 do	b60	22¾	200	do	c 21¼
100 Nic. Trans. Co.	b60	14¾	450	do	21⅛
100 do		15	700	do	21
300 N. Y. Cen. R. R.	c	87	740	do	21¼
25 do		88¾	35	do	b60 22¾
250 do	b60	88¾	200	do	c 22¾
100 do		89¾	1200	do	21
100 Harlem Railroad	s5	12¾	200	do	21¼
10 Stonington Railroad		80	100	do	s60 21
50 Ill. Central Railr.		90	50	do	c 21¼
100 Cl. & Pitts. R.R.	b60	45	45	Mil. & Miss. R. R.	35
25 do	b60	44¾			

BETWEEN BOARDS.

After the adjournment of the Board, the following sales of bonds and stocks were made at auction by A. H. MCCLAY:

$10,000 Virginia State Sixes, interest added	93¾
11,000 Hartford City Sixes, interest added	97⅞
10,140 Wheeling City Sixes, interest added	95¾
5,000 Great Western, Ill. R. R. 1st m., int. added	71
15,000 Lake E., Wabash & St. L. 2d m., int. added	54¾
30 shares Rutgers Insurance Co.	97¾@ 97¾
30 shares Columbia Insurance Co.	39
15 shares Lenox Fire Insurance Co.	94
40 shares Ocean Bank	95¾
25 shares Citizens' Bank	105¾
2 shares Academy of Music, per sh'e of $1,000	$520
185 shares Kerosene Gas Light Co., per sh'e of $25	1¾

SIMON DRAKE'S regular semi-weekly sale of bonds and stocks will take place to-morrow, (Tuesday,) at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange.

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Bs.	92	200	Reading Railroad	s5	31¾
10,000 Missouri 6s	b60	85¾	200	do	b60	31¾
5,000 Ill. Cen. Freeland Bs. with priv'ge s5	87¾	40	Clev. & Tol. R.	c	22¾
5,000 Ill. Freeland Bs. with privileges	92	200	do	09	22¾
100 Cumb. Coal Co.	22¾	100	do	c	22¾
100 Erie R. R.	s60	32¾	75	Chic. & R. I. R.	5 95
50 do		32¾	200	do	72¾
200 do	b60	32¾	50	do	c 72¾
100 do	b60	32¾	100	do	b60	72¾
100 do	s5	32¾	100	Mich. Cen. R. R.	b60	89¾
50 Clev. & Pitts. R.R.	64		50	do	s5	90
100 do		63¾	150	do	b10	90¾
			50	N. Y. Central R.		92¾

MONDAY, April 21—P. M.

The official Weekly Averages of the Banks of the City of New-York, to Saturday last, April 9, which are advertised on another page of this paper, present in the aggregate a

Decrease of Loans	$1,075,850
Increase of Specie	332,038
Decrease of Circulation	60,007
Decrease of gross Deposits	206,238
Decrease of undrawn Deposits	1,461,158

The operations of the Clearing House for the week were unusually heavy, averaging $26,086,112 daily, which, deducted from the line of gross Deposits, leaves an undrawn aggregate Deposit in all the Banks of $66,889,625, against $68,800,788 the week previous. The statement, upon the whole, is exhibiting a more cautious as well as decreased movement in Loans, while a moderate accession is made to the Specie reserve, is one of the most favorable we have had for some weeks. The effect of curtailment, or rather the effect of a pause in the line of accommodation, through the week, was to cause a little more activity in demand or Brokers' loans, without diminishing the facilities wanted in mercantile operations. The new week opens on a quiet Money market, the supply, at 7 ₩ cent. on call, being fully equal to the demand. The short mercantile offerings at Bank are likely to be rather below than in excess of the maturing paper. Including the Sub-Treasury statement of Saturday, the following is the general

COMPARATIVE RECAPITULATION.

	April 21, '55.	April 19, '54.	April 18, '53.
Loans	$66,632,892	$104,765,065	$107,840,436
Specie	14,856,041	12,956,129	12,696,694
Circulation	7,519,124	8,921,518	8,281,936
Deposits	76,744,621	90,895,737	91,621,975
Govern't Office	.....	14,047,377	12,737,992
Sub-Tre'y alone	9,837,094	8,968,669	7,409,393

The demand for Exchange for the Boston steamer is not excessive, but the rates manifest much firmness—109⅝@109¾ on London, 5.17½@5.16¼ on Paris. Most of the business done to-day in first-class bills was at 109⅝ for Southern and other transient Bank bills, and the regular Bankers, while declining to draw under 109¾, have made settlements on credits heretofore granted at 109⅝. The engagements of Gold for the steamer are about $600,000, against $875,000 for the corresponding Boston steamer last April. The amount may be increased to-morrow.

The Stock Market closed dull. The feature of the day was a very large *Bull* movement in Cleveland and Toledo shares, which further advanced 2 ₩ cent., selling at 88½, ex. dividend, equal to 87¾, for the opening of transfers, while sellers' options were done at 81@80¾, 30 to 60 days. The stock closed at 82¾@83. The two New-York road stocks were barely sustained at Saturday's rates; Reading weak, and most of the Western list a fraction lower. There was a rise of 1¼ ₩ cent. in Virginias, and ½ ₩ cent. in Missouris, and large sales of Illinois Centrals at 88. Tennessee 6s and Panama shares ½ ₩ cent. off. There was a sale of Farmers' Trust, the first for many months, as low as 55 ₩ cent.

The Directors of the Bank of Commerce resolved, to-day, on doubling their present capital, to make it $10,000,000, to be divided to the present stockholders, and 20 ₩ cent. of the increase to be paid in next August. The remaining 80 ₩ cent. will stand over to 1857, to be called after 1st January by installments. Succeeding this announcement is a rumor in the street of a new TWENTY MILLION Bank, to be got up by the Foreign Banking interest, though we do not trace it to any reliable or certain foundation. If such a capital should come from abroad, it will, no doubt, be readily used up, and without interfering with the enterprising purpose of the Bank of Commerce to add five millions to the expansion.

The rapid and heavy increase of late in the Foreign importation trade of the country has materially changed the prospect of the Annual Statement of balances for the current Treasury year, to end on 30th June. There is no harm likely to result from a thorough exposure of the facts of this almost panic in commercial circles, which has so long depressed the Money market of the country. The ability to meet the demand of consumption so fully and promptly, shows we have the available Domestic Produce, for which there is a profitable Foreign demand, to balance the account. It will not do to depend too much on California Gold as a "domestic product;" for if our imports go on at the present rate to the end of the fiscal year—to be continued, as they now threaten, through the Summer and Fall months far into the new fiscal year—the balance to be settled in this precious commodity may be found inconveniently heavy,—the more so, as the Atlantic States are net creditor to California this season beyond $3,000,000 a month, against $3,500,000 last year.

We are now within ten weeks of the close of the Federal Treasury year, so that an approximate estimate of the grand total of Importation may be arrived at on a review of what has already been reported at this port. Last year the total for the United States, in gross, was $261,382,960, of which about 60 ₩ cent., or $154,422,000, was entered at New-York. The increase this year to the present week in April, at New-York, is $30,685,000, placing the grand total already at $156,857,000, with ten weeks yet to hear from, which gave last season about $28,250,000, including the item of Foreign Specie added at the close of the year. Estimating the *smallest probable increase in May and June*, we should call the total of entries at New-York on the 30th June fully equal to the extravagant year 1853-54, say $190,750,000, or an increase of $36,808,000, equal to $60,513,000 increase in the whole country, or a grand total of $321,895,000. Of this the actual consumption, allowing for a reexport of $30,000,000, will be $291,895,000, against an actual consumption last year of $232,984,667.

On the other hand, it was estimated, early in the season, that the increase of exports on the three staples of Cotton, Breadstuffs and Provisions, would reach $55,000,000 by the 30th June, and although the proportions of each are likely, from a change of circumstances in Europe, to be essentially altered, we have no reason to distrust the general correctness of this calculation. The account general would then stand:

	Treas. Year, June 30 '54.	Treas. Year, June 30 '55.
Foreign Entries	$261,382,960	$291,895,000
Reexportation	30,000,000	30,000,000
Consumed	$231,382,960	$261,895,000
Produce exported	247,701,000	198,701,135
Specie Balance	$44,144,000	$45,193,865
Am. Gold exported		32,367,419
Balance favor U. S.		$12,826,446

That the above excess of remittances last year was real as well as apparent, is evidenced by the *falling off* in the Specie export this year, which at the ports of New-York and Boston already amounts to $11,747,000, with the prospect of a further decrease the next ten weeks, which last year averaged a million and a half a week from the two ports.

SPECIE MOVEMENT FISCAL YEAR.

	To April 19.	From July 1, '54.	From July 1, '53.
New-York	$16,628,000	$26,640,000	
Boston	2,774,000	7,028,000	
Total	$24,154,000	$33,607,000	
Add ten weeks		13,207,000	
Total for year		$51,794,000	

From San Francisco we have no exact returns, though the direct movement has no doubt been increased from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000, so that the fiscal trade balance, though not so favorable by about fifteen millions as last year, is not likely to be largely against the country *to the 1st of July*. The dangers to the Money interest evidently lie *beyond* that date, when a large amount of the current importation of Sugars, Teas, and other commodities from the Indies, have to be settled for in London, and when the Cotton export will have fallen off. Much will depend of course upon the look at that time of the Fall importations of Dry Goods and General Merchandise, *and a good deal upon the state of the English Money market*. There is a reasonable probability that this will soon exhibit more decided and permanent ease than at any time these two years, although the Bank rate of interest may not fall as rapidly as it did last Spring and Summer. Should such be the turn of things on the other side, the collections from this country will not be so pressing, nor the use of English banking capital in Wall-street so restricted, as for the past twelve or eighteen months. We confess we do not calculate as largely upon the further sale of American Stocks abroad as, on the first appearance of peace in Europe we were led to expect. One reason is found in the evidences, which have multiplied of late, of the want of care in preserving good faith with the creditors and bondholders of a number of the Western Railways, and the continued delay in the settlement of the great principle of corporate responsibility involved in the New-York and New-Haven case. There can be no freedom or confidence in commending new investments either at home or abroad of this particular class, until one or both the difficulties alluded to are removed.

The Sub-Treasury received to-day $177,635; paid out $88,824, and held at the close a regular balance of $9,097,493.

Money Circular for Europe.

(Translated Extract.)

NEW-YORK, Monday, April 21, 1856.

Our last advices were dated the 15th inst. On the 17th the *Baltic* arrived, announcing that Peace had been signed on the 31st ult., Consols leaving off at 93¼ on the 2d. Notwithstanding the importance of the news, it had been so fully anticipated that our Stock market experienced but a momentary and insignificant improvement—without increased activity. Since then, the tendency has been rather downward. Opinions are far from being settled in relation to the prospects of our Money market, and the increased demand experienced during the week has enabled the parties operating for a fall to repress any upward movement in the face of the peace news, and in many cases to keep prices below those quoted in our last Circular. This increased demand is occasioned by the heavy payments maturing this month, as well as by a disposition among the Banks to restrict, if not reduce, the present high figure of their loans and discounts. For the last three days, however, we have had more ease in money affairs. The movements of the Bank of England will now be followed with a particular interest, and as soon as there will be indices of an approaching reduction of its rate, our Stocks will doubtless improve rapidly. Money in good demand during the beginning of the week—easier at the close. On call, 7 ₩ cent.; first-class paper, 7@8; names less current, 8@10. Exchanges on London and Paris very firm, with an upward tendency. Principal sales at 109⅝@¾ for Sterling, and at 5.17½ for France. Continental Exchanges without alteration, and not much doing.

MARIE & KANE.

Money Circular for Europe.

(Translated Extract.)

NEW-YORK, Monday, April 21, 1856.

There is no prominent feature to notice in our Stock market since our advices of the 15th inst. The news which has reached us by the last steamer, of the conclusion of the Peace Treaty at Paris, remains without effect, its influence having been anticipated. In the absence of any disposition to speculate, operations continue on a very moderate scale, and our subjoined table of daily quotations shows in some instances wide fluctuations variously resulting in a rise and a decline. For City and County Bonds the demand has been for small amounts, and principally for European account. San Francisco 5s have declined 1 ₩ cent. We note transactions in Milwaukee City 7s, guaranteed by the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad, without any variations in rates. Bonds of the same city, guaranteed by other railroads, are offered 1 ₩ cent lower. Money is rather in more active demand, on call, at 7 ₩ cent; business paper from 8@10 ₩ cent., according to the length and class. Exchange on London is firm and in demand, at 109⅝@109¾. On Paris bills are firmer, at 5.16¼@5.17½. DE COPPET & CO.